



Odoo
Release 13.0

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This book is dedicated for entrepreneur who wants to implement all-in-one business application out-of-the box for their business.

Odoo 13 Best Practices Book is an online book written based on Community and Enterprise Edition. This book covers best implementation practice for most used applications such as Sales, Purchase, Inventory, Financial Accounting and Manufacturing.

Note: Please comment on the page below, if you have any question related to that topic, you can also propose new topics you would like to have on the book.

You can subscribe to [Youtube](#) channel to receive an instance update about the new videos and pages on this book.

- [toc](#)
- [genindex](#)

CHAPTER 1

About Odoo 13 Best Practices



Odoo 13 Best Practices book is dedicated for functional consultants or entrepreneur who wants to implement or use odoo online all-in-one business

application out-of-the box. This is an online book written based on Odoo **Community** and **Enterprise** Edition.

This book covers best implementation approach for most used applications such as Sales, Purchase, Inventory, Financial Accounting and Manufacturing.

1.1 Why this book?

After writing *Odoo 10 Implementation Cookbook*, I realized that it is too difficult to have the latest and up-to-date printed book of each version for the fast evolving business application. Odoo release its stable version every 13 to 15

months. The aim of this book is to guide you through step-by-step configuration for business problems.

1.2 Credits

Thanks to all the contributors of Odoo Official Documentation project as many pages/topics of this book was actually taken from <https://www.odoo.com/documentation>.

1.3 License

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1.4 Updates

You can subscribe to [Youtube](#) channel to receive an instance update about the new videos and pages on this book.

You can follow [Twitter](#) channel to get the updates about the book.

1.5 About the Author

Mantavya Gajjar has 13+ years' experience in Odoo, starting from TinyERP and OpenERP. He started his career as a developer, he developed many new features in TinyERP, OpenERP and Odoo. He has graduate and postgraduate degrees in Computer Applications from Gujarat Vidyapith. In June 2006, he started working for Axelor and TinyERP at Ahmadabad. He has initiated web client for TinyERP and mobile application project for Odoo.

He was the first international employee appointed to establish a branch of TinyERP in India (Ahmadabad, Gujarat). He has done everything from registering a legal company to setting up the physical office and recruitment at India. He has interviewed more than eight thousand candidates in the last 13 years, and he has selected and trained more than four hundred employees for the Indian branch. Most professionals working on Odoo in India are trained by him. As a result, today India (Ahmadabad, Gujarat) is called the Hub of Odoo Developers, and over a thousand Odoo developers are available only in Gujarat.

Mantavya is actively engaged with many universities in preparing and reviewing the syllabus for the Computer Applications and Computer Science courses. He has reviewed thousands of academic student projects. As an alumnus of the Gujarat Vidyapith Computer Science Alumni Association, he contributes his free time to various social activities. He also plays the role of a trustee member and treasurer at Gujarat Vidyapith Computer Science Alumni Association.

1.6 About the Reviewer

Nikunj Jani earned a masters degree in computer applications from Gujarat, India. He began his career in 2007 as a software engineer with an MNC called SATYAM COMPUTERS. In 2009, he joined TinyERP, a division of Odoo, S.A. in India as a team lead. During his tenure of 8+ years with Odoo, he has worked with several versions, including 5.0,

6.0, 6.1, 7.0, 8.0, 9.0, 10.0, and 11.0. He has worked as a functional consultant (business analyst), training manager, and project manager.

Currently, he is the product owner and heads a usability and testing team at Odoo (India) for the upcoming versions. Nikunj is an open source enthusiast who has given 35+ international functional trainings/consultancies to Odoo partners, prospects, and end customers.

Nikunj has a total of 10 years of IT experience, and his specialties include training, consultancy, analysis, project management, usability, and testing new features of Odoo.

1.7 Preface

The Odoo online book covers the implementation best practices and approach to configure the business applications out-of-the-box. With this approach you can configure your Odoo online instance or Odoo.sh or locally installed Odoo on your server.

1.8 Page structure

Each single page on this book have the real time business case and how that business can be configure with Odoo standard features. The page divides in the specific sections, each sections give you enough information to solve the business problem. The major sections as below.

1.8.1 Problem statement

The page has a single line problem statement such as “Create my first quotation”, give you brief information about the business situation, where it uses and which business requires to deal with such situation. Most of the problem statement are “how to ..” questions.

1.8.2 Business case

This section gives you a real-life business case.

1.8.3 Configuration

this sections give you a step-by-step configuration, that help you to fit the real-life business problem in Odoo using the standard features. Some of the page give you steps to configure the options.

1.8.4 Video

This section gives you a link on the PDF or embedded videos on the online book, that shows you the detailed configuration steps and the steps to execute the business case. You can get access to all the videos used in this book at [Youtube](#).

1.8.5 See also

This section has the useful links to the related business cases.

1.9 Conventions

There are different text styles, that used to differentiate the informations, like **Bold text** used to name any screen label, menus, or static information available on the screen while *Italic text* always represents the value.

Images are used to illustrate the confirmation or result, you can understand the topics explain about the which business features and configuration.

2.1 Introduction

Odoo (On Demand Open Object) is an open source suite of business applications; it became the world's most downloaded and used business application software, with more than 5 million users worldwide. According to Wikipedia, Odoo is an all-in-one management software that offers a range of business applications that form a complete suite of enterprise management applications. The Odoo solution is ideal for SMEs, but fits both small and large companies alike. Odoo is an all-in-one business software capable of covering all business needs, including CRM, website/e-commerce, billing, accounting, manufacturing, warehouse, project management, and inventory, all seamlessly integrated.

Tip: In 2005, Fabien Pinckaers, the Founder and CEO of Odoo, started to develop his first software product, TinyERP. Later in the beginning of 2009 it was renamed to OpenERP, in May 2014, the company was renamed Odoo, a name that has no restrictions and can allow the company to grow in whichever direction.

Odoo offers two different versions of the solution; Odoo Enterprise and Odoo Community Edition. The community edition is free to download and can be used anywhere. The Enterprise edition comes with many out of the box applications, unlimited support software support, migration service. The Enterprise edition can be available as Odoo Online SaaS (Software as a Service) or on Odoo.sh or you can install on your private server too.

The Odoo Online version is hosted on a cloud, and the first app is offered for free for unlimited users. After the first app, there is a fixed monthly subscription fee for the number of apps installed and the number of users. The Community version is the open source version and available for free to use on your own server.

Today, more and more companies are choosing to host their business application on an Odoo online cloud platform, it is too costly for the companies to host their business application on local hardware. This approach requires not only a lot of capital to buy hardware and software licenses, but also creates a lot of responsibilities and risk in backing up data and ensuring stability of the business application.

Let's see, how to implement the most useful business application with step-by-step configurations on Odoo online platform or your own server.

2.2 Manage Instance

2.2.1 Create first Odoo instance

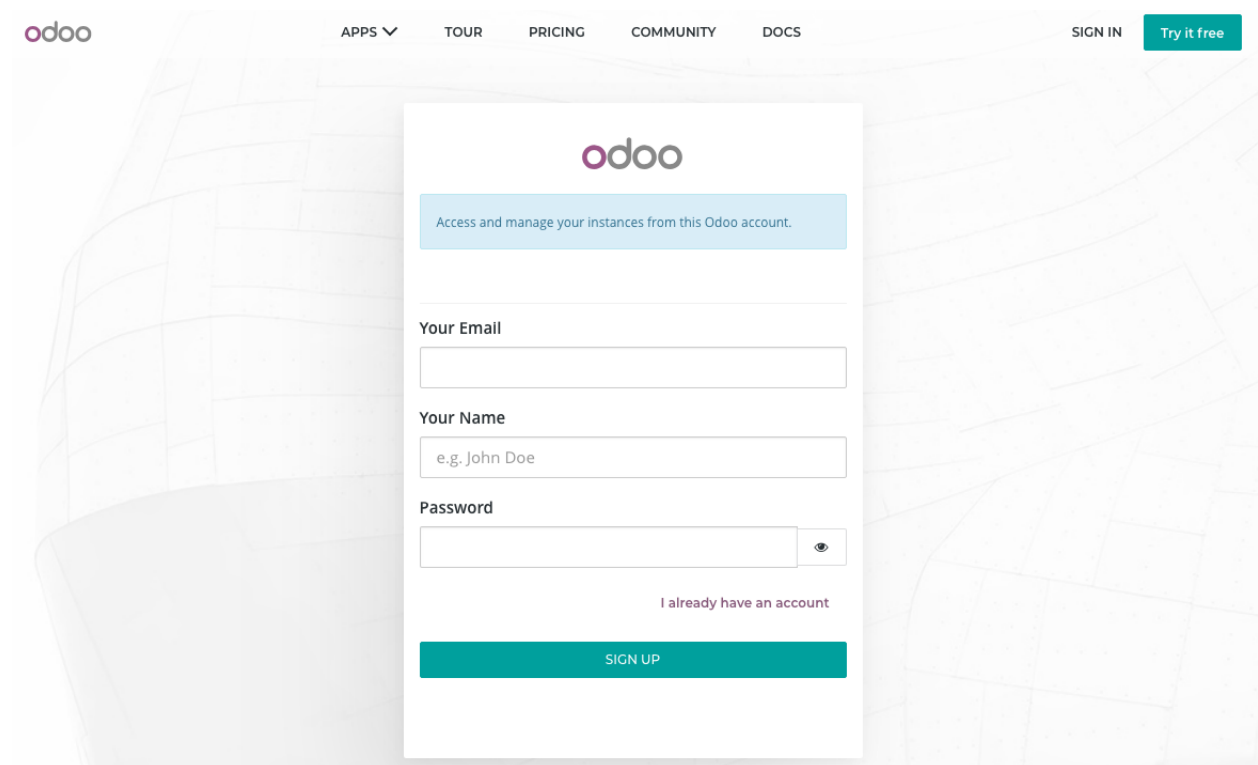
Accessing the Odoo online SaaS version could be very simple across all its different platform available. To start using the Odoo online version you need web browser.

Tip: Odoo is a web based business application designed to run on various modern web browsers. Supported web browsers included

- Google Chrome (recommended)
- Firefox
- Safari

Signup at odoo.com

Make sure that before create a new instance, you have an account at odoo.com, if not please create an account, visit <https://www.odoo.com/web/signup> to create a new account.

The image shows the Odoo website's signup page. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the Odoo logo on the left and links for APPS, TOUR, PRICING, COMMUNITY, and DOCS in the center. On the right side of the navigation bar are links for SIGN IN and a green button labeled 'Try it free'. The main content area features a large, light gray background with a faint grid pattern. In the center, there is a white rectangular box containing the Odoo logo at the top. Below the logo is a blue banner with the text 'Access and manage your instances from this Odoo account.' Underneath the banner are three input fields: 'Your Email', 'Your Name' (with a placeholder 'e.g. John Doe'), and 'Password' (with a toggle icon for visibility). Below these fields is a link that says 'I already have an account' and a large green button labeled 'SIGN UP'.

Create an instance

You can start with one application, the first application you start is free for unlimited users or you can continue the additional applications on the monthly subscription basics.

Login into odoo.com, open the link <https://accounts.odoo.com/trial> and choose your first application you would like to start with, I choose CRM application to start with.

Choose your first App

Using one App is **FREE** for unlimited users.

BOOST YOUR SALES



CRM



Point of Sale



Sales



eSign

STREAMLINE YOUR OPERATIONS



Project



Inventory



Manufacturing



Timesheets

BUILD STUNNING WEBSITES



Website



eCommerce

MANAGE YOUR FINANCIAL RECORDS



Invoicing



Accounting

GROW YOUR MARKETING REACH



Mass Mailing



Events

BUILD YOUR APPS



Studio

You will be asked to enter your name, email and phone number, the company name decide what will be your subdomain on odoo.com. I have entered **My Company**, the subdomain allocated me is my-company.odoo.com, however you can change the subdomain by clicking on it.

[APPS](#)
[TOUR](#)
[PRICING](#)
[COMMUNITY](#)
[DOCS](#)

MANTAVYA GAJJAR (MGA) [Try it free](#)

Odoo CRM

Instant access.

First and Last Name

Mantavya Gajjar (mga)

Email

mga@odoo.com

Company Name

My Company

Phone Number

+919898098981

Odoo Domain

my-company .odoo.com

Country

India

Language

English

Company size

< 5 employees

Primary Interest

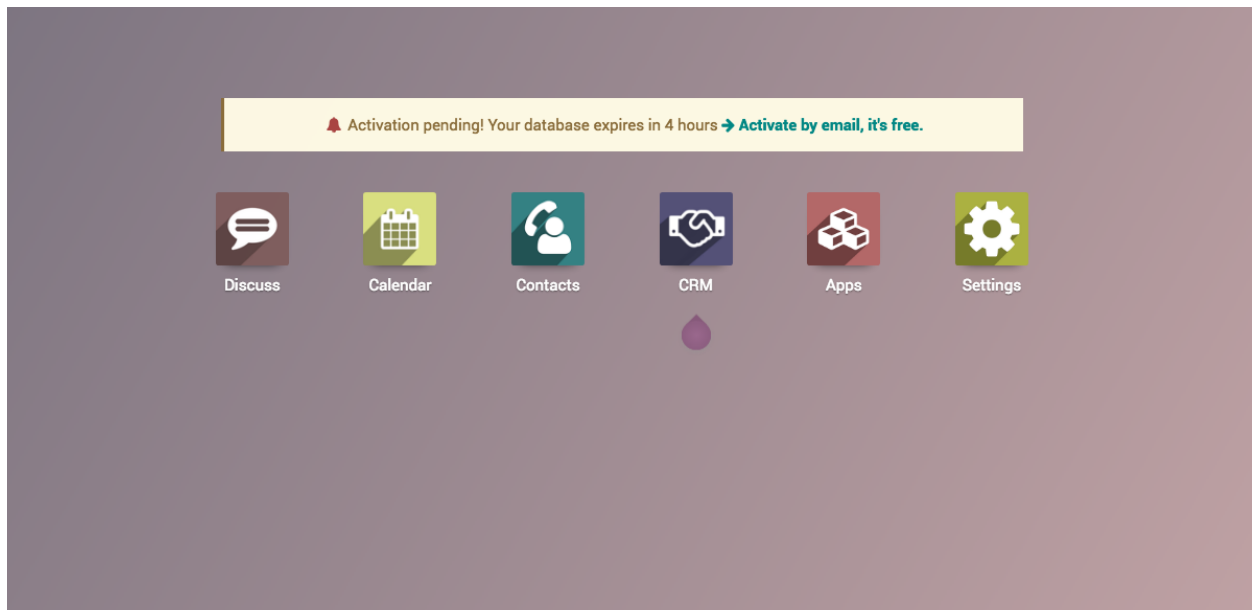
Use it in my company

By clicking on Start Now you accept our [Subscription Agreement](#) and [Privacy Policy](#)

Start Now

Activate an instance

The first screen you will get on successful instance creation is your home screen. The list of apps will be installed and appeared based on first selected app.



The instance has to be activated within 4 hours to keep it running forever, else it will be expired in next 4 hours and you may lose changes made to an instance.

Tip: You may lose the data and instance, if you have not activated within 4 hours. If you not receive an email, click on `Activate by email` link to resend the activation email.

Video

Let's see how to get start with the first free application, activate it and start using the Odoo online instance. Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fAi-NGirE44>

2.2.2 Duplicate an Odoo instance

It is advisable to make a duplicate copy of the production database before you change the configuration or try to implement the new feature. You can be sure that production environment will remain stable while working with the test instance. On Odoo online you can create as many as test instance you want. You can create a test instance:

- Before you change anything using Studio App
- To get a test drive for the new features
- To Test the complex configuration
- To test the user acceptance, before you push new feature into production

<p>Danger: Make sure that you verify the url on your browser before you change any configuration of your instance.</p>

Let's see how you can create a test instance before to change any configuration on your production instance. Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IxILl8z5I7w>

Video

2.3 Mobile

2.3.1 Access Odoo on your mobile phone or tablet

The first Odoo mobile application was launched with the release on Odoo 10. Beginning of the Odoo 9, Odoo have started to adapt the mobile compatible design which will perfect for the desktop and mobile view, different types of views and menus are designed to flow and format properly on mobiles and tablets.

Odoo has also released an iOS mobile application along with the release of Odoo version 11. Today Odoo support mobile application for Android and iOS both mobile based operating systems. You can download the Odoo official mobile application from their respective apps stores for Android download it form Google Play store and for iOS download it form Apple apps store.


Warning: Odoo mobile application is not support with the Odoo community version. Only Odoo Enterprise and Odoo Online versions are compatible with Android and iOS mobile applications.

Let's see the installation of mobile application on Android based mobile, connect it with the Odoo online platform or locally hosted instance and get an access to all the Odoo applications on your mobile.

2.4 User and Features

2.4.1 Manage users and access rights

You have an opportunity to invite your colleagues to signup on the instance during the activation process, you may see the below screen during the signup.




Invite your colleagues

1	Nikunj Jani	jni@odoo.com
2	Harshad Modi	hmo@odoo.com
3	Name	Email



Enter the Name and Email address of your colleagues and click on the Send Invitation button.



All done!

- ✓ Your database has been activated
- ✓ 2 invitations have been sent
- ☐ 0/2 Invited users logged-in

[Go to myskinny-demo.odoo.com](#)



Create user

You can create an user manually or import the list of users (email address) to signup. You can create an unlimited users as soon as you are using single application.

You need name and email address to send the signup invitation email. The email will be sent automatically with signup link, when you create a new user.

Dashboard / Users / Nikunj Jani

SAVE DISCARD

3 / 4 < >

SEND AN INVITATION EMAIL

Remember that each user will increase your monthly fee. Check out pricing on www.odoo.com/pricing.

NEVER CONNECTED CONFIRMED

✓ Active

An invitation email containing the following subscription link has been sent:
https://myskinny-demo.odoo.com/web/reset_password?token=i89WGwmFihpjR5KB1GFT&db=myskinny-demo

Name
Nikunj Jani

Email
 jni@odoo.com

Access Rights Preferences

Application Accesses

Sales	Manager	▼
Inventory	Manager	▼
Accounting & Finance	Advisor	▼
Purchases	Manager	▼
Employees	Manager	▼

Tip: Make sure that you assign correct access rights before you create the new user. Either user have a full access or user may not be able to access certain features when access rights are not configured properly.

All the users with status NEVER CONNECTED shows that, they did not sign up, verify the Email address is correct incase, if they did not receive signup email.

Change access rights

Odoo assign full (manager for all the applications) access rights to all users created through invitation during activation, you may review their access rights on the user form and change if needed.

✓ Active

Name
Nikunj Jani

Email
jani@odoo.com

Access Rights

Preferences

Application Accesses

Sales	Manager	▼
Inventory	Manager	▼
Accounting & Finance	Advisor	▼
Purchases	Manager	▼
Employees	Manager	▼
Expenses	Manager	▼
Helpdesk	Manager	▼
Administration	Settings	▼

Other

Access to Private Addresses ☐

You can set custom access rights for new users from General Settings.

Settings

Search...

SAVE DISCARD

CRM

Sales

Purchase

Inventory

Invoicing

Employees

Expenses

General Settings

Users

☒ **Access Rights**
Set custom access rights for new users
[→ Default Access Rights](#)

☐ **Password Reset**
Enable password reset from Login page

Customer Account
Let your customers log in to see their docum

☒ On invitation (B2B)
☐ Free sign up (B2C)

☒ **Import & Export**
Allow users to import data from CSV/XLS/XL

Multi-company

☐ **Multi-company**
Manage multiple legal entities with separate accounting

Click on the Default Access Rights like you will see Default User Template user. Access rights for the new users will be copied from this user.

Tip: The additional the rights can be given later from the user configuration before or after user signup.

Let's see how to invite new users to signup and start using the features on Odoo online instance.

2.4.2 Access system settings using developer mode

Odoo application can be viewed in different modes, the default is normal mode suitable for normal users, it designed for great user experience. Odoo runs in three different modes:

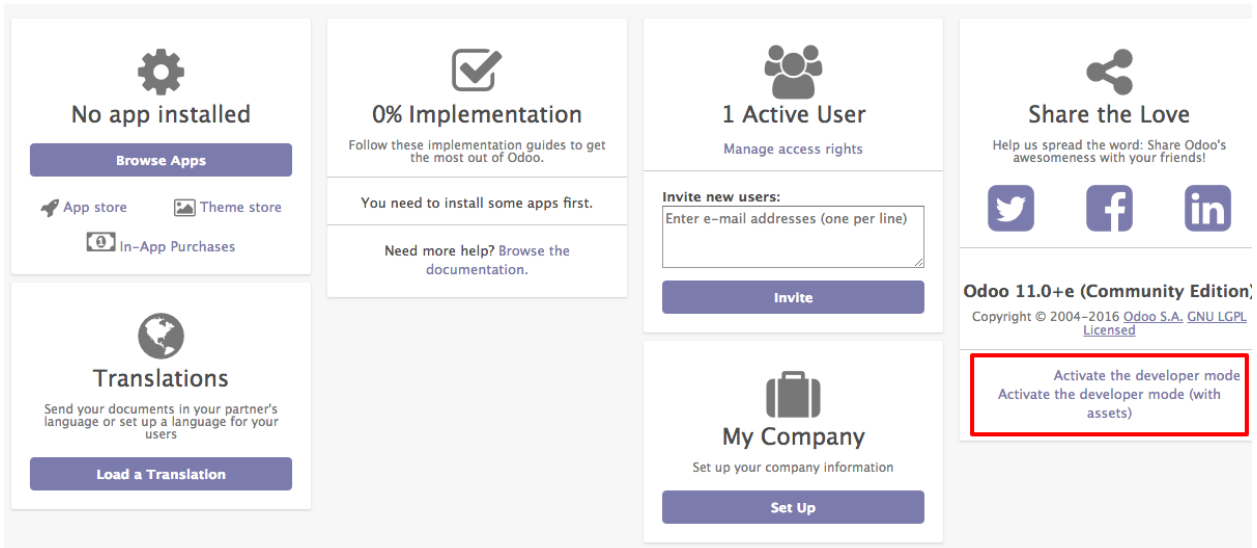
- Normal mode: The default mode; most users are in this mode during production use.
- Developer mode: The name itself suggests something related to technical stuff. You can enter into the configuration of the application and Odoo's internal system, as well.
- Developer mode with assets: In addition to the developer mode, this loads all the resources separately such as JavaScript, CSS files, and images, instead of loading them in a bundle.

Warning: Developer mode with assets mode may be slower than all the other modes, you developer! you are welcome to this mode.

Enter into Debug mode

You can enter into debug mode by adding debug argument in the URL, i.e. Change `https://my-company.odoo.com/web?#home` to `https://my-company.odoo.com/web?debug=#home`.

The second easy way is to enter into Settings, click on the Activate the developer mode link below the version information.



You will be able to see the Technical menu under the Settings application on successful activation of the debug mode, you can access all the system settings there.

Video

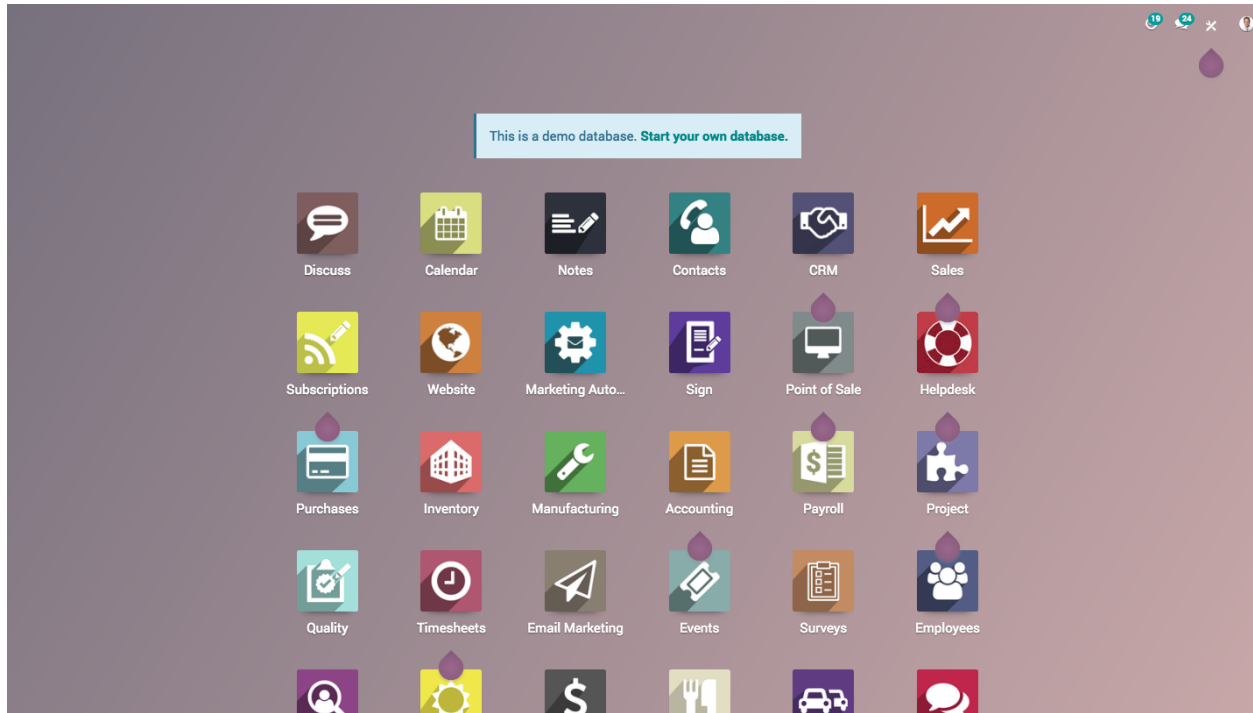
Let's see how to activate the developer mode and debug the assets.

2.4.3 How to test upcoming features?

Odoo offers a platform where you can test latest stable version of the Odoo software or you can also test the upcoming features from development version.

Odoo Online Demo

Odoo instant demonstration can be found at <https://demo.odoo.com>. Online demo is perfect fit for the visitors who wanted to test the latest stable Odoo software without installing or creating an online instance, demo instance will be refreshed every 24 hours automatically so all the data created by you will be erased automatically.



Tip: Don't worry if your URL will be changed from <https://demo.odoo.com> to <https://demo1.odoo.com>, <https://demo2.odoo.com> or <https://demo3.odoo.com>, Odoo started many demo instance, you will be redirected to the instance having low traffic.

Test upcoming features

Odoo Runbot is automated test platform user for the continuous integration designed and developed by Odoo SA. It is integrated with github.com to test each and every committee made by the Odoo developers. Odoo Employees worldwide use this platform for the internal testing before merging any feature into the master branch.

The screenshot shows the 'odoo runbot' interface. At the top, there are navigation links for different Odoo versions: odoo/odoo, odoo-dev/odoo, odoo/design-themes, odoo/enterprise, and odoo-dev/enterprise. A search bar is also present. Below the navigation, a status bar shows the number of tests running on various bots (e.g., runbot11.odoo.com: 4 testing, 70 running). The main area is a grid of commit cards. Each card represents a commit and includes a status icon (green, red, or blue), a title, author, commit ID, and build status. The cards are organized by branch, with a sidebar on the left showing the current branch and its coverage percentage.

Background colours of committee represents the status of the committee, Green represents successfully tested without any ERROR while Red represents ERROR in the code, either code is not clean or there is any test-case failed. You can not connect the committee which are in Blue color as there are currently being tested by the runbot.

Most of the features under development can be found under `odoo-dev/odoo` or `odoo-dev/enterprise` menu, branche name started with `master-` are the features under development while `10-xxx-xxx` or `11-xxx-xxx` are the fixes for the respective versions.

Connect to the test instance

You can connect and test every single committee on the development branch, click on the Sign in to this build icon.

Tip: The default username will be admin and password will be admin too for all the instance, if may not able to connect in case some visitor has changed the password.

You can perform the test on two different databases:

- Installed all the applications with demo data
- Installed only base application without demo data - you have to install additional applications you want to test.

Danger: Online Demo and Runbot is not suitable platform to prepare the demo as no guarantee to get the same data all the time, because several users using those instances so data may change without notifications.

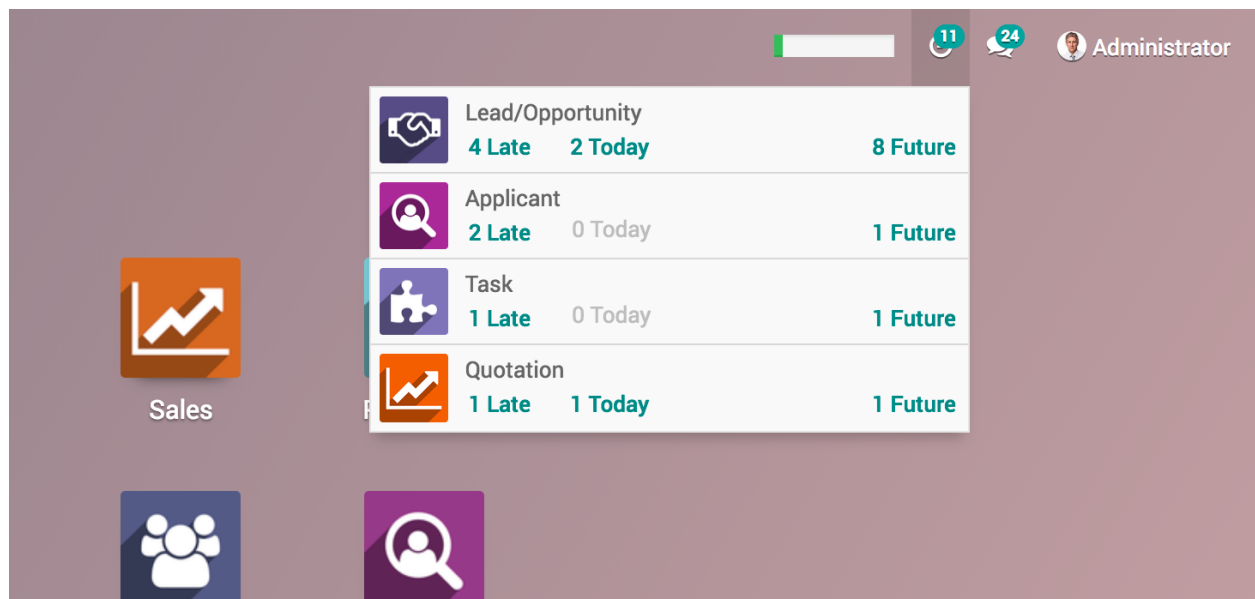
Customer Relationship Management

3.1 Organize the pipeline

3.1.1 Get organized by planning activities

Planning activities is the perfect way to keep on track of your work. Get reminded of what needs to be done and schedule the next activities to undertake.

Your activities are available wherever you are in Odoo. It is easy to manage the priorities of your work.



Track activities

Activities can be tracked on every single document, Here is an example for opportunities:

The screenshot displays the Odoo CRM Kanban view for opportunities. It is divided into four columns: New, Qualified, Proposition, and Won. Each column has a progress bar and a total value. A modal window is open over the 'Qualified' stage, showing a list of activities with status indicators (Overdue, Today, Planned) and a 'Schedule an activity' button.

Stage	Progress Bar	Total Value
New	Green bar (approx. 100%)	\$64,000
Qualified	Green bar (approx. 50%)	\$64,800
Proposition	Yellow bar (approx. 20%)	\$109k
Won	Green bar (approx. 100%)	\$19,800

The modal window shows the following activities:

- Overdue (1):** Email Yesterday
- Today (1):** Call Today
- Planned (1):** Follow-up Quote Due in 13 days

The 'Schedule an activity' button is located at the bottom of the modal window.

You can have a activities which are due, or to be performed today or in future, this can be tracked on two places, kanban card or below the form view.

The screenshot displays the Odoo CRM form view for opportunities. It shows the 'Planned activities' section with a list of activities and a 'Schedule an activity' button.

Status	Activity
Today	"Conf call with technical service" for Administrator

The 'Schedule an activity' button is located at the bottom of the 'Planned activities' section.

Schedule next activity

Activities can be planned and managed from the chatters or from the kanban views on opportunity card.

The screenshot shows the Odoo Activity form. At the top, there's a header bar with the Odoo logo and a close button. Below it, the form is divided into several sections. On the left, there's a 'Summary' section with a red circle '3' next to it. In the center, a dropdown menu is open, showing various activity types: Email, Call, Meeting, Todo, Follow-up Quote, Make Quote, and Call for Demo. A red circle '1' is next to the dropdown arrow. To the right of the dropdown, there's a 'Due Date' field with the value '06/16/2018' and a red circle '2' next to it. Below the 'Due Date' field, there's an 'Assigned to' field with the value 'Administrator'. At the bottom of the form, there are three buttons: 'SCHEDULE', 'MARK AS DONE', and 'DISCARD'. A red circle '4' is next to the 'SCHEDULE' button.

The first activity can be schedule or new activity can be scheduled as soon as you complete the first one.

Set your activity types

A number of generic activities types are available by default in Odoo (e.g. call, email, meeting, etc.). If you would like to set new ones, go to **Settings / General settings / Activity** types.

The screenshot shows the Odoo Activity configuration form for 'Email'. The form is titled 'Email' and has a 'Name' field. Below the name, there's a 'Category' field with the value 'Other'. To the right of the 'Category' field, there's a 'Recommended Next Activities' field with the value 'Call x'. Below the 'Category' field, there's a 'Summary' field. To the right of the 'Summary' field, there's a 'Default Next Activity' field. Below the 'Summary' field, there's an 'After' field with the value '0 days' and a dropdown arrow. Below the 'After' field, there's a text field with the value 'after previous activity deadline'.

The next activity “*Call*” will be propose, when you fill finish the “*Email*” activity.

Schedule meetings

Activities are planned for specific days. If you need to set hours, go with the Meeting activity type. When scheduling one, the calendar will simply open to let you select a time slot.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zO5u0EjzlkY>

Video

Access the video at https://drive.google.com/file/d/1RNEIbZ_Gn-jGGgWjBxFDbXrOTaGMszmY/preview

3.1.2 Manage lost opportunities

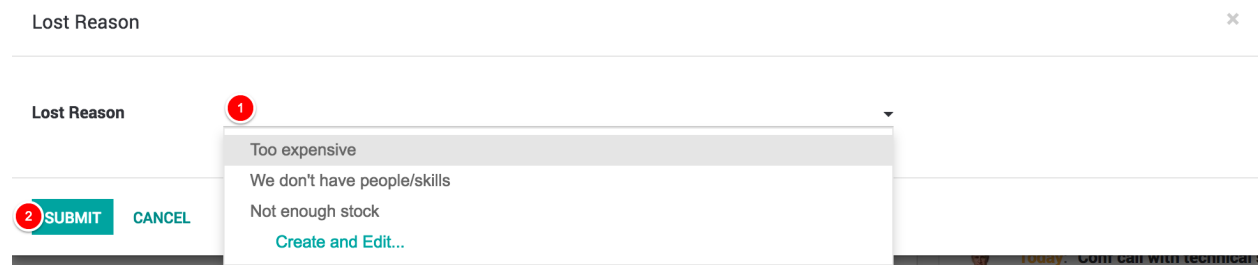
While working with your opportunities, you might lose some of them. You may want to keep track of those opportunities with the reasons you lost them and also the ways to recover them in the future.

Business case

The company planning to revised the price of the product they are selling and they would like to make a test offer or announcement about the to the opportunity who lost because of the reason “*Too Expensive*”.

Mark an opportunity as lost

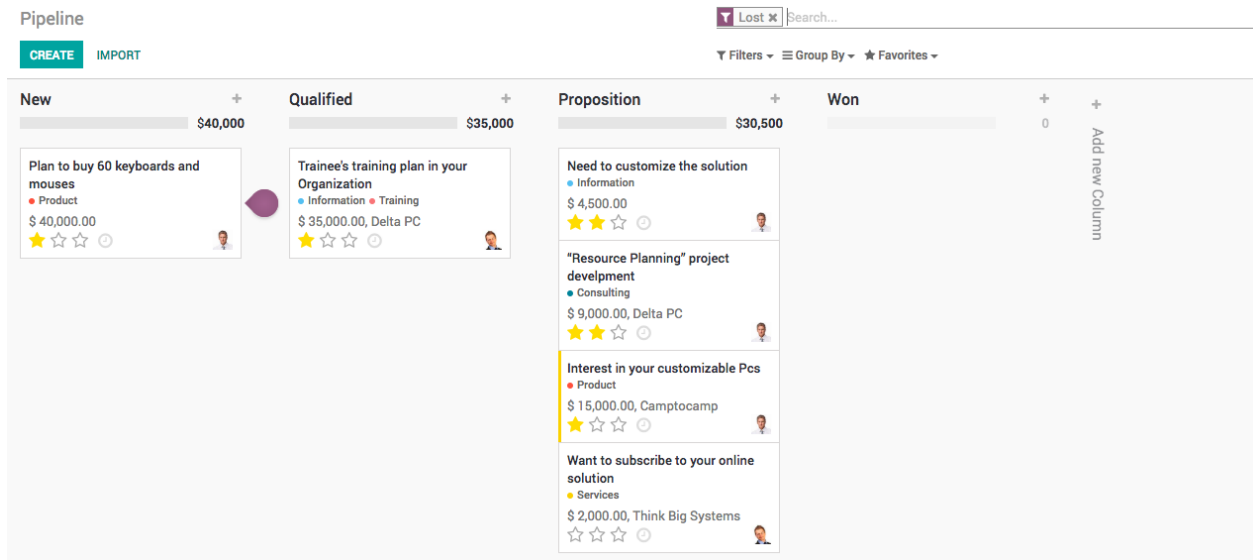
While in your pipeline, select any opportunity you have to mark as lost, you will see a **Mark Lost** button, by clicking on that you have to select the lost reason, that can then select an existing **Lost Reason** or create a new one right there.



Tip: You will find your **Lost Reasons** under **Configuration / Lost Reasons**. You can manage the reasons from if you want to better organize the lost reason.

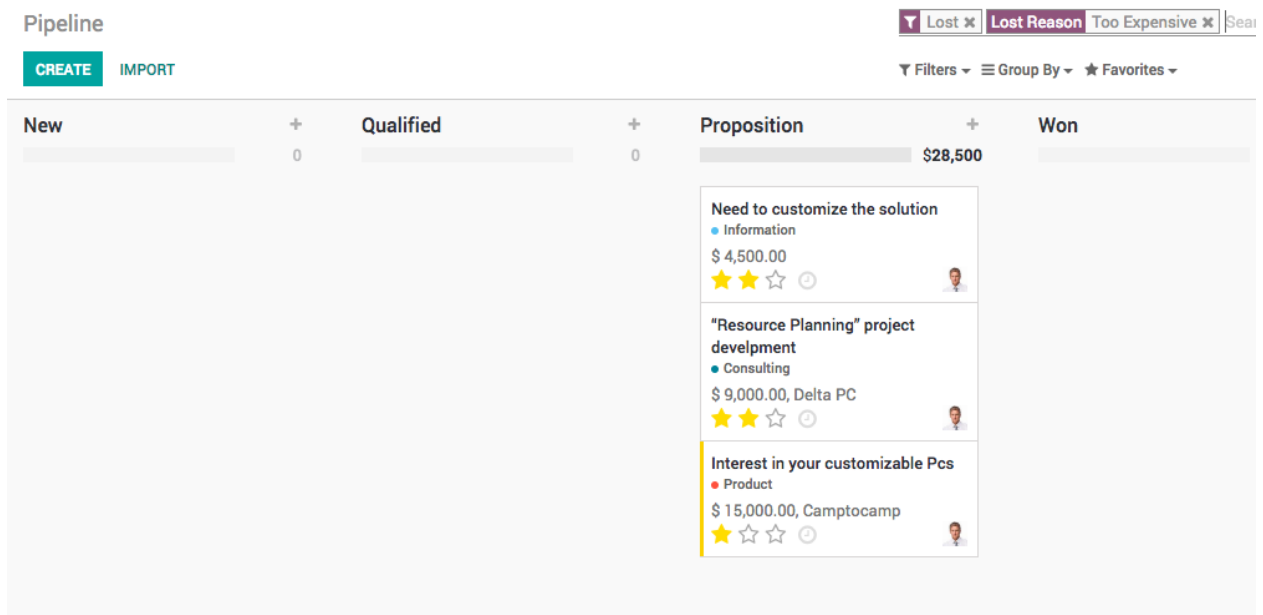
Retrieve lost opportunities

To retrieve lost opportunities and do actions on them (send an email, make a feedback call, etc.), select the **Lost** filter in the search bar.



You will then see all your lost opportunities. If you want to refine them further, you can add a filter on the **Lost Reason**.

For Example, *Too Expensive*.



Restore lost opportunities

From the kanban view with the filter(s) in place, you can select any opportunity you wish and work on it as usual. You can also restore it by clicking on **Archived**.

0 Meeting

Archived

Need to customize the solution

\$ 4,500.00 at 0 %

Customer

Email

henry@elight.com

Phone

Salesperson

Administrator

Sales Channel

Europe

Expected Closing

Priority

Tags

Lost Reason

★★★☆☆

Information

Too expensive

Lost

You can switch to **List View** select the opportunities you want to restore, from Action click on Unarchive to restore multiple opportunities at once.

Pipeline

CREATE

IMPORT

Lost

Lost Reason

Too Expensive

Search...

Action

Filters

Group By

Favorites

1-3 / 3

<

>

Summary	Stage	Expected Revenue	Probability	Sales Channel	Salesperson			
08/20/2018 22:44:04	Need to customize the solution	Argentina	Proposition	4,500.00	0.00	Europe	Administrator	
08/20/2018 22:44:04	"Resource Planning" project development	Delta PC	United Kingdom	Proposition	9,000.00	0.00	Europe	Administrator
08/20/2018 22:44:04	Interest in your customizable Pcs	Camptocamp	Venezuela	Proposition	15,000.00	0.00	Europe	Administrator
				28,500.00	0.00			

Export

Archive

Unarchive

Delete

Convert to opportunities

Merge leads/opportunities

Lead/Opportunity Mass Mail

Mark as lost

Mark Late Activities as Done

Mark All Activities as Done

Video

Access the video at https://drive.google.com/file/d/1Q_3SkHgHap_a7zUXGTyjDaaYVzotqOxa/preview

3.1.3 Automatic leads assignment to team members

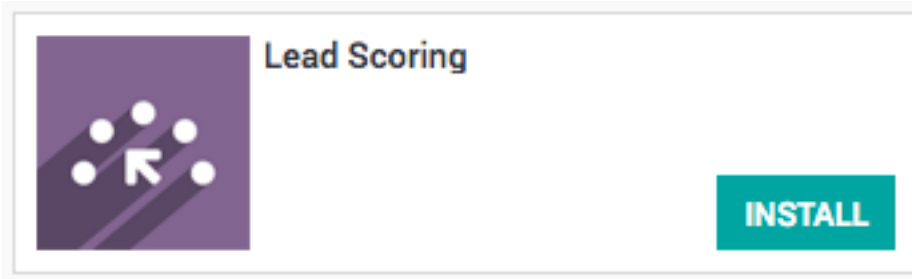
There are multiple sales people working within the sales team, the number of leads increased you have to increased the number of people to work on. The problem starts for the team manager to assign the leads to them when team grows, let's see how you can make the team manager life easy with automatic leads assignation.

Business case

The company have a increased the team size to process the maximum leads per day as they start getting many new leads. They would like to first convert leads into opportunity and assign to the team members within team.

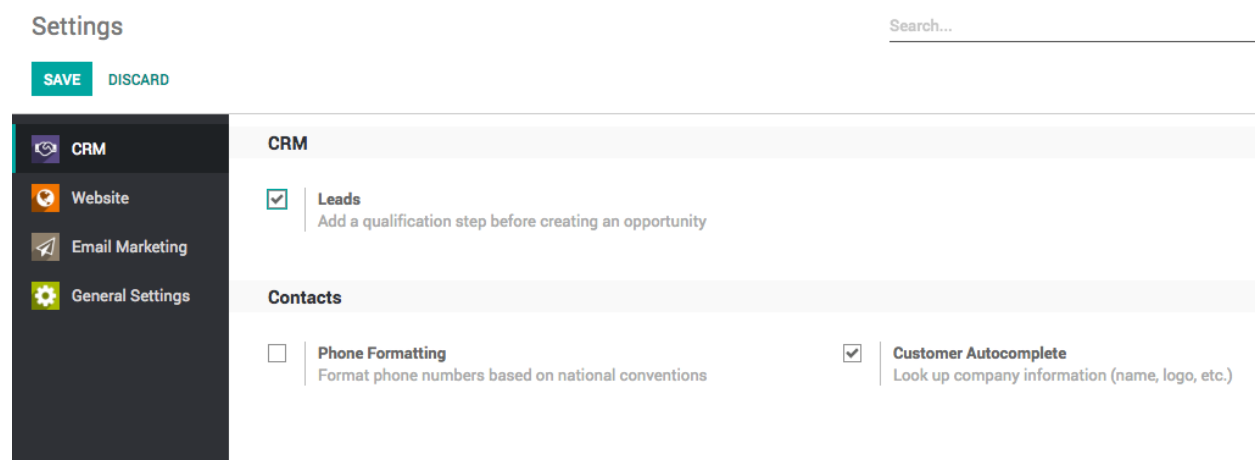
Configuration

Install a module **Lead Scoring** under your **Apps** page available in Odoo Enterprise only.



Qualification step before creating an opportunity

The default sales activity is managed with the opportunity pipeline, you can change that to add the qualification stage before creating an opportunity.



Assumed that you start getting leads into the team, by default all those leads are unassigned.

Add members to your sales channel

You can add members to the sales team; that way those members will see the pipeline structure of the sales team when opening it. Any lead/opportunity assigned to them will link to the sales team. Therefore, you can only be a member of one channel.

You can define maximum leads that should be assigned to the member within 30 days, this will ease the process of assigning the leads to the member easily.

Open: Salesman ✕

Demo User

▼

SaleTeam

Maximum Leads / 30 days

Domain

Direct Sales

30

SAVE
DISCARD

You can also add the specific domain on each user to be sure that each user get the specific leads to work on based on their expertise or country, etc...

Tip: You can define the size of batch using system parameters `website_crm_score.bundle_size` that defines the number of leads going to be process on each lead assignation schedule.

Activate the lead assignation scheduler

Enable into the debug mode and goto Schedule Action form home screen, just type the word.

Off

Action Name

Crm Score: lead assignation

Model ▼

Sales Channel ▼

Action To Do ▼

Available on the Website ☐

Scheduler User ▼

Execute Every 1 Days ▼

Next Execution Date 08/23/2018 22:51:43 ▼

Number of Calls -1

Priority 5

Repeat Missed ☐

Python Code
Help

1

```
model.direct_assign_leads()
```

Search for the *Crm Score: lead assignation* and **Switch On** the schedule action, it will automatically process 50 leads every day. If you want to assign frequent you can switch to Hours instead of Days.

Tip: You can check leads assignation manually by clicking on the Run Manually button on the schedule action.

As soon as the number of leads increase, on each schedule action you have to process more leads, you can do it by setting the system parameters. Create a new system parameters with key `website_crm_score.bundle_size` and set the value.

System Parameters / website_crm_score.bundle_size

SAVE

DISCARD

16 / 16 < >

Key	website_crm_score.bundle_size
Value	250

Video

Access the video at https://drive.google.com/file/d/1EJsfk3MtpcdyZhB_xCvHqC05ZNkPSRj/preview

3.1.4 Manage multiple sales teams

You can spread your sales activities into the multiple sale teams depending on the product, service or region, the purpose of setting different sales team might also be to setup the different sales process too.

Business case

The company have a different customer segments **retailer** and **distributors** and they wants to manage through different set of people as the business rules are different along with the sales tactics.

Configuration

Assumed that the **CRM** application is installed.

Create a new sales channel

To create a new **Sales Channel**, goto **Configuration / Sales Channels** under the **CRM** Application. There you can set an email alias to it, every message sent to that email address will create a lead/opportunity under that sale team.

Active

Sales Channel

Retailer


☒ Pipeline


Channel Leader Kinjal Dave


Email Alias retail@mycompany.com


Team Members
 Dashboard


ADD

 Ajay Patel

 Kinjal Dave

 Kiran Shah

 Nikunj Jani

 Vijay Patel

Add members to your sales channel

You can add members to any channel; that way those members will see the pipeline structure of the sales channel when opening it. Any lead/opportunity assigned to them will link to the sales channel. Therefore, you can only be a member of one channel. This will ease the process review of the team manager.

Add: Channel Members

Search...

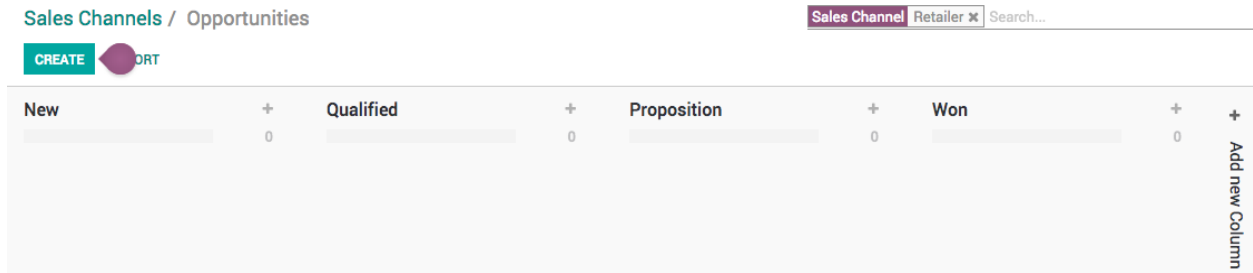
1-6 / 6

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Login	Language	Latest connection
<input type="checkbox"/>	Administrator	admin	English	08/25/2018 12:14:44
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Ajay Patel	ajay@odoo.com	English	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Kinjal Dave	kinjal@odoo.com	English	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Kiran Shah	kiran@odoo.com	English	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Nikunj Jani	jni@odoo.com	English	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Vijay Patel	vijay@odoo.com	English	

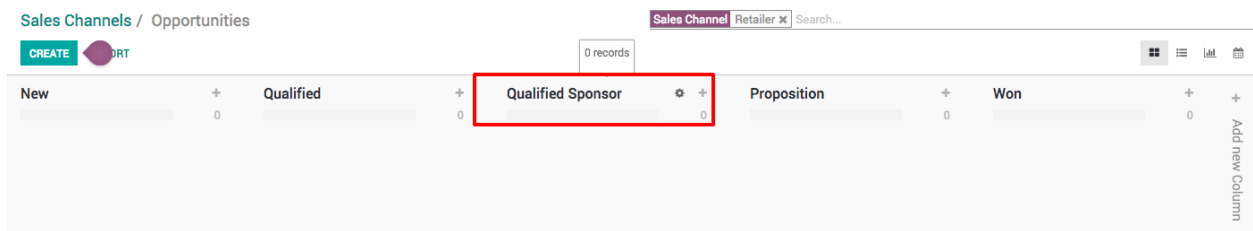
SELECT
 CREATE
 CANCEL

Channel specific sales stages

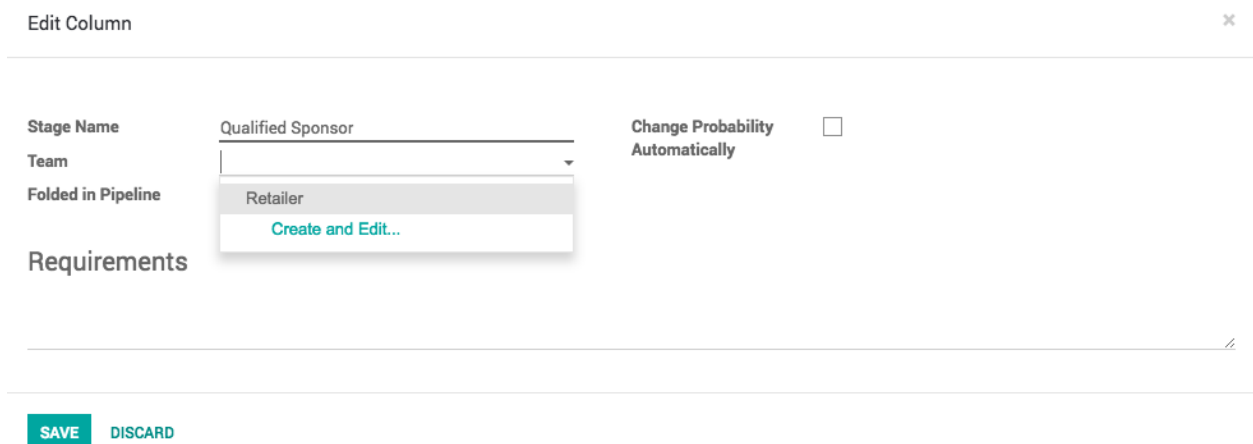
To jump to the stages for the specific sales channel goto **Reporting / Sales Channels** under the **CRM** Application, click on the Pipeline to see the sales process for the specific sales team. The default stages will be looking as below.



Click on the **Add new column** to create a new stage in the sales team, lets create **Qualified Sponsor** stage and drag and drop between the **Qualified** and **Proposition** stage.

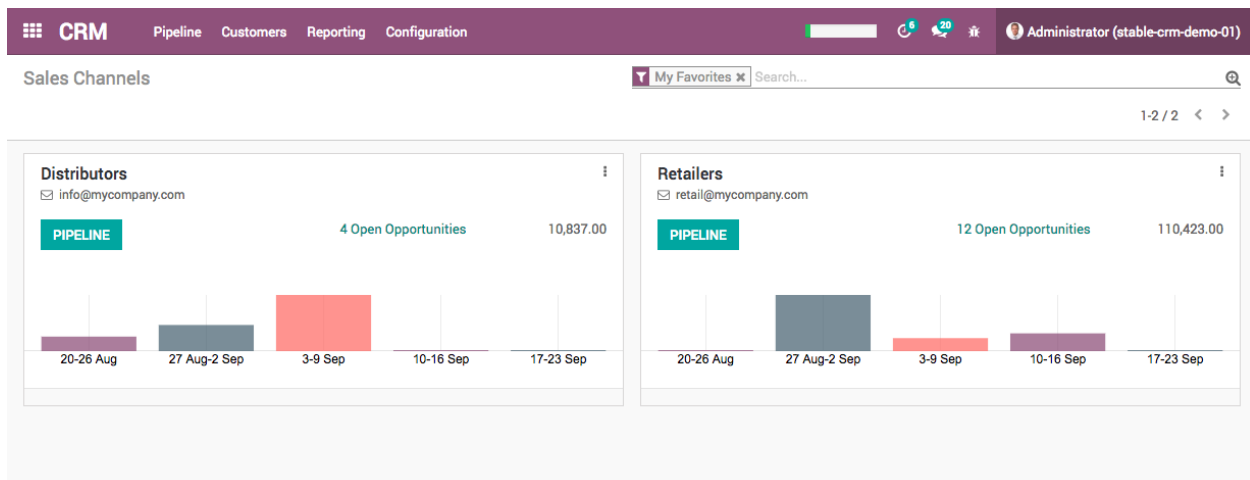


The stage can be set for the specific team by adding **Team** on the configuration of that stage. Click on the gear icon to **Edit Stage**, by default this stage will be available to all the sales channel, when no **Team** set on stage.



Sales channel dashboard

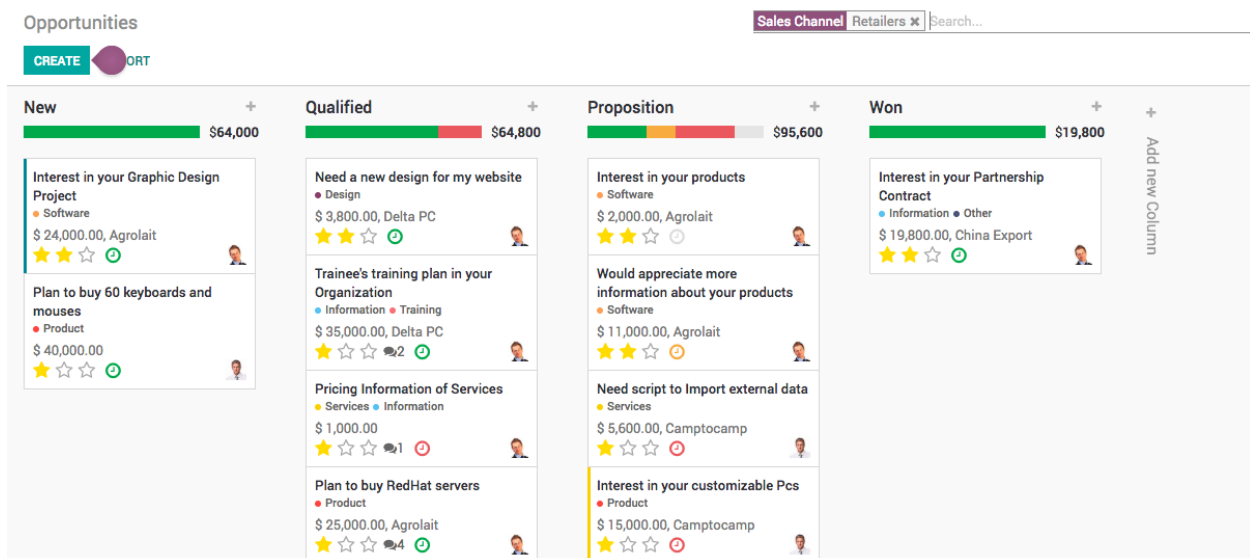
To see the operations and results of all the sales channel at a glance, the sales manager has an access to the **Sales Channel Dashboard** under **Reporting**.



It is shared with the whole ecosystem so every revenue stream is included in it: Sales, eCommerce, PoS, etc.

Sales pipe for specific channel

Click on the **Pipeline** button on sales channel to see the sales pipe for any specific channel, you will find all of its opportunities related to that sales channel.



Tip: Lead score is an application which help you to assign the leads to the respective team members with in team.

3.2 Acquire leads

3.2.1 Convert leads into opportunities

Opportunity is a qualified lead, specific deal has met certain criteria which indicate a high value to the business, or a high probability of closing but when you have details of your visitors, it is just a lead. You have to get the enough

details from your visitors, if it matches with your business interest you can convert them into opportunity.

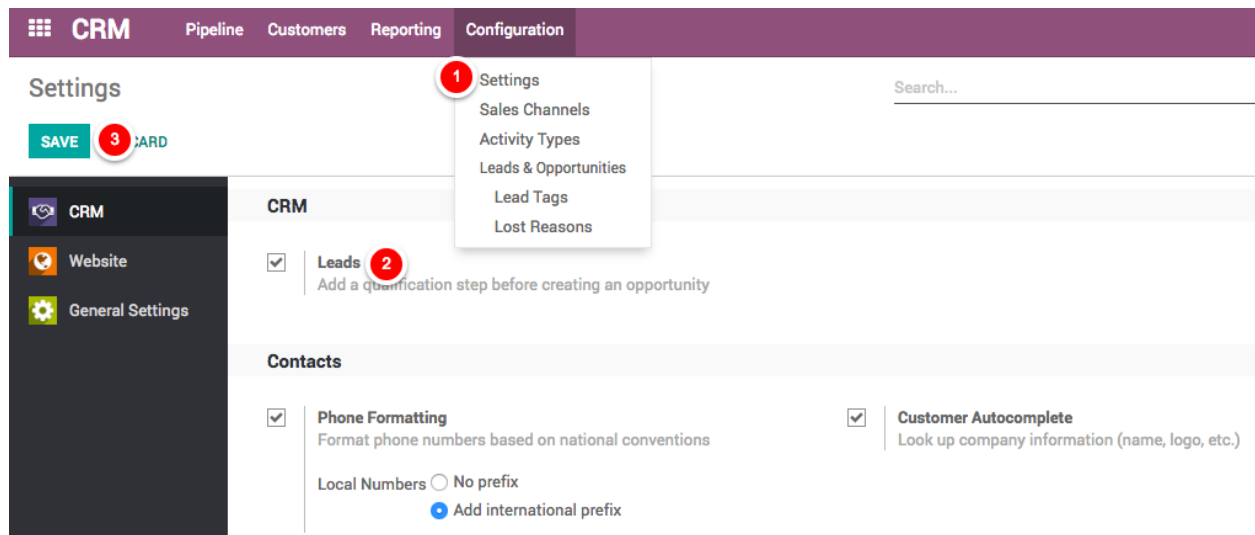
You can collect the leads instead of creating an opportunity and setup the process to qualify those leads before you convert them into opportunity.

Business case

Assumed that **My company** is collecting contacts of all the visitors, through contact us page or visitor tracking system. Create a lead from the contact information and qualify them before converting them into an opportunity.

Configuration

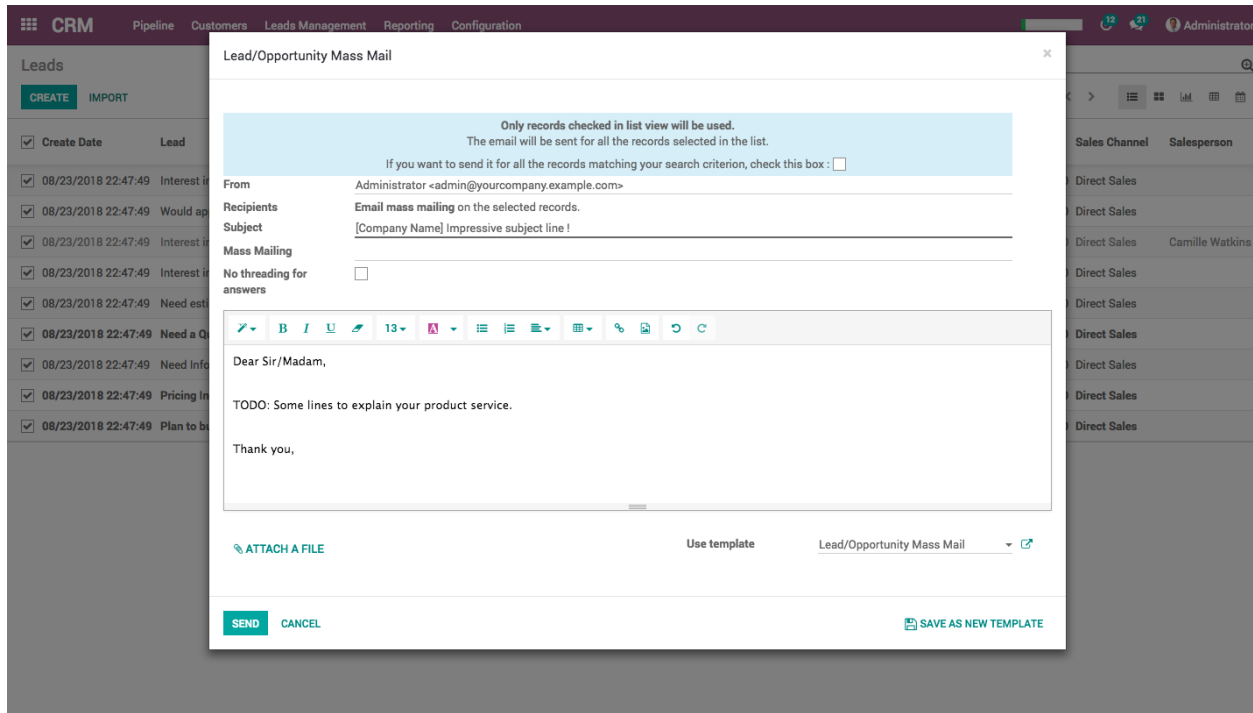
By default you have an opportunity created in the sales channel, you can have a lead when someone contacts you on the website contact us page or send an email to sales@mycompany.com, to activate leads go to **CRM / Configuration / Settings** and activate the **Leads** feature.



You will now have a new submenu **Leads** under **Pipeline** where they will aggregate.

Qualify Leads

Send the mass mail on new leads received everyday, prepare a good description of your product service details in an email and try to get more information from leads and their expectations from your products or service.



Tip: Define a good subject, include your product / service name into the [] square bracket, that make sure that your email will not go to the spam.

You can convert those leads into the opportunity, when your visitor reply to your email which was sent in mass mail.

Convert lead into an opportunity

The leads can be converted to an opportunity either manually or automatic depending on the volume of leads you have.

Manual conversion

Every day review your leads having reply from the prospects and convert all those leads into an opportunities. You can apply filter **Unread Messages**

CRM Pipeline Customers Leads Management Reporting Configuration									
Leads									
Unread Messages Search...									
Filters Group By Favorites									
Create Date	Lead	Contact Name	City	Country	Email	Phone	Score	Sales Channel	Salesperson
08/23/2018 22:47:49	Need a Quotation for Computers with Accessories	Carrie Helle	Philadelphia	United States	helle@stonageit.example.com	+1 813 494 5005	13.00	Direct Sales	
08/23/2018 22:47:49	Pricing Information of Services	Oliver Passot	Brussels	Belgium	olivier.passot@balmer.inc.sa	+32 469 12 45 78	17.00	Direct Sales	
08/23/2018 22:47:49	Plan to buy RedHat servers		Wavre	Belgium	agrolait@yourcompany.example.com	+32 10 588 558	17.00	Direct Sales	

Open the wizard Convert to Opportunity wizard form the Action menu and you are ready to convert selected leads into opportunities.

Convert to opportunities

✕

Conversion Options

Conversion Action ☒ Convert to opportunity **1**
☐ Merge with existing opportunities

Apply deduplication ☒

Assign these opportunities to

Sales Channel **2** Direct Sales
 Salesmen Direct Sales
 Force assignment [Create and Edit...](#)

Leads with existing duplicates (for information)

Create Date	Opportunity	Type	Contact Name	Email	Phone	Stage	Salesperson	Sales Channel
08/23/2018 22:47:49	Plan to buy RedHat servers	Lead	3	agrolait@yourcompany.example.com	+32 10 588 558	New		Direct Sales

Customers **4**

☒ Use existing partner or create
☐ Do not link to a customer

CONVERT TO OPPORTUNITIES **5** CEL

Apply duplication option will be selected automatically when system detect the duplicate leads in the system based on the email or phone number, duplicated leads will be displayed below form.

You can change the **Sales channel** if you would like to transfer the opportunity in other channel. You can choose either you would like to link the opportunity with customer by selecting existing or create a new or leave empty. You can create a customer later at the time of create a proposal for them.

The **Salesman** has to be assigned manually while converting leads into opportunity.

Automatic conversion

The automatic conversion and assignation of the opportunity can be done with the help of Lead Score application. You have to install and configure the scoring rules and assignation rules in order to convert leads into opportunity and assign to the correct member in the team.

You can define domain on the sales channel which will fetch leads accordingly and convert it into the opportunity. The domain may include lead scores, page visited by visitor, and other information such as country, city, availability of the email or phone.

Please go through **Automatic leads assignation to team members** topic in Customer Relationship Management section.

3.2.2 Generate leads/opportunities from emails

Every sales channel is capable create lead/opportunity form the incoming emails. You can define the email alias when that receive an email the lead/opportunity will be created in that sales channel.

Active

Sales Channel

Retailer

✓ Pipeline

Channel Leader

Kinjal Dave

Email Alias

sales@mycompany.com

Team Members

Dashboard

ADD

Ajay Patel

✕

Kinjal Dave

✕

Kiran Shah

✕

Nikunj Jani

✕

Vijay Patel

✕

By default, any email sent to *sales@mycompany.com* will create an opportunity in the pipeline of the default sales channel.

Configure email aliases

Each sales channel can have its own email alias, to generate leads/opportunities automatically assigned to it. It is useful if you manage several sales teams with specific business processes.

You will find the configuration of sales channels under **Configuration / Sales Channels**.

CRM

Pipeline

Customers

Leads Management

Reporting

Configuration

Sales Channels

Search...

CREATE

IMPORT

▼ Filters

≡ Group By

★ Favorites

<input type="checkbox"/> Sales Channel	Channel Leader
<input type="checkbox"/> America	
<input type="checkbox"/> Europe	
<input type="checkbox"/> Point of Sale	
<input type="checkbox"/> Website	
<input type="checkbox"/> eBay	

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=79OehLEHOYU>

34

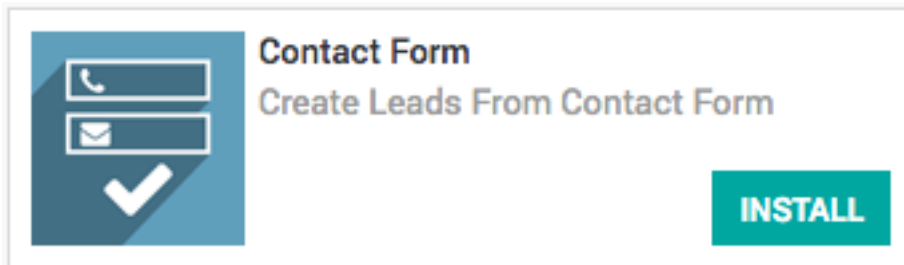
Chapter 3. Customer Relationship Management

3.2.3 Generate leads/opportunities from your website contact page

Automating the lead/opportunity generation will considerably improve your efficiency. Any visitor using the contact form on your website will create a lead/opportunity in the pipeline.


Configuration

To activate the contact us page on your website you have to install the Contact Form application from the Apps.



Contact us page

You benefit from ready-to-use contact form on your Odoo website that will generate leads/opportunities automatically.


Home
Contact us
Administrator ▾

Contact us

Contact us about anything related to our company or services.
We'll do our best to get back to you as soon as possible.

Your Name *

Phone Number

Email *

Your Company *

Subject *

Your Question *

YourCompany
 1725 Slough Ave.
 Scranton PA 18540
 United States
 +1 555 123 8069
 info@yourcompany.example.com
[Google Maps](#)


Default sales team

Contact form creates an lead/opportunity into the specific sales channel, to change that specific sales channel, go to **Website / Configuration / Settings** under **Communication** section you will find the **Contact Form** info and where to change the default **Sales Channel** or **Salesperson**.

Communication

Contact Form

Add a contact form in the [Contact Us](#) page

Sales America 
Channel _____
Salesperson _____

Note: If the same visitors uses the contact form twice, the second information will be added to the first lead/opportunity in the chatter.

Contact us page

Let's go and fill some information into the contact us page and submit the form.

Contact us

Contact us about anything related to our company or services.

We'll do our best to get back to you as soon as possible.

My Company
📍 United States
✉ info@yourcompany.com
[📍 Google Maps](#)

Your Name *	<input type="text" value="Rajesh Gajjar"/>
Phone Number	<input type="text" value="09898098981"/>
Email *	<input type="text" value="rajesh.gajjar@gmail.com"/>
Your Company *	<input type="text" value="Odoo India"/>
Subject *	<input type="text" value="Home appliances distributorship"/>
Your Question *	<input type="text" value="Interested to get the Home appliances distributorship in Ahmedabad area"/>
<input type="button" value="Send"/>	

Submit for form, visitor will get the **thank you** page having the emergency contact detail in case if they would like to connect quickly before sales people contact them.

Opportunity in the sales pipe

The opportunity will be created in the default sales channel set on the configuration.

0 Meeting

Opportunity

Home appliances distributorship

Expected Revenue

\$0.00

Probability

at 10

%

Customer

Email

rajesh.gajjar@gmail.com

Phone

09898098981

Expected Closing

Salesperson

Priority

☆☆☆

Sales Channel

Retailer

Tags

Internal Notes

Contact Information

Interested to get the Home appliances distributorship in Ahmedabad area

Formatting the phone or mobile numbers

Validate contact (phone,mobile) numbers and normalize them on leads and contacts, use the national format for your company country.

0 Meeting

Opportunity

Home appliances distributorship

Expected Revenue

\$0.00

Probability

at 10

%

Customer

Email

rajesh.gajjar@gmail.com

Phone

+91 98092 89812

Expected Closing

Salesperson

Priority

☆☆☆

Sales Channel

Retailer

Tags

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q4FujRKnuHM>

3.3 Marketing Activity

3.3.1 Which marketing platform bring more visitors

The biggest challenge for every business is *how do I drive more traffic to my online store?*, If you able to get the visitor you can convert them into customers. There are many ways to increase the visitors, advertise on the social media marketing is one of the proven way to get attract move visitor.

But the questions is *which social media can bring more visitor and where to invest?*, depending on your product and consumer you should choose the social media platform to invest for the marketing, still it is worth to track which marketing platform bring how many users on your website.

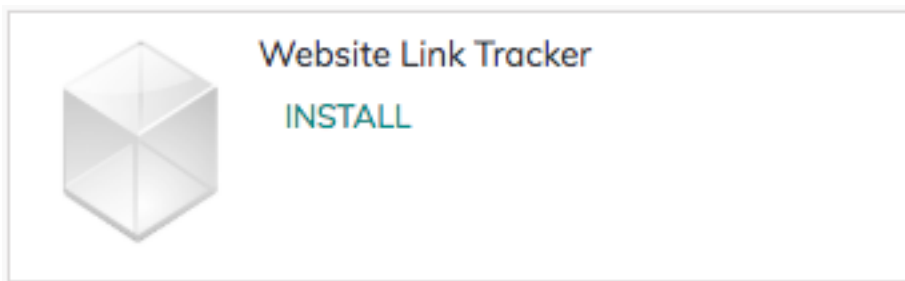
Business case

The *My Company* is running a electronic ecommerce store, they want to invest in the paid marketing on different social media platform such as Facebook, Pinterest, Instagram and Google.

The want to see which marketing platform drives how many new users so that they can focus more on the platform which brings more traffic.

Configuration

Assumed that the **Website Builder** and **eCommerce** applications are already installed. What we need is an Link tracker application which is supporting application to the website.



Install the Website Link Tracker application if it is not installed automatically.

Create a link to share

You can share any website page from your website with the link tracker, It can be a Product, Shop, Home Page, Job Post or News from the Blogs. To create a sharable link that generates statistics, visit that page and go to **Promote / Track this Page**.

Link Tracker

URL

https://mga.odoo.com/blog/news-room-1/post/

Campaign ⓘ

Christmas Special

x

▼

Medium ⓘ

Google Adwords

x

▼

Source ⓘ

Search engine

x

▼

Get tracked link

Share this page with a short link that includes analytics trackers.

Those trackers can be used in Google Analytics to track clicks and visitors, or in Odoo reports to track opportunities and related revenues.

Your tracked links

Newest | Most Clicked | Recently Used

0 clicks

Support Village@IT Computer Science Alumni Association...

https://mga.odoo.com/r/i18

Christmas Special

Google Adwords

Search engine

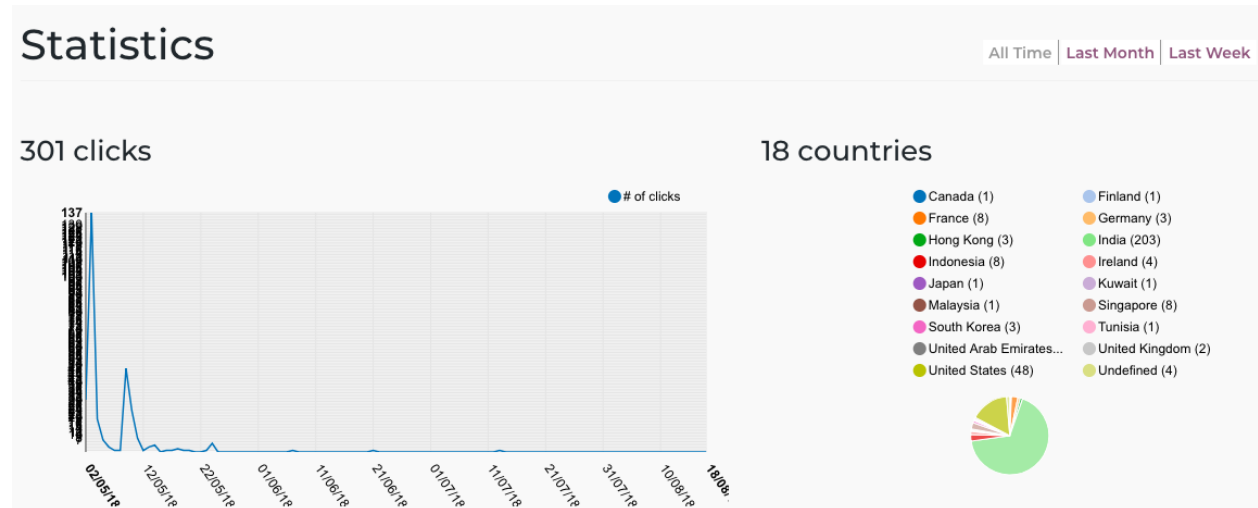
Copy

Stats

Click on the **Get tracked link** button will generate the link that can be share and that link generates the statistical analysis, such as how many people visited by date, and form which country.

Tip: To generate the correct statistics, you have to set up Odoo correctly on reverse proxy and GeoIP data on Nginx. If not configure correctly you may get the number of visits but not the country information.

The statistics will be looks as below.



3.3.2 Measure which marketing campaign creates more opportunities

The biggest challenge for every business is *how do I drive more traffic to my online store?*, If you able to get the visitor you can convert them into customers. There are many ways to increase the visitors, advertise on the social media marketing is one of the proven way to get attract more visitor.

But the questions is *which social media can bring more opportunities to me?*, depending on your product and consumer you should choose the social media platform to invest for the marketing, still it is worth to track which marketing platform bring how many users on your website.

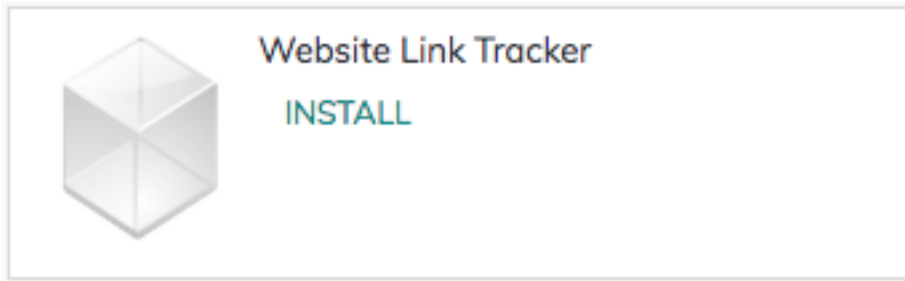
Business case

The *My Company* is running a electronic eCommerce store, they want to invest in the paid marketing on different social media platform such as Facebook, Pinterest, Instagram and Google.

The want to see *which marketing platform how many new opportunities?* so that they can focus more on the platform which brings more business.

Configuration

Assumed that the **Website Builder** and **eCommerce** applications are already installed. What we need is an Link tracker application which is supporting application to the website.



Install the **Website Link Tracker** application if it is not installed automatically.

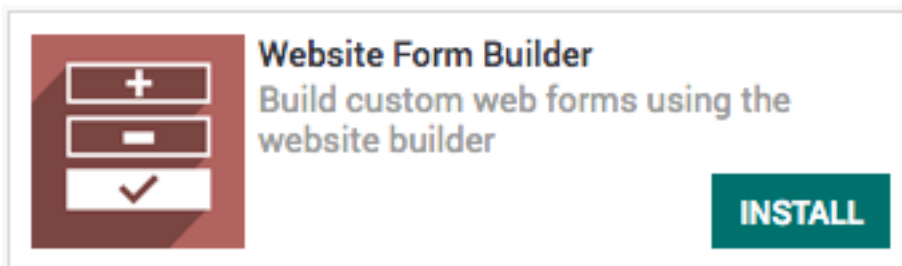
Contact us form

Install the contact us form on the website, so that when user fill the contact detail to get more information about the product, you can have an opportunity created in the CRM application.

Generate leads/opportunities from your website contact page - https://odoobooks.com/en/11.0/crm/generate_lead_from_webstie.html

Form Builder

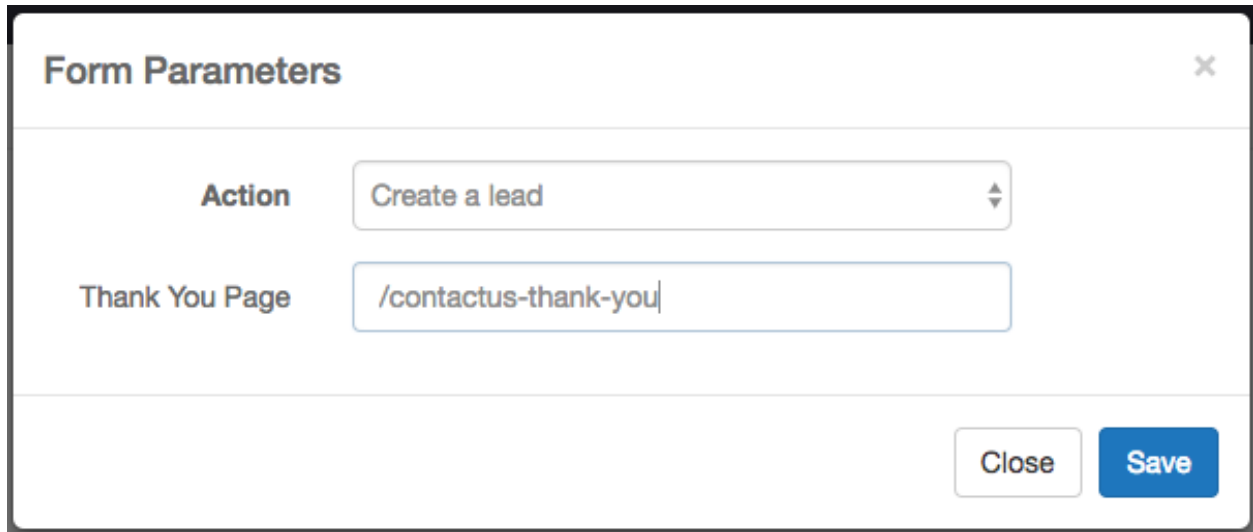
It would be great if you will be able to add the contact us form on any other webpages in your website, it will allows user to make a quick contact to you.



As soon as the application installed you will see a new widget on the website called Form Builder.

Add contact us form on product page

You can add the contact us page on the frequently sold product page, which help us to generate the leads. Drag and drop the **Form builder** widget, select the option Create a lead.



The image shows a 'Form Parameters' dialog box with a close button (X) in the top right corner. It contains two fields: 'Action' with a dropdown menu showing 'Create a lead', and 'Thank You Page' with a text input field containing '/contactus-thank-you'. At the bottom right, there are two buttons: 'Close' and 'Save'.

The default fields will be added to the screen, **Opportunity**, you can change the label to **Subject** and add additional fields from the widget customization option, such as Name, Email and Mobile.

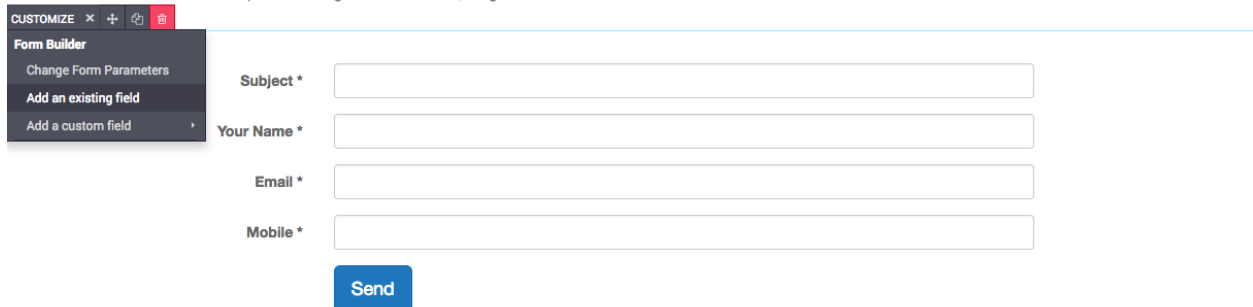
Bulk order

Contact us

A great way to catch your reader's attention is to tell a story. Everything you consider writing can be told as a story.

Great stories have personality. Consider telling a great story that provides personality. Writing a story with personality for potential clients will assist with making a relationship connection. This shows up in small quirks like word choices or phrases. Write from your point of view, not from someone else's experience.

Great stories are for everyone even when only written for just one person. If you try to write with a wide general audience in mind, your story will ring false and be bland. No one will be interested. Write for one person. If it's genuine for the one, it's genuine for the rest.



The image shows a 'Form Builder' interface. On the left, there is a 'CUSTOMIZE' menu with options: 'Form Builder', 'Change Form Parameters', 'Add an existing field', and 'Add a custom field'. The main area displays a form with four fields: 'Subject *', 'Your Name *', 'Email *', and 'Mobile *'. Each field has a corresponding input box. At the bottom, there is a blue 'Send' button.

Create a link to share

You can share any website page from your website with the link tracker, It can be a Product, Shop, Home Page, Job Post or News from the Blogs. To create a sharable link that generates statistics, visit that page and go to **Promote / Track this Page**.

Link Tracker

URL

https://mga.odoo.com/blog/news-room-1/post/

Campaign ⓘ

Christmas Special

x

▼

Medium ⓘ

Google Adwords

x

▼

Source ⓘ

Search engine

x

▼

Get tracked link

Share this page with a short link that includes analytics trackers.

Those trackers can be used in Google Analytics to track clicks and visitors, or in Odoo reports to track opportunities and related revenues.

Your tracked links

Newest | Most Clicked | Recently Used

0 clicks

Support Indonesian Computer Science Alumni Association

https://mga.odoo.com/r/i18

Christmas Special Google Adwords Search engine

Copy

Stats

Click on the **Get tracked link** button will generate the link that can be share and that link generates the statistical analysis, such as how many people visited by date, and form which country.

Creating an opportunities

Visitor visit the page through the link you shared on the **Google Searching**, the visitor will be tracked and same information will be attached to the **Campaign**, **Medium** and **Source**, when opportunities created.

Internal Notes

Contact Information

Customer Name

Rediff Mail

Address

Kensington Road 189

Street 2...

Melbourne State ZIP

Australia

Website

e.g. www.odoo.com

Contact Name

Will McEncroe

Title

Job Position

Mobile

Opt-Out

☐

Marketing

Campaign

Christmas Special

▼

🔗

Medium

Google Adwords

▼

🔗

Source

Search engine

▼

🔗

Misc

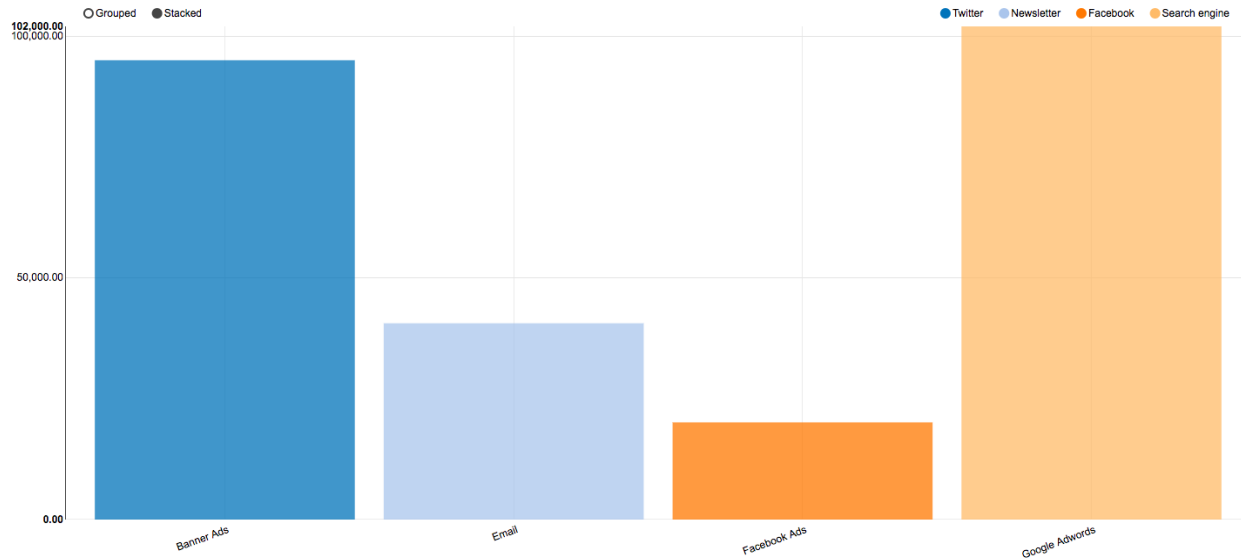
Referred By

Campaign Analysis

The number of opportunities can be grouped by the **Source** and **Medium** to check which platform bring how many opportunities coming from which marketing platform.

42

Chapter 3. Customer Relationship Management



Can be analysed in detail by applying group by **Source** and then **Medium**. It will give us more clear view on from where the opportunities coming from.

Pipeline Medium > Source

MEASURES

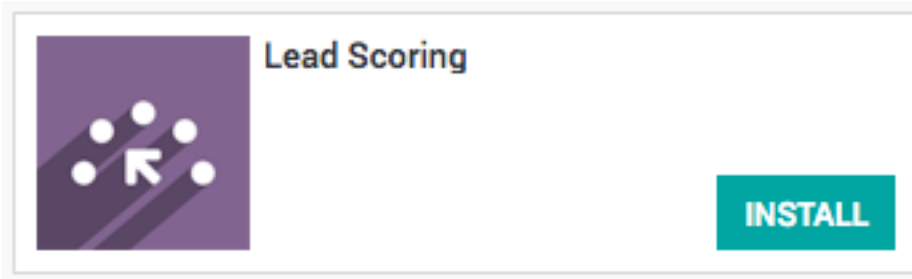
	+ Total	
	Count	Expected Revenue
- Total	15	257,700.00
- Search engine	5	102,000.00
+ Google Adwords	5	102,000.00
- Newsletter	4	40,600.00
+ Email	4	40,600.00
- Facebook	4	20,100.00
+ Facebook Ads	4	20,100.00
- Twitter	2	95,000.00
+ Banner Ads	2	95,000.00

3.3.3 Measure the score for an opportunity based on the user behavior on your website

Tracking your website pages will give you much more information about the interests of your website visitors. Every tracked page they visit will be recorded on your lead/opportunity if they use the contact form on your website.

Configuration

To use this feature, install the module **Lead Scoring** under your Apps page available in Odoo Enterprise only.



Track a webpage

You can track any static page you want on your website under the **Promote** tab you will find **Optimize SEO**. There you will see a **Track Page** checkbox to track this page.

Promote Page
Get this page efficiently referenced in search engines to attract more visitors.
×

Page Title

Description

Preview
how your page will be listed on Google

Home | Website localhost

http://localhost:8069/

[The description will be generated by google unless you specify one]

Define Keywords
describing your page content

Track Page
to better score your leads:
☒

You have to visit all the pages and enabled this option for individual pages you want to track on your website.

Create scoring rules

You now have a new menu in your **CRM** app called **Leads Management / Scoring Rules** where you can manage your scoring rules. Here's an example for a *Pricing Page Score*, you can modify for whatever criteria you wish to score your leads on. You can add as many criterias as you wish.

Scores / Aboutus Score

SAVE

DISCARD

6 / 8 < >

0 Leads

Pricing Page Score

Rule Type	Scoring
Value	8.00
Domain	[[score_pageview_ids.url, 'ilike', '%/pricing']]
Event-based rule	<input type="checkbox"/>
Active	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Every hour a new leads without a score will be automatically scanned and assigned their right score according to your scoring rules.

Tip: You can select **Event-based rule** for new rule you are about to create if you want to apply on all the existing leads which was previously computed.

Value on the score rules will be count cumulative to compute the leads/opportunities score when more then one rule found applied for the lead/opportunity.

See visited pages in opportunities

Now each time a lead is created from the contact page it will keep track of the pages visited by that visitor. You have two ways to see those pages, on the top right corner of your lead/opportunity you can see a **Page Views** button but also further down you will see them in the chatter too.

Both will update if the viewers comes back to your website and visits more pages.



The feature will not repeat multiple viewings of the same pages in the chatter. Your customers will no longer be able to keep any secrets from you!

Compute Score

The scheduler executes every hours and compute the score for newly added lead/opportunity.

The **Scoring rules** will be applied those are matching with the lead/opportunities details and score will be the summation of values from all those rules.

Marketing

Campaign	Christmas Special	▼	🔗
Medium	Google Adwords	▼	🔗
Source	Search engine	▼	🔗

Misc

Days to Assign	0.00
Days to Close	0.00
Referred By	

Scoring

Scoring Rules	Belgium Score	Not China Score	Email
Language			

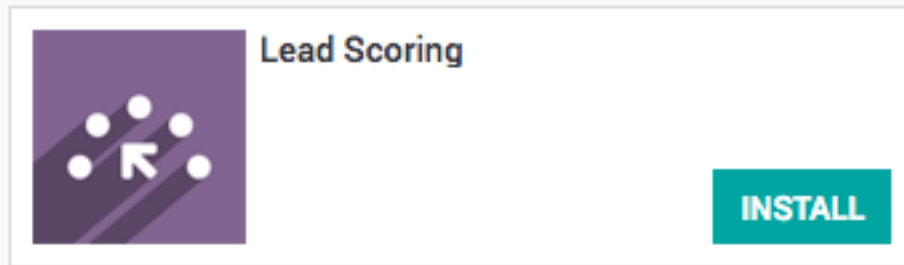
3.3.4 Assign leads based on scoring

With Leads Scoring you can automatically rank your leads based on selected criterias. See how you can *measure the score for an opportunity based on the user behaviour on website*.

For example you could score customers from your country higher or the ones that visited specific pages on your website.

Configuration

Install a module **Lead Scoring** under your **Apps** page available in Odoo Enterprise only.



Generate Leads

Leads/Opportunities can be generated through the below listed methods

- Generate leads/opportunities from emails
- Generate leads/opportunities from your website contact page

Create scoring rules

You now have a new menu in your **CRM** app called **Leads Management / Scoring Rules** where you can manage your scoring rules. Here's an example for a *Pricing Page Score*, you can modify for whatever criteria you wish to score your leads on. You can add as many criterias as you wish.

Scores / Aboutus Score

SAVE

DISCARD

6 / 8 < >

0 Leads

Pricing Page Score

Rule Type	Scoring
Value	8.00
Domain	[[score_pageview_ids.url, 'ilike', '%/pricing']]
Event-based rule	<input type="checkbox"/>
Active	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Every hour every lead without a score will be automatically scanned and assigned their right score according to your scoring rules.

Assign leads

Once the scores computed, leads can have enough information to classify that it is belongs to which sales team. Lead be assigned to specific teams using the same domain mechanism. To do so go to **CRM / Leads Management / Team Assignment** and apply a specific domain on each team.

This domain may include lead scores, page visited by visitor, and other information such as country, city, availability of the email or phone.

Please go through **Automatic leads assignment to team members** topic in Customer Relationship Management section.

3.3.5 Email marketing on the lost activity to reactive them

Massmail is a great tool to send the bulk emails to your contacts. Reactive the old leads could bring your a business, nothing wrong to send them an email which could reactive opportunities from them lost once.

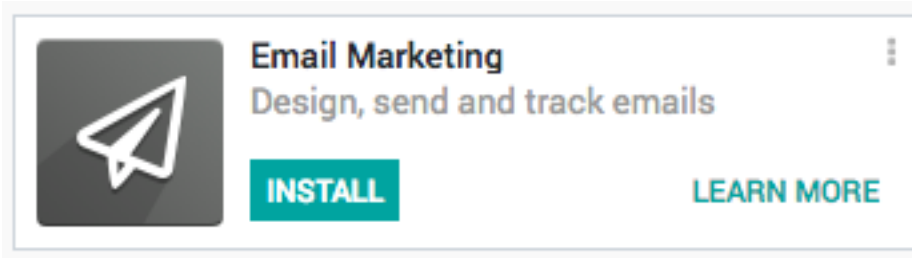
Tip: The correct reason required on the old leads before you send email to them, like discount on the product/service to only those customers who lost actually because of the budget.

Business case

Let's send the offer to have 20% discount on the product/service, who actually lost because they did not have a budget.

Configuration

Email Marketing is a separate app required to be installed separately, this app is not limited to use with the CRM or Sales, It can be used to send the email in bulk for Recruitment, Mailing List, Participants of the Event, etc.



Create mass mail

Create a mass mail from the Email Marketing / Mailings, you need an attractive subject, choose *Leads / Opportunity* in the **Recipients** field, below that you can actually defines the criteria to choose the leads / opportunities which will receive the email from this mass mailing.

I choose all the leads which was Lost and the reason for mark as lost because, they do not have Not enough budget.

Mailings / December special offer, 20% flat discount

SAVE DISCARD 1 / 1 < >

SEND NOW SCHEDULE TEST DRAFT IN QUEUE SENDING SENT

Subject December special offer, 20% flat discount

Recipients Lead/Opportunity

Match records with **ALL** of the following rules: → 129 RECORD(S)

Is Lost	is	set (true)	✕	⊕	⋮
Lost Reason	=	Not enough budget	✕	⊕	⋮

Mail Body Options

Select a template

Plain Text

Placeholder for plain text content.

Thank you for joining us!

Placeholder for a thank you email template.

odoo

Placeholder for an Odoo-related email template.

Airmail

Placeholder for an Airmail email template.

Send Emails

The process of sending an email takes time based on the number of email to send and how fast your email service provider.

Test before you send

It is advisable to check how email looks in your mailbox before you send it to the prospects, you can check by sending a copy of the email to your own email account by clicking on **Test** button.

Test Mailing

Send a sample of this mailing to the above of email addresses for test purpose.

Recipients

Administrator <admin@example.com>|

SEND SAMPLE MAIL

CANCEL

Send to all

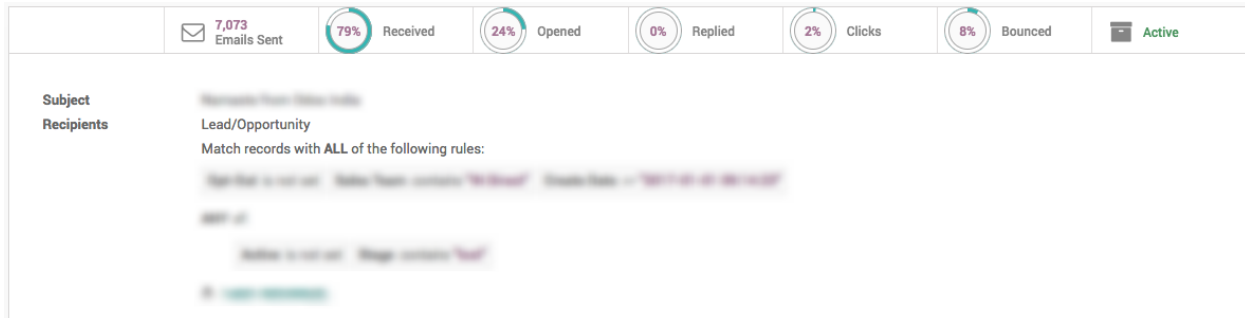
If you found the email looks well on your mailbox, you can send email to all the leads/opportunities who are selected on the mailing.

By default email marketing will be scheduled for the specific date and time and will be processed accordingly. Emails will be generated and queued in the system, automatic scheduler will process that email queue and send those emails.

Note: Some mail marketing may take time to send the emails depending on the email providers, some email may go to spam if if your provider does not configure well or the subject and content of the email looks like a spam mail.

Statistics

Statistics will be enabled as soon as schedule start processing the email, you can actually see the number of email sent, bounced, opened by the receiver, replied on that email or number of user clicks on the link if you attached any links in the email.



4.1 Introduction

4.2 Setup Odoo Sales Application

Please follow the steps listed below to setup and start using Odoo sales application for your business.

- Setup your company information
- Choose the quotation layout you prefer for your company
- Setup the payment option you prefer, I prefer to confirm the order when customer sign quotation online
- Send the first sample quotation to the customer and see how it looks like

4.2.1 Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mhMz4Ngdnmc>

4.3 Sales Quotation

4.3.1 Create your first quotation and offer 5% discount to a customer

For example, *My Company* sells electronic products and a client *John Deo* showed interest in buying 3 *iPads* to facilitate their operations. I would like to send them a quotation for *Material* with a sales price of *100 USD* per *iPad* with a **5% discount**.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Lc8q1DZcET0>

4.3.2 Send quotation by email and ask a customer to sign online

Let's send your first quotation by email, so that customer can view and start negotiation on the quotation and sign online.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J8LRXLinPXY>

4.3.3 Set default terms and condition on quotation

Let's take an example of the trading company, they want to define the terms and conditions should be applied on all the quotation created by any salesman.

They want to set the below point as a default terms and conditions:

- This proposal is valid for 30 days
- The goods will be delivered within 10 working days
- All the taxes will be charged extra
- The payment should be released immediately with confirmed order

Tip: The payment terms will be added automatically at the end of every quotation as a part of the terms and conditions in the printed quotation if any.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ch8qi47qzCI>

4.3.4 Apply default taxes when creating new product

Taxes applied in your country are installed automatically for most localizations. Default taxes set in orders and invoices come from each product's Invoicing tab. Such taxes are used when you sell to companies that are in the same country/state than you.

Business case

Let's set the default sales and purchase tax to Tax 15.00%.

Configuration

All the new products created in the Odoo take the default tax set in the **Accounting/Invoicing** settings. To change the default taxes set for any new product created, goto **Invoicing / Configuration / Settings**.

Taxes

Default Taxes

Default taxes applied to local transactions

Sales Tax	Tax 15.00%	▼	🔗
Purchase Tax	Tax 15.00%	▼	🔗



TaxCloud

Compute tax rates based on U.S. ZIP codes



Rounding Method

How total tax amount is computed in orders and invoices

- ☒ Round per Line
☐ Round Globally

EU Digital Goods VAT

Apply right VAT rates for digital products sold in EU

Create new product

Let's create a new product, the default tax which was applied should be applied on this product.

\$ 0 Sales

Active

Product Name

Material

☒ Can be Sold
☒ Can be Purchased

General Information

Sales

Invoicing

Notes

Receivables

Customer Taxes

Tax 15.00% x

Payables

Vendor Taxes

Create sales order

Let's create a new order and select the same product on the order line, the tax which was set on the products should be applied on the sales order line tax field.

New

Customer

Customer

Expiration Date

Payment Terms

Order Lines

Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
Material	Material	1.000	100.00	Tax 15.00% x	\$ 100.00

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...

Untaxed Amount:

\$ 100.00

Taxes:

\$ 15.00

Total:

\$ 115.00

Now, your salesman do not have to remember that what taxes to be applied on which product.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=d4CdJY9RANA>

4.3.5 Sections on quotation to separate the material and service

Let's take an example of the trading and service company who wants to send the quotation for Air-condition, related material, installation and annual maintenance contract service.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=B2n3lxzpIHg>

4.4 Quotation Template

4.4.1 Create quick quotation using quotation template

If you often sell the same products or services, you can save a lot of time by creating standard quotation templates. By using a quotation template you can send a complete quotation in no time.

Business case

The service company who is selling the offshore projects to their customers with standard set of service products such as Project manager days, Developer days, and Project setup fee. The developers days are minimum to 20 days and project manager are one third of the developer days.

Configuration

Assumed that **Sales Management** application is installed.

Quotation template

Quotation template is a great feature that allows user to create offers with group of products those are sold together.

Tax Display

Line subtotals in sales orders

☒ Tax-Excluded Prices
 ☐ Tax-Included Prices

☒ **Quotations Templates**
 Design standardized offers
 Default Template: Offshore Projects

☐ **Default Terms & Conditions**
 Show standard terms and conditions

☐ **Sections on Sales Orders**
 Sort products in sections with subtotals and page-breaks

☐ **Online Signature & Payment**
 Let your customers sign & pay online

☐ **Customer Addresses**
 Set specific billing and shipping addresses

☐ **Warnings**
 Get warnings in orders for products or customers

☐ **Lock Confirmed Orders**
 No longer edit orders once confirmed

Create a products

Create the list of products that you are going to sale together, in our business case the list of products of type service are as below:

- Offshore Project Setup Fee
- Project Manager Consulting Days
- Developer Days

Create your quotation template

The quotation templates can be found under **Sales / Configuration / Quotation Template**, create or edit an existing template. Enter the appropriate name of the template and select the list of product(s) and their quantity as well as the expiration time for the quotation.

Active

Edit Template

Quotation Template

Offshore Projects

Quotation expires after 30 days

Lines

Suggested Products

Confirmation

Product	Description	Quantity
✚ Offshore project setup fee	Offshore project setup fee	1.00
✚ Project manager days	Project manager days	5.00
✚ Developer days	Developer days	20.00

Add an item

Terms and conditions specific to the offshore projects.

Tip: You can also specify discount, if discount option is activated in the Sales settings.

New

Customer

China Export

Quotation Template

Offshore Projects

Default Template

Offshore Projects

Expiration Date

08/17/2018

Payment Terms

Order Lines

Sugg

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
Offshore project setup fee	Offshore project setup fee	1.000	500.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 500.00
Project manager days	Project manager days	5.000	200.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 1,000.00
Developer days	Developer days	20.000	120.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 2,400.00

[Add an item](#)

Terms and conditions specific to the offshore projects.

Untaxed Amount:

\$ 3,900.00

Taxes:

\$ 585.00

Total:

\$ 4,485.00

Tip: You can select a template to be suggested by default in the Sales settings.

Send quotation by email

You have to send the quotation by email, so that the quotation can be viewed, accept or reject or paid online by the customer.

Quotation viewed by customer

As a salesman you can start the follow-up on the quotation as soon as you see that a quotation viewed by customer. Everytime customer open the quotation preview you will have a message in chatter, this features of the quotation template help salesman to understand the customer interest on quotation.

[Send message](#)
[Log note](#)
[Schedule activity](#)

Following

2

Today

Note by **China Export** - 2 minutes ago

Quotation viewed by customer

Administrator - 2 minutes ago

Dear China Export ,

Here is the quotation SO004 amounting in \$ 4,485.00 from My Company.

Accept and sign online

(or view attached PDF)

You can reply to this email if you have any questions.

Thank you,

[read more](#)

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Chapter 4. Sales and Invoicing

Tip: You may remove the attached quotation (pdf file) at the time sending quotation by mail, if you want your customer should open quotation online.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tt70LD6Nhs8>

4.4.2 Increase your sales with suggested products

The use of suggested products is an attempt to offer related and useful products to your client. For instance, a client purchasing a cell phone could be shown accessories like a protective case, a screen cover, and a headset.

Business case

The consulting company want to add the suggested product such as *Software training program* on the quotation when they make a quotation for *Offshore Projects*.

Configuration

Assumed that the **Sales Management** application is installed and quotation template is configured well for the *Offshore Project*.

Suggested products

Open the Offshore Project quotation template, add the product(s) under the **Suggested Product** tab on quotation template. In our case let's add the Software training program as a service product.

Active

Edit Template

Quotation Template

Offshore Projects

Quotation expires after

30

days

Lines

Suggested Products

Confirmation

Product	Description	Quantity
Software training program	Software training program, a 5 days of functional training program for the consultant.	1.00


Add an item

Terms and conditions specific to the offshore projects.

Send the quotation

Prepare and send the quotation to customer by email. Customer can see the quotation a full product or service detailed specification along with the quoted price, and suggested products at the end. If customer find valuable products or service in suggested products they can directly add them in to quotation by themselves before they approve and pay quotation online.

Pricing

 Accept Order

Ask Success Reject

Introduction

Your Quotation SO004

About us

Offshore setup fee

Project manager days

Developer days


Pricing

Terms & Conditions

Suggested Products

History

This offer expires in

 31 days

Products	Quantity	Taxes	Unit Price	Amount
Offshore project setup fee	1.000 Unit(s)	Tax 15.00%	\$ 500.00	\$ 500.00
Project manager days	5.000 Unit(s)	Tax 15.00%	\$ 200.00	\$ 1,000.00
Developer days	20.000 Unit(s)	Tax 15.00%	\$ 120.00	\$ 2,400.00
			Subtotal:	\$ 3,900.00
			Taxes:	\$ 585.00
			Total:	\$ 4,485.00

Terms & Conditions

Terms and conditions specific to the offshore projects.

Suggested Products

Product	Price	
Software training program	\$ 2,500.00	

✓ Accept
💬 Feedback
✗ Reject

4.5 Discounts and Pricelist

4.5.1 Apply manual discount on quotation

Allowing discounts on quotations is a common sales practice to improve the chances to convert the prospect into a customer, adding discounts on the quotation encourage the prospect to close the deal quickly.

Business case

My company would like to send a quotation for an *iPad Mini* at a sales price of 320 USD per *iPad* at a **5% discounted** price.

Configuration

Assumed that the **Sales Management** application installed.

Discounts

In this business case, we would like to offer 5% discount to our customer on the sale price.

Discounts feature can be activated from **Configuration / Settings**, under the **Pricing** section.

Pricing

☒ **Discounts**
Allow manual discounts on order lines

☐ **Multiple Sales Prices per Product**
Set multiple prices per product, automated discounts, etc.

☐ **Margins**
Show margins on orders

☐ **Coupons & Promotions**
Manage promotion & coupon programs

Customer Account
Let your customers log in to see their documents

☒ On invitation (B2B)

☐ Free sign up (B2C)

Create a quotation

Quotation can be created from **Sales / Order / Quotations**, click on **CREATE** button to create a new quotation, select customer and add product *iPad Mini* on the quotation, the default price you will see is 320\$.

Apply discount

By default the discount will not be applied as we choose to apply manual discount, to apply 5% discount enter 5 in the **Discount (%)** field for iPad Mini product in the sales order line.

Tip: The discount should be entered between 0 to 100, it computes discount in percentage. The price will change automatically when you enter the discount.

SO005

Customer China Export ▼

Quotation Template ▼

Expiration Date ▼

Payment Terms ▼

Order Lines

Suggested Products

Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Discount (%)	Subtotal
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> + iPad Mini </div> <div style="margin-top: 5px;"> Add an item </div>	iPad Mini	320.000	1.00	<div style="background-color: #d3d3d3; padding: 2px; border-radius: 3px; display: inline-block;">Tax 15.00%</div>	5.00	\$ 304.00

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...

Untaxed Amount:
\$ 304.00

Taxes:
\$ 45.60

Total:
\$ 349.60

Printing quotation

Discount column will be appeared on the quotation when you have applied discount on any of the product on quotation. Don't be surprised if you don't see the discount column on the quotation, which means that you have not applied discount on any of the product on quotation as you don't want to offer discount to your customer.

Tip: All the taxes applicable on the product will be computed on the discounted product price (i.e. Taxes will be computed on **Subtotal**)

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PKusW_QuwUU

4.5.2 Adapt product price based on customer segment (e.g. Retailer or Distributor)

Sales and distribution business works on the margin basics, the percentage of margin are fixed for the distributors based on their turnover. The MRP of the product is decided included the margins for the retailers, stockist, distributors. In this section you will see how pricelist can help you to achieve to define the product price based on the customer type (retailer and distributors).

Business case

The *My Company* sells the electronic products such as *Computers*, *Laptops*, and *Printers*, they want to set up the pricing rules for their *Retailer* and *Distributors*. The price they would like to offer are as below:

Product	Sales Price (MRP)	Distributors (Price)	Retailer (Price)
Laptops	1099	900	999
Desktop	999	740	799
Printer	499	330	399
Tablet	799	620	699

Configuration

Assumed that the **Sales Management** application installed, let's see what are the other configuration you have to do before you execute the business case.

Pricelist

To setup the customer segment specific price you have to enable the feature called **Multiple Sales Prices per Product** available under the **Sales / Configuration / Settings**. Keep the default option selected **Multiple prices per product (e.g. customer segments, currencies)** under the **Sales Pricelist** option, using that you can define the customer segment specific pricelist.

Pricing

☐

Discounts

Allow manual discounts on order lines

☒

Multiple Sales Prices per Product

Set multiple prices per product, automated discounts, etc.

Multiple prices per product

☒

(e.g. customer segments, currencies)

Prices computed from

☐

formulas (discounts, margins, roundings)

→ Pricelists

☐

Margins

Show margins on orders

☐

Coupons & Promotions

Manage promotion & coupon programs

☐

Customer Account

Let your customers log in to see their documents

☒

On invitation (B2B)

☐

Free sign up (B2C)

Product

Let's create the products you are selling, to create the products go to **Sales / Catalog / Products**, create a product, enter the **Name**, set **Image** and **Sales Price**, the customer specific price you can define under the **Sales** tab.

\$ 0 Sales

Active

Product Name

Laptop

☒ Can be Sold
 ☒ Can be Purchased

General Information

Sales

Invoicing

Notes

Public Pricelist (USD)

Retailer Pricelist (USD)

Distributor Pricelist (USD)

Create and Edit...

Pricelist	Price	Min. Quantity	Start Date	End Date
Distributor Pricelist (USD)	900.00	1		
Retailer Pricelist (USD)	999.00	1		
Distributor Pricelist (USD)	790.00	5		

Create a pricelist if not created before, enter the name of the pricelist (i.e. **Retailer Pricelist**) and click on **Create “Retailer Pricelist”** link, enter the **Price** and **Min. Quantity**, keep the Min. Quantity to 1 by default if you don't want to put the constraint on the minimum order quantity.

You can create a multiple lines for the same pricelist (i.e. *Distributor Pricelist*) in case you want to offer a special price to the distributor, when they buy more than 1 quantity. (i.e. **Distributors** can get the *Laptop* at 790 price, if they order minimum 5 or more quantities)

The **Start Date** and **End Date** is used to limit the offer for a specific dates, assume that you want to offer a special price for the Christmas (i.e. **Start Date** to 20/12/2018 and **End Date** to 31/12/2018)

4.5. Discounts and Pricelist

61

Customer

The customers can be defined as a distributor or retailer by setting the specific pricelist on them. Pricelist can be set on the customer form under the **Sales & Purchases** tab.

Customer Ledger

\$ 1 Sales

Active

\$ 0.00 Invoiced

Individual Company

China Exporters

Address

Street...

Street 2...

City State ZIP

Country

TIN

e.g. BE0477472701

Tags

Tags...

Phone

Mobile

Email

Website

chinaexporters.xyz

Language

English

Contacts & Addresses

Internal Notes

Sales & Purchases

Invoicing

Sale

Is a Customer

☒

Salesperson

Sale Pricelist

Distributor Pricelist (USD)

Public Pricelist (USD)

Retailer Pricelist (USD)

Distributor Pricelist (USD)

Create and Edit...

Misc

Internal Reference

Industry

Purchase

Is a Vendor

☐

Payments

0 Bank account(s)

0 Credit card(s)

Create sale order

Let's send a quotation to your customer, create the quotation from **Sales / Orders / Quotation**, depending on the customer the pricelist will be set on the quotation and the product price will be appeared accordingly, when you add products on the quotation.

New

Customer

China Exporters

Expiration Date

Pricelist

Distributor Pricelist (USD)

Payment Terms

Order Lines

Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
Laptop	Laptop	10.000	790.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 7,900.00
<div>Add an item</div>					

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...

Untaxed Amount:

\$ 7,900.00

Taxes:

\$ 1,185.00

Total:

\$ 9,085.00

Create a quotation for *China Export* (Distributor), add 50 quantity of Laptop, the special price 790/unit applied as we prepare the quotation for more than 5 quantity.

Tip: Pricelist can be changed on the quotation after selecting a customer. The pricelist selected on the quotation have the higher priority over the pricelist assigned to the customer.

Now, a salesman can create quotations quickly regardless of the customer type and price offered to them, of course a correct pricelist have to be configured when you create customer, it can be reviewed later depending on the turnover.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fwOJRdLJGGM>

4.5.3 Adapt product price based on customer country or location (e.g. Price in € or \$)

An international sales and distribution business network required accurate price conversion or the price rules according to the customer's country. During quotation process some business prefer to have the rate conversion while some business wants to define the price based on the geographic locations irrespective of currency conversion. You can configure both business case using the pricelist.

Business case

Odoo wants to apply pricing rules for the customer irrespective of the currency conversion based on the customer location. They divide whole world into three different region and specific price for each region.

Product	America (USD)	Europe & Middle East (EUR)	ASIA (USD)
Odoo Enterprise (Users)	28	24	16

Configuration

Assumed that the **Sales Management** application installed, **Invoicing** application will be installed as an dependant of the sales application.

Multi Currency

You need a multiple currency support, to prepare a quotation in foreign currency. **Multi-Currencies** feature can be activated from **Invoicing / Configuration / Settings** available under the **Currencies** section.

Currencies

Main Currency
Main currency of your company

Currency USD ▼

☒ **Multi-Currencies**
Record transactions in foreign currencies

[→ Activate Other Currencies](#)

Exchange Gain or Loss Exchange Difference (USD) ▼ [↗](#)

Journal

☒ **Automatic Currency Rates**
Update exchange rates automatically

Service European Central Bank ▼

Interval Manually ▼

Next Run ▼ [↻](#)

Tip: Select **Automatic Currency Rate** to get the accurate currency conversion rate when you do want a currency conversion to prepare the quotation, set *Daily* for the **Internal** field, the rate can be updated from different exchange services such as *European Central Bank*, *Federal Tax Administration* or *Mexican Bank*.

Pricelist

To setup the price based on the customer segment or country, you have to enable the **Multiple Sales Prices per Product** feature available under the **Sales / Configuration / Settings** under the **Pricing** section. Keep the default option **Multiple prices per product (e.g. customer segments, currencies)** selected under the **Sales Pricelist** option.

Pricing

☐ **Discounts**
Allow manual discounts on order lines

☒ **Multiple Sales Prices per Product**
Set multiple prices per product, automated discounts, etc.

Multiple prices per product
☒ (e.g. customer segments, currencies)

Prices computed from
☐ formulas (discounts, margins, roundings)

[→ Pricelists](#)

☐ **Margins**
Show margins on orders

☐ **Coupons & Promotions**
Manage promotion & coupon programs

Customer Account
Let your customers log in to see their documents

☒ On invitation (B2B)

☐ Free sign up (B2C)

To create a new pricelist goto Sales / Catalog / Pricelist, create a three different pricelist, set the Currency field on each pricelist. Let's create a pricelist for european and middle east customers where we offer the price in EUR (€).

Pricelists / EMEA Pricelist (EUR)

[SAVE](#) [DISCARD](#) 2 / 2 < >

Active

EMEA Pricelist

Currency

EUR

Country Groups

Name

Europe

[Add an item](#)

Enter *EMEA Pricelist* in the **Name** field, select *EUR* in the **Currency** field and add the *Europe* in the **Country Group** field.

Note: The country group is used to assign pricelist automatically when customer is being created. So, even if your salesman forget to assign pricelist the system will assign automatically when customer's country is set on the customer.

Product

Let's create the product *Laptop*, goto **Sales / Catalog / Products** to create the product, enter **Name**, set **Image** and **Sales Price**, the country specific price or currency specific price can be defined under the **Sales** tab.

\$ 0 Sales

Active

Product Name

Enterprise Contract (User)

☒ Can be Sold


☒ Can be Purchased

General Information

Sales

Invoicing

Notes



Pricing

Pricelist	Price	Min. Quantity	Start Date	End Date
Public Pricelist (USD)	24.00	1		
EMEA Pricelist (EUR)	18.00	1		

[Add an item](#)

Select the Pricelist and enter the Price, the price enter is respective of the currency defined on the pricelist (i.e. in this case we have defined 24 USD and 18 EUR).

You can create a multiple lines for the same pricelist, in case you want to offer a special price to customers, when they buy more than 1 quantity.

The **Start Date** and **End Date** is used to limit the offer for a specific dates, assume that you want to offer a special price for the *Christmas* (i.e. **Start Date** to 20/12/2018 and **End Date** to 31/12/2018)

Customer

Create a customer, enter the name, city, country and other contact details such as email and mobile and save the customer detail, as soon as you save the customer the pricelist will be assigned on the customer automatically based on the customer's country, review the pricelist set on the customer form under the **Sales & Purchases** tab.

The screenshot shows the Odoo Customer form for a company named "China Exporters". At the top, there are tabs for "Customer Ledger", "1 Sales", "Active", and "\$ 0.00 Invoiced". Below these, there are radio buttons for "Individual" and "Company", with "Company" selected. The company name "China Exporters" is prominently displayed. To the right of the name is a placeholder icon for a profile picture. The form is divided into several sections: "Address" with fields for Street, Street 2, City (Paris), State, ZIP, and Country (France); "TIN" with a field for the tax identification number; "Tags" with a dropdown menu; "Phone", "Mobile", and "Email" fields; "Website" with the URL "http://chinaexporters.xyz"; and "Language" set to "English". Below these fields are four tabs: "Contacts & Addresses", "Internal Notes", "Sales & Purchases" (which is active), and "Invoicing". The "Sales & Purchases" tab is further divided into "Sale" and "Purchase" sections. The "Sale" section has a checkbox for "Is a Customer" (checked), a dropdown for "Salesperson", and a dropdown for "Sale Pricelist" (set to "EMEA Pricelist (EUR)"). The "Purchase" section has a checkbox for "Is a Vendor" (unchecked). Below these are "Misc" fields for "Internal Reference" and "Industry", and "Payments" information showing "0 Bank account(s)" and "0 Credit card(s)".

However, you can change it manually, if system detect wrong pricelist, you may choose same country on more than one country group which was assigned to different pricelists.

Create a quotation

Let's send a quotation to your european customer, create the quotation from **Sales / Orders / Quotation**, pricelist will be set on the quotation and currency of the quotation will be changed accordingly, the product price will be appeared accordingly, when you add products on the quotation.

New

Customer: China Exporters Expiration Date: _____ Pricelist: EMEA Pricelist (EUR) Payment Terms: _____

Order Lines | Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
Enterprise Contract (User)	Enterprise Contract (User)	10.000	18.00	Tax 15.00% x	180.00 €

[Add an item](#)

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...

Untaxed Amount:	180.00 €
Taxes:	27.00 €
Total:	207.00 €

Create a quotation for *China Export*, add 10 quantity of *Enterprise Contract (Users)*, 14 EUR /user applied as we prepare the quotation in EUR currency.

Now, a salesman can create quotations quickly regardless of the customer type and price offered to them, of course a correct pricelist have to be configured when you create customer, it can be reviewed later depending on the turnover.

Price based on currency conversion

Remove all the lines on the product **Pricing** and set correct **Sales Price** on the product form.

\$ 0 Sales Active

Product Name: Enterprise Contract (User)

☒ Can be Sold
☒ Can be Purchased

General Information | Sales | Invoicing | Notes

Product Type: Consumable Sales Price: \$24.00
Category: All Cost: \$0.00
Internal Reference: _____
Barcode: _____

The price defined on the product is respective to the company currency (USD). Let's create a quotation for the same customer and see what price will be proposed by the pricelist.

S0003

Customer: China Exporters Expiration Date:
Pricelist: EMEA Pricelist (EUR)
Payment Terms:

Order Lines | Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
Enterprise Contract (User)	Enterprise Contract (User)	1.000	20.40	Tax 15.00% x	20.40 €

[Add an item](#)

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...

Untaxed Amount:	20.40 €
Taxes:	3.06 €
Total:	23.46 €

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZV1dD7ewIKI>

4.5.4 Compute and apply discount automatically based on the pricelist

Allowing discounts on quotations is a common sales practice to improve the chances to convert the prospect into a customer, when you are not offering discount to all the customers, keep it manual and offer when customer demands. In case you have to apply discount for specific customer or products every time, it is quite difficult for salesman to remember those products or customer and apply the discount manually on each quotation.

Business case

The trading company “My Company” manufactures the *Computer Desk* and selling to their distributors and to retail customers.

They sell to retail customer at a public price of 3200 but when they sell to distributors the price would be 2240, and they show the percentage of the discount which was offered on the public price.

Configuration

Assumed that you have installed the **Sales Management** application.

Discount

By applying discount on the quotation, the product price will get decreased, the discount will be visible to the customer on quotation, this will encourage the customer to close the deal quickly.

The discount feature has to be enabled to show the percentage of the discount offered to the customer on quotation, it can be activated from **Sales / Configuration / Settings**.

Product Pricing

You need a pricelist to apply the product price based on the business rules such as discount or periodically price variations for a product(s). Let's go to **Sales / Configuration / Settings** and activate the **Multiple Sales Prices per Product options** as of now we will keep the **Multiple prices per product (e.g. customer segments, currencies)** option selected by default.

Let's create a *Distributor Pricelist*, the Public Pricelist available as a default, the pricelist can be accessed from **Sales / Catalog / Pricelists**. Create pricelist name it as *Distributor Pricelist* and change the **Discount Policy** to *Show public price & discount to the customer*.

Pricelists / New

SAVE DISCARD

Active

Distributor Pricelist

Discount Policy

☐ Discount included in the price
☒ Show public price & discount to the customer

Country Groups

Name

Add an item

The discount policy decides, whether the discount will be computed based on the pricelist and will be visible to customer on quotation or not. When you choose *Discount included in the price* the product price will be computed by applying the discount (%) and discount will not be visible to customer on quotation.

Tip: The *Discount included in the price* option can be used to apply the price variation such as commodity price, it may decrease or increased.

Create a product

Let's create the product and define the pricing rules so depending on the customer the price will be applied automatically. The **Pricing** rules can be applied under the **Sales** tab on product form.

\$ 0 Sales

Active

Product Name

Computer Desk

☒ Can be Sold
☒ Can be Purchased

General Information

Sales

Invoicing

Notes

Pricing

Pricelist	Price	Min. Quantity	Start Date	End Date
Distributor Pricelist (USD)	2,240.00	1		
Public Pricelist (USD)	3,200.00	1		
Add an item				

I have created two pricing rules, one for *Distributor Pricelist* and another for *Public Pricelist*. The customer which do not comes under any of those pricing rules the **Sales Price** defined on the product will be applied in that case.

Create a customer

Create a customer *China Export* of type distributor, we will offer the *Computer Desk* to them at a special price.

Customer Ledger

\$ 0 Sales

Active

\$ 0.00 Invoiced

☐ Individual
 ☒ Company

China Export

Address

Street...

Street 2...

City State ZIP

Country

TIN

e.g. BE0477472701

Tags

Tags...

Phone

Mobile

Email

Website

Language

e.g. www.odoo.com

English

Contacts & Addresses

Internal Notes

Sales & Purchases

Invoicing

Sale

Is a Customer ☒

Salesperson

Sale Pricelist

Distributor Pricelist (USD)

Purchase

Is a Vendor ☐

Misc

Internal Reference

Industry

Payments

0 Bank account(s)

0 Credit card(s)

To define this customer as a distributor, select the *Distributor Pricelist (USD)* in **Sales Pricelist** field available under the **Sales & Purchase** tab.

Create a quotation

Create a quotation from **Sales / Orders / Quotations**, select the *China Export* as a customer, a *Distributor Pricelist (USD)* will be selected automatically on the quotation. Now add the product *Computer Desk* on the order lines, **Unit Price** will be set to 3200 but **Subtotal** computed and shows 2240 as an automatic 30% discount computed and set on the **Discount** field based on the *Distributor Pricelist*.

S0002

Customer

John Doe

Expiration Date

Pricelist

Distributor Pricelist (USD)

Payment Terms

Order Lines

Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Discount (%)	Subtotal
+ Computer Desk	Computer Desk	1.000	3,200.00		30.00	\$ 2,240.00
Add an item						

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...

Untaxed Amount:

\$ 2,240.00

Taxes:

\$ 0.00

Total:

\$ 2,240.00

The 30% is computed based on the difference between price offered to distributors and the product **Sales Price**. *I.e.* $3200 - 2240 = 960$ which is 30% of the 3200 price.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PDdUTQmhokg>

4.6 Unit of Measure

4.6.1 Sell product in a multiple unit of measure

Business Case

Assuming that you are a reseller for the Beer, you buy in bulk (i.e. carton of 1000 units) and sell in the small packages (i.e. Pack of 4, 8, 10 or 12).

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7faW3poI1RU>

4.6.2 Sell products by multiple of unit # per package

Business Case

You can restrict product quantity on the sales order (pack of 6 or 12) so that it can be sold only in predefined package size.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o6jJNbICZuU>

4.6.3 Purchase meat in carton (~20kg/each), keep stock of cartons/kg and sell in carton or kg

Business Case

Assumed that you are in food industry and you buy bulk meat in carton and sell to business (hotels) per carton or consumers (end customer) per kg.

You also would like to see the stock of meat in your warehouse by # cartons and kg per carton.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CfU-f7I1S3M>

4.6.4 Purchase LED Lights in pack of 25pcs and sell single unit or pack of 25pcs

Business Case

Assuming that you are a reseller for LED lights, you buy in pack of 25, and sell in pack of 25 as it is or single unit.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wC45ANjmQa8>

4.7 Product and Tax

4.7.1 Adapt prices for Business to Customer (tax included in product price)

Business Case

Assume that you are retailer who buy the products from distributor and selling them to consumer, your customer always wanted to know product price included in tax.

Let's setup the product's sale price included tax.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AceFS3ekaJs>

4.7.2 Adapt product prices for Business to business (tax excluded) and Business to Customer (tax included)

Business Case

Assume that you are distributor who sell products to retailer but sometimes you also selling to consumer too. For you the challenge is to maintain two different price for product.

When you sell to retailer the price is excluded of product and when you sell to consumer that product price must be inclusive of tax.

Let's setup the product's sale price for business and for consumer.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rX0LhNRIW-0>

4.8 Invoicing

4.8.1 Send Pro-Forma Invoice to your customers

Business Case

Pro-Forma invoice is same as the quotation, but sometimes customer need the pro-forma invoice in order to process the bank payment.

Assume that your customer asking you for the pro-forma invoice.

Let's send the pro-forma invoice to customer.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yWO8EwoCW64>

4.8.2 Create invoice based on the delivered quantity

Business Case

Assume that your customer place bulk order, you need long time to deliver order. So, you would like to send the invoice just after the delivery based on the delivery.

But, for you the biggest challenge is how to control the invoice based on the delivery when inventory is not managed in Odoo.

Let's see how to create an invoice based on the delivery when inventory application is not managed in Odoo.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=d7aPQQkXV-o>

4.8.3 Create credit note from sales order, when customer return the product

Business Case

Assume that your customer place bulk order, so the invoicing policy you follow is to send the invoice just after the delivery based on the delivery.

But, for you the biggest challenge is how to control the invoice or credit note based on the sale delivery or return of some products when inventory is not managed in Odoo.

Let's see how to create an invoice or credit note based on the delivery or return when inventory application is not managed in Odoo.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vjdgXq5tC2c>

4.8.4 Create single invoice from multiple sales orders

Business Case

Assume that you have a multiple sales order for the same customer which are not invoiced and you would like to invoice them all at once as you invoice at the end of every month to all your customers.

Let's see how to create single invoice from the multiple sale orders.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lhmrGSLXvA>

4.9 Customer Portal

4.9.1 Online customer approval on quotation

Sending an online quotation can speed up the negotiation process, customer can negotiate and approve the quotation online, this can boost up your sales process and minimize the sales cycle.

Business case

The service company who is selling the *Support pack* which is service offered at fixed price. As soon as customer accept the proposal, customer can start sending the support requests. The company wants to get the online signature from the customer and customer can release the payment based on the payment terms.

Configuration

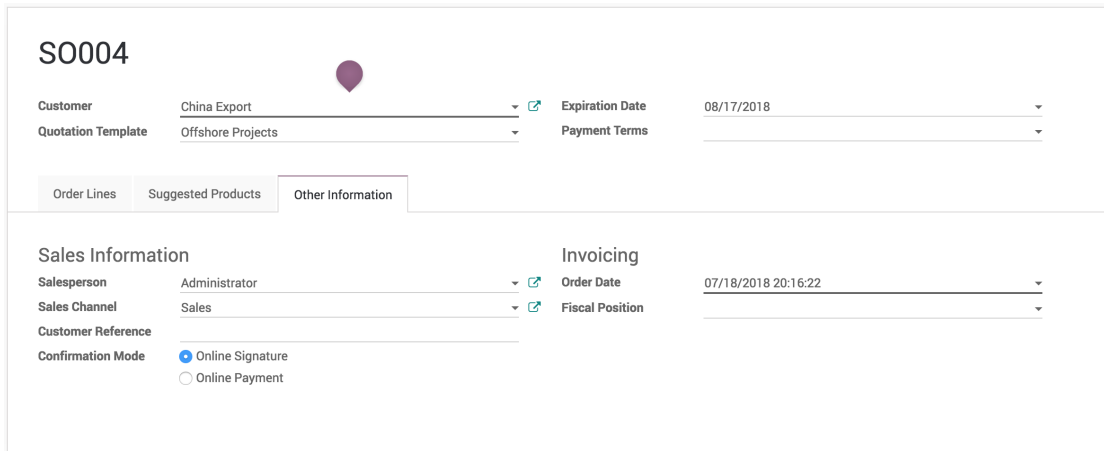
Assumed that you have installed **Sales Management** application, configure the quotation template for the support packs.

Online signature



The **Confirmation Mode** on the quotation template available on the **Confirmation** tab is set to *Online Signature* by default. The customer can confirm the quotation by themselves by signing the quotation. Keep it as it is when you just want the online signature form customer.



Create and send quotation by email

Create a quotation select customer, select quotation template. Before you send the quotation to customer make sure that **Confirmation Mode** is set to *Online signature* on quotation under the **Other Information** tab.




S0004



Customer: China Export  Expiration Date: 08/17/2018 



Quotation Template: Offshore Projects  Payment Terms: 

Order Lines | Suggested Products | **Other Information**

Sales Information

Salesperson: Administrator  Invoicing

Sales Channel: Sales  Order Date: 07/18/2018 20:16:22 

Customer Reference:  Fiscal Position: 

Confirmation Mode: ☒ Online Signature ☐ Online Payment

Tip: You can change the **Confirmation Mode** for each quotation regardless of the configuration on quotation template.

Accept quotation

Customer can review the quotation online, once it suits his/her need than he/she can accept the quotation by clicking on the **Accept Order** and signing the quotation online.

The quotation accepted and signed by the customer will be confirmed and converted to sales order in backend. It will automatically triggers the next business process in backend such as creating a delivery order, manufacturing order or create a task or project in the project management depending on your configuration.

Tip: Customer can accept and sign online quotation which are not expired yet. The expiration date will be computed on quotation based on the number of days defined on quotation template in **Quotation expires after** field. However the specific **Expiration Date** can be set on the quotation manually before you send the quotation by email.

Reject quotation

The quotation will be set to **Cancelled** state in the backend once it has been rejected by the customer on-line, however it can be reset to draft modified and send it back to the customer when you are in negotiation process.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hUtlwFkymEo>

4.9.2 Online customer approval and payment on quotation

Sending an online quotation can speed up the negotiation process, customer can negotiate and approve the quotation online, this can boost up your sales process and minimise the sales cycle.

Getting online approval on quotation is good but getting paid online is great, it will be really cool to get online payment from the customer along with the approval of quotation.

Business case

The service company who is selling the *Support pack* which is service offered at fixed price. As soon as customer make the online payment, they can start getting the support by sending support request. The company wants to get the online payment instead of signature from the customer to start the support service.

Configuration

Assumed that you have installed **Sales Management** application, configure the quotation template for the support packs.

Online payment

The **Confirmation Mode** on the quotation template available on the **Configuration** tab is set to *Online Signature* by default, change it to *Online Payment*. The customer have to pay online to confirm the quotation by themselves.

Accept online payment

Installing the **Sales Management** application also installed the **Invoicing** application, the payment acquire needs to be activated from the list of payment acquires (payment gateways) available in Odoo. All the payment acquires can be found and activated from **Invoicing / Configuration / Payment Acquirers**. Install and configure the payment acquirer, which suits your requirement.

I have installed and configure the *Authorised.net* payment acquirer.

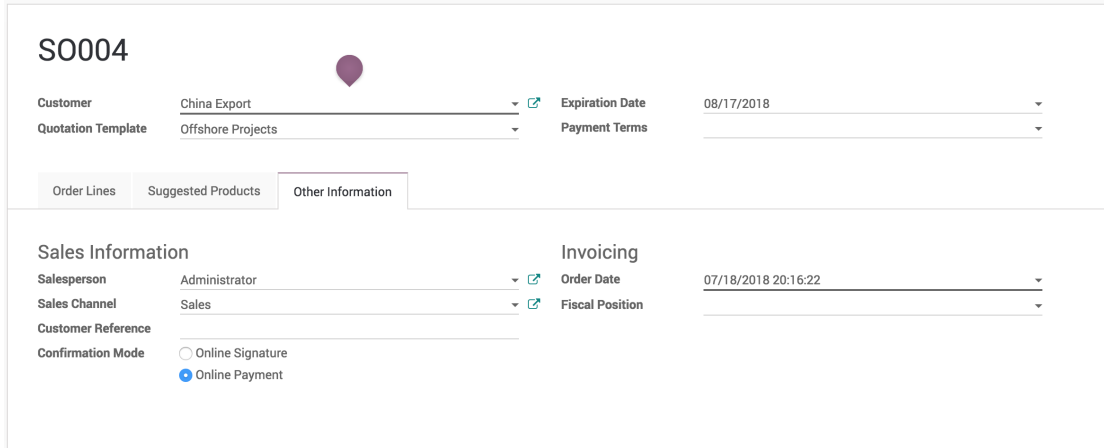
The screenshot shows the Odoo interface for configuring the 'Authorize.Net' payment acquirer. At the top right, it indicates 'Test Environment' and 'Published'. The main heading is 'Authorize.Net'. Below this, there are three tabs: 'Credentials', 'Messages', and 'Configuration'. The 'Configuration' tab is active. It contains several settings: 'Payment Journal' is set to 'Authorize.Net (USD)'; 'Capture Amount' has a checkbox for 'Manually' which is unchecked; 'Specific Countries' has a checkbox which is unchecked; 'Supported Payment Icons' shows a row of icons for VISA, Diners Club International, Discover, JCB, Maestro, and MasterCard; and 'Payment Flow' has two radio buttons, 'Redirection to the acquirer website' (unchecked) and 'Payment from Odoo' (checked).

Tip: Do not forget to **Publish** configured payment acquire to force customer to pay by that and unpublish other acquire such as **Wire Transfer**.

I have also made change to **Payment Flow** from *Redirect to the acquirer website* to *Payment from Odoo* as i want to process the payment directly from Odoo without redirecting to acquirer website. You can switch to **Production** as soon as everything configured and working properly.

Create and send quotation by email

Create a quotation select customer, select quotation template. Before you send the quotation to customer make sure that **Confirmation Mode** is set to *Online Payment* on quotation under the **Other Information** tab.



The screenshot shows the Odoo Quotation form for SO004. The form is divided into several sections. At the top, there's a header with the quotation number 'SO004' and a purple circular icon. Below this, there are two rows of fields: 'Customer' (China Export) and 'Quotation Template' (Offshore Projects) on the left, and 'Expiration Date' (08/17/2018) and 'Payment Terms' on the right. Below these fields are three tabs: 'Order Lines', 'Suggested Products', and 'Other Information'. The 'Other Information' tab is selected. Under this tab, there are two sections: 'Sales Information' and 'Invoicing'. 'Sales Information' includes 'Salesperson' (Administrator), 'Sales Channel' (Sales), 'Customer Reference', and 'Confirmation Mode'. 'Confirmation Mode' has two radio buttons: 'Online Signature' and 'Online Payment', with 'Online Payment' being selected. 'Invoicing' includes 'Order Date' (07/18/2018 20:16:22) and 'Fiscal Position'.

Tip: You can change the **Confirmation Mode** for each quotation regardless of the configuration on quotation template.

Accept and pay online

Customer can review the quotation online, once it suite their need that can accept the quotation by clicking on the **Accept Order** and make the online payment on the quotation.

The quotation accepted and paid by the customer online will convert quotation to sales order in backend.

Warning: Make sure that customer has correct contract details before they process for the online payment. Some payment acquirer required complete customer details.

Tip: Customer can accept and pay online quotation which are not expired yet. The expiration date will be computed on quotation based on the number of days defined on quotation template in **Quotation expires after** field. However the specific **Expiration Date** can be set on the quotation manually before you send the quotation by email.

The quotation converted to sales order and It will automatically triggers the next business process in backend such as creating a delivery order, manufacturing order or create a task or project in the project management depending on your configuration.

1 Transactions

SO004

Customer China Export
307, Wonchai, Business Plus
Street 203
Wonchai 302901
Hong Kong

Quotation Template Offshore Projects

Confirmation Date 07/19/2018 00:19:17

Payment Terms

Order Lines

Suggested Products

Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Delivered	Invoiced	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
Offshore project setup fee	Offshore project setup fee	1.000	0.000	0.000	500.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 500.00
Project manager days	Project manager days	5.000	0.000	0.000	200.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 1,000.00
Developer days	Developer days	20.000	0.000	0.000	120.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 2,400.00

Terms and conditions specific to the offshore projects.

Untaxed Amount: \$ 3,900.00

Taxes: \$ 585.00

Total: \$ 4,485.00

The Transaction is attached to the confirmed sales order, you can click on the transaction and get the status and reference about the online payment made by customer. It is set to **Done** and **Acquirer Reference** number is available on the transaction when payment was successfully processed.

DRAFT PENDING AUTHORIZED DONE REFUNDING REFUNDED ERROR CANCELED

<p>Reference SO004</p> <p>Amount 4,485.00 USD</p> <p>Fees 0.00</p> <p>Customer China Export 307, Wonchai, Business Plus Street 203 Wonchai 302901 Hong Kong</p>	<p>Acquirer Authorize.Net</p> <p>Payment Token XXXXXXXXXXXX0015 - CHINA EXPORT</p> <p>Acquirer Reference 60106098004</p> <p>Creation Date 07/19/2018 00:19:15</p> <p>Validation Date 07/19/2018 00:19:17</p>
--	--

Message

Reject quotation

The quotation will be set to **Cancelled** state in the backend once it has been rejected by the customer on-line, however it can be reset to draft modified and send it back to the customer when you are in negotiation process.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x08JPYRX0x4>

4.10 Delivery Charges

4.10.1 Free delivery if order total is more than \$2000

Odoo can handle various delivery methods, but it is not activated by default. Delivery methods can be used for normal sale of you can also use for your e-commerce order.

Delivery methods allow you to manage the transport company, the price and the destination.

Tip: You can even integrate Odoo with external shippers to compute the real price and the packagings.

Configuration

Activate the Shipping Costs feature form [Sales](#) / [Configuration](#) / [Settings](#).

Shipping	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shipping Costs Compute shipping costs on orders → Delivery Methods	<input type="checkbox"/> Delivery Date Manage delivery dates from sales orders
<input type="checkbox"/> Incoterms Display incoterms on orders & invoices	<input type="checkbox"/> Order-Specific Routes Apply special routes from orders (e.g. dropshipping, MTO)
<input type="checkbox"/> UPS Compute shipping costs and ship with UPS	<input type="checkbox"/> DHL USA Compute shipping costs and ship with DHL
<input type="checkbox"/> FedEx Compute shipping costs and ship with FedEx	<input type="checkbox"/> USPS Compute shipping costs and ship with USPS
<input type="checkbox"/> bpost Compute shipping costs and ship with bpost	<input type="checkbox"/> Easypost Compute shipping costs and ship with Easypost

Note: Activating the Shipping Costs will install the Inventory application if it was not installed previously.

Setup the delivery charges

Let's assume that you deliver the product at fixed \$50 and you deliver for free when total order value is more than \$2000.

Active

Name
Delivery charges 1

Provider 2

☒ Fixed Price
☐ Based on Rules

[Install more Providers](#)

Margin on Rate 3

☒ Free if order amount is above 2,000.00

Delivery Product [Delivery] Delivery charges

Pricing

Destination Availability

Fixed Price 50.00 4

Goto Sales / Configure / Delivery Methods rename the existing method *Free delivery charges* to *Delivery charges* add the \$50 in the **Fixed Price**.


Tip: If you have a multiple delivery methods having a fixed price, please create a separate Delivery Product for each method.

Setup product price

Do not forget to add the correct product price when creating the products.

Product Moves \$ 1 Sales Active

Product Name
Laptop



☒ Can be Sold
☒ Can be Purchased

General Information

Sales

Purchase

Inventory

Product Type Consumable

Product Category All

Internal Reference

Barcode

HS Code

Sales Price \$1,250.00

Customer Taxes (Tax 15.00% ✕)

TaxCloud Category

Cost \$950.00

Adding delivery cost to the quotation

You can now choose the Delivery Method on your sale order. If you want to invoice the price of the delivery charge on the sale order, click on Set price, it will add a line with the name of the delivery method as a product.

S0002

Customer 1 Customer 2 Quote Validity 3 Payment Terms 4 Delivery Method 5 Delivery charges 6 \$ 0.00 7 [Check price](#) [Set price](#) 8

Info: The shipping is free because the order amount exceeds 2000.00. (The actual shipping cost is: 50.00)

Order Lines		Other Information				
Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal	
+ Laptop 9	Laptop	1.000	1,250.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 1,250.00	
+ Mobile	Mobile	1.000	850.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 850.00	
+ [Delivery] Delivery charges	Delivery charges	1.000	0.00	Tax 15.00%	10 \$ 0.00	
Add a line						
Terms and conditions... (note: you can setup default ones in the Configuration menu)						
					Untaxed Amount:	\$ 2,100.00
					Taxes:	\$ 315.00
					Total:	\$ 2,415.00

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JDmpvFqVmzw>

4.10.2 Calculate shipping rates based on product weight

Odoo can handle various delivery methods, but it is not activated by default. Delivery methods can be used for normal sale of you can also use for your e-commerce order.

Delivery methods allow you to manage the transport company, the price and the destination.

Tip: You can even integrate Odoo with external shippers to compute the real price and the packagings.

Configuration

Activate the Shipping Costs feature form Sales / Configuration / Settings.

Shipping	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Shipping Costs Compute shipping costs on orders → Delivery Methods	<input type="checkbox"/> Delivery Date Manage delivery dates from sales orders
<input type="checkbox"/> Incoterms Display incoterms on orders & invoices	<input type="checkbox"/> Order-Specific Routes Apply special routes from orders (e.g. dropshipping, MTO)
<input type="checkbox"/> UPS Compute shipping costs and ship with UPS	<input type="checkbox"/> DHL USA Compute shipping costs and ship with DHL
<input type="checkbox"/> FedEx Compute shipping costs and ship with FedEx	<input type="checkbox"/> USPS Compute shipping costs and ship with USPS
<input type="checkbox"/> bpost Compute shipping costs and ship with bpost	<input type="checkbox"/> Easypost Compute shipping costs and ship with Easypost

Note: Activating the Shipping Costs will install the Inventory application if it was not installed previously.

Setup the delivery charges

Let's assume that you deliver the product to your customer through postal service and the service charges you based on weight. Postal service deliver to all over the USA at \$20 fixed rates if the weight upto 1kg, when weight is above 1kg, they charge \$8 for every 1kg.

Active

Name

Postal Delivery

Provider

☐ Fixed Price
 ☒ Based on Rules

Install more Providers

Margin on Rate

0 %

☐ Free if order amount is above
Delivery Product

[Delivery] Delivery charges

Pricing

Destination Availability

Name

if weight <= 1.0 then fixed price 20.0

if weight > 1.0 then 8.0 times weight

Add a line

Goto Sales / Configure / Delivery Methods and create a new method *Postal Delivery*, select *Based on Rule* for **Provide** as the delivery cost is based on the weight and create a two rules.

Open: Pricing Rules



Condition Weight \leq 1.00
 Delivery Cost 20.00 + 0.00 * Weight

SAVE & CLOSE

SAVE & NEW

DISCARD

Setup product weight

Do not forget to add the correct product weight while creating the products.

Product Moves

\$ 0 Sales

Active

Product Name

Laptop

☒ Can be Sold
☒ Can be Purchased

General Information

Sales

Purchase

Inventory

Product Type

Consumable

Sales Price

\$1,250.00

Product Category

All

Customer Taxes

Tax 15.00% x

Internal Reference

TaxCloud Category

Barcode

Cost

\$950.00

HS Code

Weight

1.50

kg

Volume

0.00

m³

Responsible

Administrator

Tip: Compute and set the product weight including weight of delivery package.

Adding delivery cost to the quotation

You can now choose the Delivery Method on your sale order. If you want to invoice the price of the delivery charge on the sale order, click on Set price, it will add a line with the name of the delivery method as a product.

S0003

Customer 1 Customer 2 Quote Validity Payment Terms Delivery Method

Postal Delivery 3 \$ 12.00 → Check price → Set price 4 5

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
+ Laptop 2	Laptop	1.000	1,250.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 1,250.00
+ [Delivery] Delivery charges	Postal Delivery	1.000	12.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 12.00

[Add a line](#)

Terms and conditions... (note: you can setup default ones in the Configuration menu)

Untaxed Amount:	\$ 1,262.00
Taxes:	\$ 189.30
Total:	\$ 1,451.30

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4gng3eRd13A>

4.10.3 Delivery price based on the area (zip code, state or country)

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7QiYpRAVIKE>

4.10.4 Manage delivery price fluctuation, apply margin on the delivery charges

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2nbCQNYtWHY>

4.11 Manage Inventory

4.11.1 Create a purchase order for products based on sales order

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CPaDx5KSp6w>

4.11.2 Choose different delivery location for specific customer orders

Business Case

Some times in business you need to reserver stock for specific product when your preferred customer request, so that you can preserver that stock for preferred customer and should not be assigned to any other customer.

Later when preferred customer place an order you can deliver the products form that reserver stock only or you can actually choose from which stock you would like to make the delivery.

Tip: You can use the same configuration, when you would like to choose the specific stock (lots) irrespective of removal strategy.

Video

4.11.3 Consignment stock transfer, raise an invoice when stock sold by the retailer

Business Case

In retail and distribution business the distributor have to transfer the stock to retailers without invoice, periodically the stock is reviewed at retailer location and invoice will be raised for the stock sold or consumed.

Distributor wants to track the stock assigned to the retailer and manage the returns for the unsold items.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qDkSGfP1a7E>

4.11.4 Manage sell and buy-back of used product

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IVgtMqoLHbs>

4.12 Service Product

4.12.1 Create an invoice at milestone completion for a project

There are different kind of service sales: prepaid volume of hours/days (e.g. support contract), billing based on time and material (e.g. billing consulting hours) or a fixed price contract (e.g. a project).

Milestone invoicing can be used for expensive or large scale projects, with each milestone representing a clear sequence of work that will incrementally build up to the completion of the contract. For example, a marketing agency hired for a new product launch could break down a project into the following milestones, each of them considered as one service with a fixed price on the sale order :

- Milestone 1 : Marketing strategy audit - 5 000 euros
- Milestone 2 : Brand Identity - 10 000 euros
- Milestone 3 : Campaign launch & PR - 8 500 euros

In this case, an invoice will be sent to the customer each time a milestone will be successfully reached. That invoicing method is comfortable both for the company which is ensured to get a steady cash flow throughout the project lifetime and for the client who can monitor the project's progress and pay in several times.

Note: You can also use milestones to invoice percentages of the entire project. For example, for a million euros project, your company might require a 15% upfront payment, 30% at the midpoint and the balance at the contract conclusion. In that case, each payment will be considered as one milestone.

Configuration

In order to sell services and to send invoices, you need to install the Sales application, from the Apps icon.

In Odoo, each milestone of your project is considered as a product. From the Sales application, use the menu Sales → Products, create a new product with the following setup:

- Name: Strategy audit
- Product Type: Service
- Invoicing Policy: Delivered Quantities, since you will invoice your milestone after it has been delivered
- Track Service: Manually set quantities on order, as you complete each milestone, you will manually update their quantity from the Delivered tab on your sale order

The screenshot shows the Odoo Product configuration form for a product named 'Strategy Audit'. The form is divided into several sections. At the top, there is a 'Product Name' field with the value 'Strategy Audit'. To the right of the name, there is a status indicator showing '\$ 0 Sales' and a green 'Active' button. Below the name, there are two checkboxes: 'Can be Sold' and 'Can be Purchased', both of which are checked. The form has four tabs: 'General Information', 'Sales', 'Invoicing', and 'Notes'. The 'Invoicing' tab is currently selected. Under the 'Invoicing' tab, there are two sections: 'Receivables' and 'Payables'. The 'Receivables' section has a 'Customer Taxes' dropdown menu set to 'Tax 15.00% x'. The 'Payables' section has a 'Vendor Taxes' dropdown menu set to 'Tax 15.00% x'. Below these sections, there is an 'Invoicing Policy' section with two radio buttons: 'Ordered quantities' and 'Delivered quantities'. The 'Delivered quantities' radio button is selected and highlighted with a red rectangle.

Note: Apply the same configuration for the others milestones.

Quotations and sale orders

Now that your milestones (or products) are created, you can create a quotation or a sale order with each line corresponding to one milestone. For each line, set the Ordered Quantity to 1 as each milestone is completed once. Once

the quotation is confirmed and transformed into a sale order, you will be able to change the delivered quantities when the corresponding milestone has been achieved.

SO022

Customer
Agrolait

Expiration Date
07/06/2018

Quotation Template
Default Template

Payment Terms
30 Net Days

Order Lines
Suggested Products
Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
Strategy Audit	Strategy Audit	1.000	5,000.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 5,000.00
Rebranding	Rebranding	1.000	10,000.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 10,000.00
Campaign launch & PR	Campaign launch & PR	1.000	8,500.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 8,500.00

Add an item

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings
...

Untaxed Amount: \$ 23,500.00
Taxes: \$ 3,525.00
Total: \$ 27,025.00

Invoice milestones

Let's assume that your first milestone (the strategy audit) has been successfully delivered and you want to invoice it to your customer. On the sale order, click on Edit and set the Delivered Quantity of the related product to 1.

Tip: As soon as the above modification has been saved, you will notice that the color of the line has changed to blue, meaning that the service can now be invoiced. In the same time, the invoice status of the SO has changed from Nothing To Invoice to To Invoice

Click on Create invoice and, in the new window that pops up, select Invoiceable lines and validate. It will create a new invoice (in draft status) with only the strategy audit product as invoiceable.

Sales Orders / SO022 / Invoice

Save Discard 1 / 1 < >

Validate Draft Open Paid

Draft Invoice

Customer: Agrolait Invoice Date: 06/06/2018

Payment Terms: 30 Net Days Due Date: 07/06/2018

Salesperson: Administrator Sales Channel: Europe

Invoice Lines Other Info

Product	Description	Quantity	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
Strategy Audit	Strategy Audit	1.000	5,000.00	Tax 15.00%	\$ 5,000.00

Add an item

Untaxed Amount: \$ 5,000.00
Tax: \$ 750.00
Total: \$ 5,750.00

Note: In order to be able to invoice a product, you need to set up the Accounting application and to configure an accounting journal and a chart of account. Click on the following link to learn more: [How to setup Odoo Accounting?](#)

Back on your sale order, you will notice that the Invoiced column of your order line has been updated accordingly and that the Invoice Status is back to Nothing to Invoice.

Follow the same workflow to invoice your remaining milestones.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LYVdSEsQwAM>

4.12.2 Create task from sales order and invoice based on timesheet

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bHTU82CadGY>

4.13 Subscription

4.13.1 Set up a recurring invoice, help you to invoice regularly

Business case

The internet distribution company generates an invoice based on the volume based plan.

Customer have started with the volume based plan 30GB/month, after some days customer realise and wants to increase the data on the subscription.

Let's increase the data on the existing subscription in the middle of the month.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=elHuUlsHVZc>

4.13.2 Sell subscriptions through sales quotation

Business case

The internet distribution company wants to generate an invoice for unlimited internet plan for customers on the monthly basis.

The sales process starts from the sale quotation.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GP33EHAYooA>

4.13.3 Sell subscription through sales quotation and receive online payment

Business case

The internet distribution company wants to generate an invoice for unlimited internet plan for customers on the monthly basis.

The sales process starts from the sale quotation, start subscription when customer pay online and process invoice manually.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1eanN9BQV7E>

4.13.4 Sell subscription through sales quotation, online payment and automatic invoice

Business case

The internet distribution company wants to generate an invoice for unlimited internet plan for customers on the monthly basis.

The sales process starts from the sale quotation, start subscription when customer pay online and automatic invoice and payment matching.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cCxaMdKKoJ4>

4.13.5 Sell subscription plan through an eCommerce platform

Business case

The internet distribution company wants to generate an invoice for unlimited internet plan for customers on the monthly basis.

The company is selling the subscription over the eCommerce platform. Start subscription when customer pay online and charge monthly invoice automatically.

Let's setup the eCommerce platform to setup the subscription over the eCommerce platform.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BNs63hOAme8>

4.13.6 Increase quantity in subscription during the middle of the month

Business case

The internet distribution company wants to generate an invoice for unlimited internet plan for customers on the monthly basis.

The sales process starts from the sale quotation, start subscription when customer pay online and automatic invoice and payment matching.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kKfDH8GnpYo>

5.1 Odoo Accounting

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6XgKPjgyoec>

5.1.1 Transcript

Odoo is beautiful accounting software designed for the needs of the 21st century.

Odoo connects directly to your bank or paypal account. Transactions are synchronized every hour and reconciliation is blazing fast. It's like magic.

Instantly create invoices and send them with just a click. No need to print them.

Odoo can send them for you by email or regular mail.

Your customers pay online, meaning you get your money right away.

Odoo accounting is connected with all Odoo our apps such as sale, purchase, inventory and subscriptions.

This way, recording vendor bills is also super quick. Set a vendor, select the purchase order and Odoo fills in everything for you automatically.

Then, just use the SEPA protocol or print checks to pay vendors in batches.

It's that easy with Odoo.

Wait, there is more. You will love the Odoo reports. From legal statements to executive summaries, they are fast and dynamic. Use Odoo's business intelligence feature to navigate through all your companies data.

Of course, Odoo is mobile too. You can use it to check your accounts on the go.

Try Odoo now, and join 2 millions of happy users.

5.2 The Accounting behind Odoo

This page summarises the way Odoo deals with typical accounts and transactions.

5.2.1 Double-entry bookkeeping

Odoo automatically creates all the behind-the-scenes journal entries for each of your accounting transactions: customer invoices, point of sale order, expenses, inventory moves, etc.

Odoo uses the rules of double-entry bookkeeping system: all journal entries are automatically balanced (sum of debits = sum of credits).

5.2.2 Accrual and Cash Basis Methods

Odoo support both accrual and cash basis reporting. This allows you to report income / expense at the time transactions occur (i.e., accrual basis), or when payment is made or received (i.e., cash basis).

5.2.3 Multi-companies

Odoo allows to manage several companies within the same database. Each company has its own chart of accounts and rules. You can get consolidation reports following your consolidation rules.

Users can access several companies but always work in one company at a time.

5.2.4 Multi-currencies

Every transaction is recorded in the default currency of the company. For transactions occurring in another currency, Odoo stores both the value in the currency of the company and the value in the currency of the transaction. Odoo can generate currencies gains and losses after the reconciliation of the journal items.

Currency rates are updated once a day using a yahoo.com online web-service.

5.2.5 International Standards

Odoo accounting support more than 50 countries. The Odoo core accounting implement accounting standards that is common to all countries and specific modules exists per country for the specificities of the country like the chart of accounts, taxes, or bank interfaces.

In particular, Odoo's core accounting engine supports:

- Anglo-Saxon Accounting (U.S., U.K., and other English-speaking countries including Ireland, Canada, Australia, and New Zealand) where cost of good sold are reported when products are sold/delivered.
- European accounting where expenses are accounted at the supplier bill.
- Storno accounting (Italy) where refund invoices have negative credit/debit instead of a reverting the original journal items.
- Odoo also have modules to comply with IFRS rules.

5.2.6 Accounts Receivable & Payable

By default, Odoo uses a single account for all account receivable entries and one for all accounts payable entries. You can create separate accounts per customers/suppliers, but you don't need to.

As transactions are associated to customers or suppliers, you get reports to perform analysis per customer/supplier such as the customer statement, revenues per customers, aged receivable/payables, ...

5.2.7 Wide range of financial reports

In Odoo, you can generate financial reports in real time. Odoo's reports range from basic accounting reports to advanced management reports. Odoo's reports include:

- Performance reports (such as Profit and Loss, Budget Variance)
- Position reports (such as Balance Sheet, Aged Payables, Aged Receivables)
- Cash reports (such as Bank Summary)
- Detail reports (such as Trial Balance and General Ledger)
- Management reports (such as Budgets, Executive Summary)
- Odoo's report engine allows you to customize your own report based on your own formulae.

5.2.8 Import bank feeds automatically

Bank reconciliation is a process that matches your bank statement lines, as supplied by the bank, to your accounting transactions in the general ledger. Odoo makes bank reconciliation easy by frequently importing bank statement lines from your bank directly into your Odoo account. This means you can have a daily view of your cashflow without having to log into your online banking or wait for your paper bank statements.

Odoo speeds up bank reconciliation by matching most of your imported bank statement lines to your accounting transactions. Odoo also remembers how you've treated other bank statement lines and provides suggested general ledger transactions.

5.2.9 Calculates the tax you owe your tax authority

Odoo totals all your accounting transactions for your tax period and uses these totals to calculate your tax obligation. You can then check your sales tax by running Odoo's Tax Report.

5.2.10 Inventory Valuation

Odoo support both periodic (manual) and perpetual (automated) inventory valuations. The available methods are standard price, average price, LIFO (for countries allowing it) and FIFO.

5.2.11 Easy retained earnings

Retained earnings is the portion of income retained by your business. Odoo automatically calculates your current year earnings in real time so no year-end journal or rollover is required. This is calculated by reporting the profit and loss balance to your balance sheet report automatically.

5.3 Customer Invoice

5.3.1 Create first customer invoice and register payment

Let's create the first customer invoice, and register the payment on the customer invoice.

Business case

The company just started the operation and wanted to generate some customer invoices, here is a perfect example of the same.

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qU8Ha_HpJtk

5.3.2 Set the first invoice number - Invoice Sequence

Let's change the starting number of invoice sequence.

Business case

Your company wants to set the specific invoice sequence from the specific number.

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=22R0E4zA_Vw

5.3.3 Reset invoice sequence on financial year change

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iVdG0P_ka2Y

5.3.4 Set a due date on the invoice

Let's set the due date manually on the customer invoice.

Business case

Set the due date by that customer have to pay the invoice. Due date can be set through payment term or due date.

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wRm9zbA_lnk

5.4 Payment

5.4.1 Register cash payment from customer and mark invoice as paid

Let's create the customer invoice, and register the cash payment on invoice.

Business case

You have a customer asking for the real invoice and wants to pay the invoice by cash.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hKcn7OAUOMo>

5.4.2 Receive bank check from customer and mark invoice as in payment

Let's create the customer invoice, and register the check payment on invoice.

Business case

You have a customer pay bank check against an invoice, keep paying invoice payment status as in payment until you get confirmation in your bank account.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hKcn7OAUOMo>

5.4.3 Customer invoice is marked as paid with the customer credit balance

Let's create the customer invoice and mark as paid with customers credit balance.

Business case

You have a customer invoice, make it as paid with the available credit balance.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ljXy-K4uQuc>

5.4.4 Adjust customer invoice against vendor bill

Let's adjust the payable (vendor bill) vs receivable (customer invoice)

Business case

You have a customer who buy service from you and sell material to you. Now you want to adjust payable (vendor bill) with the receivable (customer invoice).

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gs6qDogX7xg>

5.5 Payment Terms

5.5.1 Offer cash discounts when customer pay before the due date

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uNksgDgzKj8>

5.5.2 Offer payment term to your customer - 30% Now, Balance 60 Days

Let's offer flexibility to your customer to pay the invoice.

Business case

Offer flexibility to pay the invoice, 30% at the time of invoice and Balance within 60 Days from the date of invoice.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WuxhABLGR4M>

5.5.3 Offer an instalment plan to customer

Let's offer an instalment plan to the customer.

Business case

Some business needs to maintain the cash flow by offering an instalment plan to the customer or consumer.

It can be interest free or with interest which is already included in the product price.

Configuration

Please refer the below image shows the configuration of payment that creates the instalment plan on the confirmation of customer invoice.

Accounting

Overview Customers Vendors Accounting Reporting Configuration

9 / 9

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

Administrator

Payment Terms / Instalment Plan

SAVE

DISCARD

Payment Terms

Instalment Plan

Description on the Invoice

Payment term explanation for the customer...

Terms

The last line's computation type should be "Balance" to ensure that the whole amount will be allocated.

Due Type	Value	Number of Days	Options	Day of the month
+ Percent	10.000000	30	days after the invoice date	0
+ Percent	10.000000	60	days after the invoice date	0
+ Percent	10.000000	90	days after the invoice date	0
+ Percent	10.000000	120	days after the invoice date	0
+ Percent	10.000000	150	days after the invoice date	0
+ Percent	10.000000	180	days after the invoice date	0
+ Percent	10.000000	210	days after the invoice date	0
+ Percent	10.000000	240	days after the invoice date	0
+ Percent	10.000000	270	days after the invoice date	0
+ Balance	0.000000	300	days after the invoice date	0

Add a line

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6zQPvwyjvUI>

5.5.4 Warning message on credit limit reached and block further invoice when it cross limits

Let's setup the credit control for the customer.

Business case

Set the credit limit for the customer, warning message when customer near to the credit limit and block when limit cross and force to pay the due invoices.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=38YWjq2bRfc>

5.6 Payment Followups

5.6.1 Drill down into the customer ledger report

Let's explore the customer ledger.

Business case

Drill down into the customer ledger report - printable and analyse analytic views.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cjz0-V6xqH0>

5.6.2 Customer follow up for due invoices

Customer follow up is about to send a brief email requesting payment.

Business case

The My Company wants to setup the follow up process where the follow up email can be sent automatically or manually. The content of the email will be changes based on the number of followups already done before.

Let's send the follow up email to customer who have due invoice,

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OwyUZJpOHS8>

5.7 Setup Accounting

5.7.1 Setup Company Information, Bank Accounts and Fiscal Period

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mmPNI2TY_Jw

5.7.2 Setup Odoo Accounting and Import opening balance

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ybnQN_ip0gQ

5.8 Taxes and Duties

5.8.1 Create a new taxes

Odoo's tax engine is very flexible and support many different type of taxes: value added taxes (VAT), eco-taxes, federal/states/city taxes, retention, withholding taxes, etc. For most countries, your system is pre-configured with the right taxes.

Business case

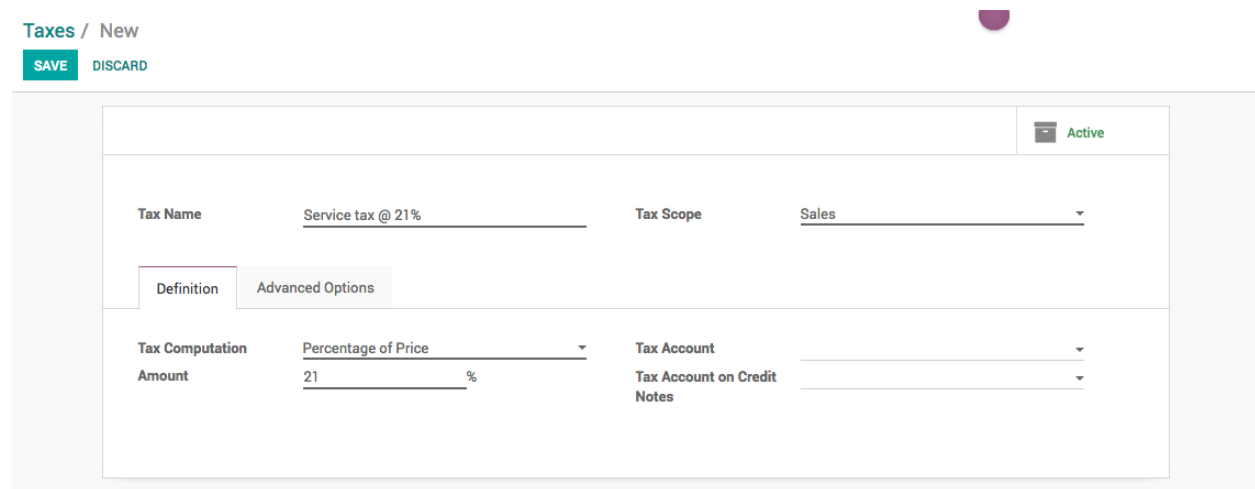
Let's create a service tax that computes the tax @ 21% of the service price.

Configuration

Assumed that the you have already installed either **Invoicing** or **Financial Accounting** application.

Create a tax

The new tax can be created from **Invoicing / Configuration / Taxes** or **Accounting / Configuration / Taxes**, create a new tax and enter Tax Name, Tax Scope, Tax Computation.



Taxes / New

SAVE DISCARD

Active

Tax Name: Service tax @ 21% Tax Scope: Sales

Definition Advanced Options

Tax Computation: Percentage of Price Tax Account: Tax Account on Credit

Amount: 21 % Notes:

Tax Name is a label to the tax that will be displayed on the sales or purchase order form during sales or purchase process, on the printed invoice **Label on Invoices** will be printed, can be set under the **Advance Options** tab.

Tax Scope is used to define the tax application, it can be *Sales* or *Purchase* or *None*. You can set None when tax is deprecated or tax is used in a group but not applicable directly.

Note: If you want to avoid using a tax, you can not delete it because the tax is probably used in several invoices. So, in order to avoid users to continue using this tax, you should set the field Tax Scope to None.

Tax Computation is a type that can be selected according to the tax computation required

- Fixed: eco-taxes, etc.
- Percentage of Price: most common (e.g. 15% sales tax)
- Percentage of Price Tax Included: used in Brazil.
- Group of taxes: allows to have a compound tax

Tip: If you need more advanced tax mechanism, you can install the module 'account_tax_python' and you will be able to define new taxes with Python code.

Advanced configuration

Taxes / New

SAVE DISCARD

Active

Tax NameService tax @ 21%

Tax ScopeSales

DefinitionAdvanced Options

Label on Invoices21%

Tax GroupTaxes

Tags

Included in Price

Affect Base of Subsequent Taxes

Tax Adjustment

Label on Invoices is a short text on how you want this tax to be printed on invoice line. For example, a tax named “*Service tax @ 21%*” can have the following label on invoice “21%”.

Tax Group defines where this tax is summed in the invoice footer. All the tax belonging to the same tax group will be grouped on the invoice footer. Examples of tax_group: VAT, Retention.

Included in Price can be selected when the tax is to be defined as included in price. i.e. *Product Price is 100 and Service tax @ 21% is defined as included in price then product cost will be set as 82.64 and tax amount will be 17.35.*

Tags: are used for custom reports. Usually, you can keep this field empty.

5.8.2 Apply default taxes on products or sales order

Taxes applied in your country are installed automatically for most localizations. Default taxes set in orders and invoices come from each product's Invoicing tab. Such taxes are used when you sell to companies that are in the same country/state than you.

Business case

Let's set the default sales and purchase tax to Tax 15.00%.

Configuration

All the new products created in the Odoo take the default tax set in the **Accounting/Invoicing Settings**. To change the default taxes set for any new product created, goto **Invoicing / Configuration / Settings**.

Taxes

Default Taxes
Default taxes applied to local transactions

Sales Tax	Tax 15.00%	▼
Purchase Tax	Tax 15.00%	▼

☐ **TaxCloud**
Compute tax rates based on U.S. ZIP codes

Rounding Method
How total tax amount is computed in orders and invoices

☒ Round per Line
☐ Round Globally

☐ **EU Digital Goods VAT**
Apply right VAT rates for digital products sold in EU

Create new product

Let's create a new product, the default tax which was applied should be applied on this product.

\$ 0 Sales
 Active

Product Name

Material

☒ Can be Sold
☒ Can be Purchased

General Information
Sales
Invoicing
Notes

Receivables

Customer Taxes Tax 15.00% x

Payables

Vendor Taxes

Create sales order

Let's create a new order and select the same product on the order line, the tax which was set on the products should be applied on the sales order line tax field.

New

Customer

Customer

Expiration Date

Payment Terms

Order Lines
Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
Material	Material	1.000	100.00	Tax 15.00% x	\$ 100.00

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...

Untaxed Amount:	\$ 100.00
Taxes:	\$ 15.00
Total:	\$ 115.00

Now, your salesman do not have to remember that what taxes to be applied on which product.

5.8.3 Manage withholding taxes, ledger and payment to government

A withholding tax, also called a retention tax, it is a government requirement for the payer of a customer invoice to withhold or deduct tax from the payment, and pay that tax to the government. In most jurisdictions, withholding tax applies to employment income.

With normal taxes, the tax is added to the subtotal to give you the total to pay. As opposed to normal taxes, withholding taxes are deducted from the amount to pay, as the tax will be paid by the customer.

As, an example, in Colombia you may have the following vendor bills:

Vendor Bill BILL/2018/0001

Invoice Date:
08/14/2018

Description	Quantity	Unit Price	Taxes	Amount
Consulting Service	10.000	100.00	15.00%, 10%	\$ 1,000.00

Subtotal	\$ 1,000.00
Tax 15%	\$ 150.00
Retention Tax	\$ -100.00
Total	\$ 1,050.00
<i>Paid on 2018-08-14</i>	\$ 1,050.00
Amount Due	\$ 0.00


In this example, the company who sent the invoice was of 1000\$ + 15% Tax the customer has to deduct the 10% tax and pay to the government.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=b23D98Vpf4w>

5.8.4 Define product prices for Business to Customer (tax included)

In most countries, business to customers prices are tax-included. Check **Included in Price** for each of your sales taxes in **Accounting / Configuration / Taxes**.

		 Active	
Tax Name	Tax 15.00% inc.	Tax Scope	Sales
<div>Definition</div> <div>Advanced Options</div>			
Label on Invoices	15.00%	Included in Price	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Tax Group	Tax 15%	Affect Base of Subsequent Taxes	<input type="checkbox"/>
Tags		Tax Adjustment	<input type="checkbox"/>

This way the price set on the product form includes the tax. As an example, let's say you have a product with a sales tax of 10%. The sales price on the product form is \$100.

If the tax is **not included** in the price, you will get:

Price without tax	\$100
Taxes	\$15
Total to pay	\$115

If the tax is **included** in the price:

Price without tax	\$86.96
Taxes	\$13.04
Total to pay	\$100

5.8.5 Manage product prices for B2B (tax excluded) and B2C (tax included)

When working with consumers, prices are usually expressed with taxes included in the price (e.g., in most eCommerce). But, when you work in a business environment, companies usually negotiate prices without taxes.

You can manage both use cases easily, as long as you register your prices on the product with taxes excluded or included, but not both together. If you manage all your prices with tax included (or excluded) only, you can still easily do sales order with a price having taxes excluded (or included): that's easy.

Let's see how you can manage the product pricing for both customer at once. When you have a retailer customer on eCommerce store you can show the price and send the quotation with tax included in price and for same product you can prepare and send the quotation excluded price for back office sales to the business customer.

Configuration

The best way to simplify the price by setting the product price as tax excluded by default, so all the price defined on the product are always tax excluded. The other way will be computed automatically.

Product Price

Make sure that when you define the product price it will always tax excluded, and apply the default tax on the product form.

Active

Product Name

Laptop

☒ Can be Sold
☒ Can be Purchased

General Information

Sales

Invoicing

Notes

Product Type Consumable ▼

Internal Reference E-4325

Barcode

Category All ▼

Sale Price \$1,250.00

Cost \$800.00

Create taxes

Create a different taxes with the same percentage 15%, one define as **Included in Price** and for other one which is tax excluded rename the existing 'Tax 15.00%' to 'Tax 15.00% Exe.'

Taxes

CREATE

IMPORT

Y

Sale or Purchase ✕

≡

Tax Application ✕

Search...

▼ Filters ▼

≡ Group By ▼

★ Favorites ▼

≡

⌵

<input type="checkbox"/>	Tax Name	Tax Scope	Label on Invoices	Active
▶ Purchases (1)				
▼ Sales (2)				
<input type="checkbox"/>	✚ Tax 15.00% Exe.	Sales	15.00%	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	✚ Tax 15.00% Inc.	Sales	15.00%	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Price List

Create a pricelist that have the product price always tax included. So, If you define the product *Laptop* price \$1250 and default tax is 15% define the product price on price list as \$1437.5.

\$ 0 Sales

Active

Product Name

Laptop

Can be Sold

Can be Purchased

General Information

Sales

Invoicing

Notes

Pricing

Pricelist	Price	Min. Quantity	Start Date	End Date
Retail Pricelist (Tax Inc.) (USD)	1,437.00	1		
Standard Pricelist (Tax. exe.) (USD)	1,250.00	1		

Add an item

Create a Fiscal Position

Create a fiscal position that use to swap taxes. When you are selling to wholesale(b2b) customer, the default tax we have applied on the product is always tax excluded but when you sell to retail customer you have to apply the price which is tax included and tax which actually computed the tax included.

Fiscal Position

Retail Customer

Detect Automatically

Active

Tax Mapping

Account Mapping

Tax on Product	Tax to Apply
Tax 15.00% Exe.	Tax 15.00% Inc.

Add an item

Legal Notes...

Create a retail customer (b2c)

There are two important fields has to be set correctly when you create a retail customer, **Sales Pricelist** has to be set to *Retail Pricelist (Tax. Inc.) (USD)* under the **Sales & Purchase** tab.

Contacts & Addresses

Internal Notes

Sales & Purchases

Accounting

Sale

Is a Customer

☒

Salesperson

Sale Pricelist

Retail Pricelist (Tax Inc.) (USD)

Purchase

Is a Vendor

☐

Misc

Internal Reference

Payments

0 Bank account(s)

0 Credit card(s)

The **Fiscal Position** should be set to *Retail Customer* under the **Accounting** and tab.

Contacts & Addresses

Internal Notes

Sales & Purchases

Accounting

Sale

Customer Payment Terms

Purchase

Vendor Payment Terms

Fiscal Information

Fiscal Position

Retail Customer

Accounting Entries

Account Receivable

101200 Account Receivable

Account Payable

111100 Account Payable

Create a normal customer (b2b)

By default all the customer are created are considered as business customers with the default pricelist and tax is applied which is always the tax excluded.

Create a test quotation

Create a quotation from the Sale application, using the Sales / Quotations menu. Select the *Ajay Patel* as a customer, sell *Laptop* product, you should have the following result: 1250€ + 187.50€ = 1437.50€.

SO001

Customer

Ajay Patel

Expiration Date

Pricelist

Retail Pricelist (Tax Inc.) (USD)

Payment Terms

Order Lines

Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
[E-4325] Laptop	[E-4325] Laptop	1.000	1,437.50	Tax 15.00% Inc.	\$ 1,250.00
Add an item					

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...

Untaxed Amount:

\$ 1,250.00

Taxes:

\$ 187.50

Total:

\$ 1,437.50

When you create a quotation for the normal customer which has tax excluded will be looking as below.

S0002

Customer

China Exports

Expiration Date

Pricelist

Payment Terms

Standard Pricelist (Tax. exe.) (USD)

Order Lines

Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
+ [E-4325] Laptop	[E-4325] Laptop	1.000	1,250.00	Tax 15.00% Exe.	\$ 1,250.00
Add an item					

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...

Untaxed Amount:

\$ 1,250.00

Taxes:

\$ 187.50

Total:

\$ 1,437.50

Tip: If you negotiate a contract with a customer, whether you negotiate tax included or tax excluded, you can set the pricelist and the fiscal position on the customer form so that it will be applied automatically at every sale of this customer.

5.8.6 Apply tax based on local or export sales

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RUnVpurD6gQ>

5.9 Credit Notes

5.9.1 Reject customer invoice, which is not issued to customer

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-kG0gjRa1SE>

5.9.2 Modify the confirmed customer invoice

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SfNSZ5UL31E>

5.9.3 Refund a fully paid customer invoice

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xibj9GBkHiE>

5.9.4 Refund the partially paid invoice

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mJCETbbnyvc>

5.9.5 Setup the dedicated credit note or debit note sequence number

Business Case

Let's setup the different sequence for your debit note or credit note and do not use the invoice and vendor bill sequence for credit or debit notes.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=U3m8av1bwDo>

5.10 Bank and Cash

5.10.1 Bank Reconciliation in Odoo

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A-96JQ6B-bI>

5.10.2 Manage the bank reconciliation process

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A-96JQ6B-bI>

5.10.3 Split payment into multiple, allocate to multiple invoices during reconciliation

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=U6RIIdkTl9Ks>

5.10.4 Import bank statement (ofx format) and quick bank reconciliation

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YdbPaP_8yO0

5.10.5 Show a check in customers statement, when it gets clear in bank but not when deposited

Business Case

Assume that customer pay us by check you don't want to update the customer statement until that check gets cleared in the bank. Let's update the customer statement when check gets clear in bank.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oEIPHfsMgco>

5.10.6 Add check bounce charges to customers outstanding, when our bank charge penalty to us

Business Case

Assume that customer pay us by check and that does not clear in bank, instead it goes bounced and our bank charge us penalty. Let's add that check bounce charges to customers statement along with the outstanding amount.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OWHHYQJ2DZY>

5.10.7 Transferring money from bank account to petty cash (Cash withdrawal)

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bNvWbWFNTP8>

5.10.8 Manage batch deposits of checks

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yIIGdN00o2k>

5.10.9 Pay multiple employees salary through bank transit account (Bulk Salary Posting and Payment)

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LSkx13RDBhI>

5.11 Multi Currency

5.11.1 Prepare invoice in foreign currency

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=70-MY4AFCU>

5.11.2 Invoice and payment in foreign currency

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TFmFfv5p1Rs>

5.11.3 Foreign exchange gain or loss entry when invoice and payment in foreign currency

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VNwfB1rPZYc>

5.12 Vendor Bills and Payments

5.12.1 Purchase order to vendor bill, payment through check

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oAFcDFNBkCE>

5.12.2 Register cash sales and expense in account

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m7wjxc3Mbck>

5.12.3 Pay vendor bills by check and print check from Odoo accounting

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Lw4vX1A8tNE>

5.12.4 Pay several vendor bills at once

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1TBV0gUSq84>

5.12.5 Register partial payment while paying to multiple vendor bills

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O51ACPIaiOA>

5.12.6 Forecast future vendor bills to pay

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4bbIW506cM8>

5.12.7 Create single vendor bill from multiple purchase orders

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eVKzzkfZzE0>

5.12.8 Manage advance payment, employee expenses and reconciliation

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t7PS7EOiPLM>

5.13 Analytic Accounting (Cost center)

5.13.1 Compute the profitability for trading company

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xOo7v1ZBr_Q

5.13.2 Compute the profitability for service projects

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XpQ1m8m6d_Q

5.13.3 Profitability based on the service and material (Website development company)

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hUK11bL0OvE>

5.13.4 Compute the profitability for trading company, bulk purchase and retail sales

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eWg4tU-T7Y>

5.14 Manual Inventory Valuation (Anglo-Saxons)

5.14.1 Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using standard costing

The manual inventory valuation method suggest that the valuation of an inventory has to be manage manually in financial accounting. The periodic journal entry has to be passed on regular internal so keep updated the valuation in balance sheet and cost of goods sold in profit and loss account.

On every regular internal an accounting entry has to be passed as below:

Description	Debit	Credit
Inventory Valuation		800
Cost of Goods Sold	800	

To compute the cost of goods sold use the below formula

$$\text{COGS} = \text{Inventory Valuation as per Balance sheet} - \text{Inventory Valuation as per Inventory}$$

Product Cost price

As your inventory costing method is standards, you are allowed to change the cost price of the product, assumed that you increase the cost price.

Tip: Make sure you change the cost price on the product once your valuation is equal for inventory and balance sheet, else you may have a wrong cost of goods sold entry.

When you see a COGS is having a negative value it means that your value of the inventory increased in warehouse this should be reflect in the balance sheet too.

To increase the value in balance sheet you have to pass below journal entry

Description	Debit	Credit
Inventory Valuation	800	
Inventory Valuation Difference		800

Or, when you see a COGS is having a positive value it means that your value of the inventory decreased in warehouse and this should be reflect in the balance sheet too.

To decrease the value in balance sheet you have to pass below journal entry

Description	Debit	Credit
Inventory Valuation		800
Inventory Valuation Difference	800	

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pVsdiEl6OJw>

See also:

- *Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using fifo costing method*
- *Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using average costing method*

5.14.2 Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using fifo costing method

The manual inventory valuation method suggest that the valuation of an inventory has to be manage manually in financial accounting. The periodic journal entry has to be passed on regular internal so keep updated the valuation in balance sheet and cost of goods sold in profit and loss account.

On every regular internal an accounting entry has to be passed as below:

Description	Debit	Credit
Inventory Valuation		800
Cost of Goods Sold	800	

To compute the cost of goods sold use the below formula

COGS = Inventory Valuation as per Balance sheet - Inventory Valuation as per Inventory

Product Cost price

The cost price on the product page always display the cost of last unit sold or consumed or scrapped from the stock. If you change that manually it will not make any changes in the system.

Tip: Hide the product cost field, if all of your products have FIFO as the inventory costing method, even-users will never get confused.

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_TFhth_Uzc4

See also:

- *Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using standard costing*
- *Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using average costing method*

5.14.3 Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using average costing method

The manual inventory valuation method suggest that the valuation of an inventory has to be manage manually in financial accounting. The periodic journal entry has to be passed on regular internal so keep updated the valuation in balance sheet and cost of goods sold in profit and loss account.

On every regular internal an accounting entry has to be passed as below:

Description	Debit	Credit
Inventory Valuation		800
Cost of Goods Sold	800	

To compute the cost of goods sold use the below formula

$$\text{COGS} = \text{Inventory Valuation as per Balance sheet} - \text{Inventory Valuation as per Inventory}$$

Product Cost price

As your inventory costing method is average, you are allowed to change the cost price of the product, assumed that you increase the cost price.

Tip: Make sure you change the cost price on the product once your valuation is equal for inventory and balance sheet, else you may have a wrong cost of goods sold entry.

When you see a COGS is having a negative value it means that your value of the inventory increased in warehouse this should be reflect in the balance sheet too.

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To decrease the value in balance sheet you have to pass below journal entry

Description	Debit	Credit
Inventory Valuation		800
Inventory Valuation Difference	800	

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aHa8jjJsEKA>

See also:

- *Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using standard costing*
- *Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using fifo costing method*

5.15 Automatic Inventory Valuation (Anglo-Saxons)

5.15.1 Automatic cost of cost goods sold when using standard costing method

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ee-fR9o6tSk>

5.15.2 Compute cost of goods sold for a kit product using real price costing

This document is written based on the Odoo 10.0 community edition.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6-KYnZOTO9A>

5.15.3 Compute cost of goods sold for a kit product using standard costing method

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ee-fR9o6tSk>

5.16 Indian Localization

5.16.1 Multiple tax included in price, i.e.Indian GST Tax

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R2XP2t8-g14>

5.16.2 Track tax deduction at source and certificate receivable, (customer invoice)

TDS stands for **Tax Deducted at Source**. It was introduced to collect tax at the source from where an individual's income is generated.

The government uses TDS as a tool to collect tax in order to minimise tax evasion by taxing the income (partially or wholly) at the time it is generated rather than at a later date.

TDS is applicable on the various incomes such as salaries, interest received, commission received, consulting or professional services, job-work, etc.

Read more at: https://www.incometaxindia.gov.in/Pages/Deposit_TDS_TCS.aspx

Business case

The *My Company* is a consulting company selling a professional consulting services their regular customer *China Export*. The customer will deducts the TDS @ 10% rate and make the payment against the bill.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=d9Mx00lHxoU>

5.16.3 Manage tax deduction at source, tax ledger, compute payable and pay through bank (vendor bill)

TDS stands for **Tax Deducted at Source**. It was introduced to collect tax at the source from where an individual's income is generated.

The government uses TDS as a tool to collect tax in order to minimise tax evasion by taxing the income (partially or wholly) at the time it is generated rather than at a later date.

TDS is applicable on the various incomes such as salaries, interest received, commission received, consulting or professional services, job-work, etc.

Read more at: https://www.incometaxindia.gov.in/Pages/Deposit_TDS_TCS.aspx

Business case

The *My Company* gets the professional consulting services from *Ajay Consulting Services* we have to deduct the TDS @ 10% and deposit to the government by the 7th of next month.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wuhBfG2khys>

5.16.4 Manage tax deduction at source (TDS) with accounting entries

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DxJNSjAfJ20>

5.16.5 Adapt date format and currency separator according to Indian Localisation

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4n8CeHHxf5c>

6.1 Setup

6.1.1 Import the opening stock in warehouse

The page explain you the process to import the opening stock when you want to start using an inventory application.

Business case

The *My Company* wants to import the current opening stock into inventory.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9BtcovM4W2A>

6.2 Product & Stock

6.2.1 How to setup a minimum stock rule?

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4oN_81i1Qfs

6.2.2 Compute stock for the kit product based on the component stock

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m7wjxc3Mbck>

6.2.3 Put your products in packs (e.g. parcels, boxes) and deliver them (detailed operation enabled)

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wYXQpOqz0HM>

6.2.4 Sell glass (125ml) of beers and manage the stock of beer bottles (750ml)

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JsmXpeexpNM>

6.2.5 Setup Indent management (internal material request) with Odoo stock application

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4DPjIUSSJFc>

6.2.6 Reserve stock for preferred customer, deliver them when they place an order

Business Case

Some times in business you need to reserver stock for specific product when your preferred customer request, so that you can preserver that stock for preferred customer and should not be assigned to any other customer.

Later when preferred customer place an order you can deliver the products form that reserver stock only or you can actually choose from which stock you would like to make the delivery.

Tip: You can use the same configuration, when you would like to choose the specific stock (lots) irrespective of removal strategy.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wYLSMSQjtr0>

6.3 Delivery Order

6.3.1 How to use different invoice and delivery addresses?

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fHp5-UUpt_U

6.3.2 How to amendment products on delivery order? (Installed only inventory application)

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qakpa5hy83k>

6.4 Incoming Shipment

6.4.1 How to control product received? (Receive entirely & partially)

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tpUsy1XNQak>

6.4.2 How to transfer dairy products to fridge (cold storage) when it arrives to inventory?

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zdybPdzdVNw>

6.5 Inventory Costing

6.5.1 Compute the cost of product (standard price)

Business case

The **My Company** is a distributor of *Laptop*, they purchase a laptop form the default supplier and sell to retail customers, they do not maintain the stock, they always purchase on demand so **Standard pricing** is perfect costing method for them. Some times they benefit or loss if they have stock and product price change as they directly change the product cost price which impact on their inventory value.

Configuration

- Install **Sales Management, Purchase Management & Accounting and Finance** apps
- Create a product *Laptop*
- Set the Internal Category to *All / Saleable*.
- Default costing method on the category is Standard pricing.
- Define *Default Supplier* as a vendor with the cost price of *Laptop*.
- Purchse 2 unit of Laptop at different rate then the Standard price, inventory value will be computed based on the product Standard price field.

Note: This method is less useful in the real-life.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TEH0wOjrRWM>

See also:

- *Compute the cost of product (average costing)*
- *Compute the cost of product (first in first out method)*
- *Compute sell price and margin based on product cost price (AVCO costing method)*

6.5.2 Compute the cost of product (average costing)

The average costing method help you to decide the product sell price, each time you purchase the product new cost will be updated based on the existing stock and purchased stock value.

Business case

The **My Company** is a distributor of *Laptop*, they purchase a laptop form the default supplier and sell to retail customers, there are sometime frequent price change, so **My Company** wants to setup the inventory costing and based on average cost method.

Configuration

- Install **Sales Management, Purchase Management & Accounting and Finance** apps
- Create a product *Laptop*
- Set the Internal Category to *All / Saleable*
- Set **Costing Method** to *Average Cost (AVCO)* on *All / Saleable* category
- Define *Default Supplier* as a vendor with the cost price of *Laptop*.
- Purchase 3 unit of Laptop at different rates, the product will be computed on each reception by doing an average based on the purchase price.

Tip: Assumed that you have a 10 unit of laptop cost of 8500 (the inventory value will be same as the cost), you purchase new 10 laptop at the price of 830 each. The new cost price will be computed by an averga of total cost vs units. $840 = (8500 + 8300) / 20$ (10 existing stock + 10 new purchase)

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QjdRX6EI-4M>

See also:

- *Compute the cost of product (standard price)*
- *Compute the cost of product (first in first out method)*
- *Compute sell price and margin based on product cost price (AVCO costing method)*

6.5.3 Compute the cost of product (first in first out method)

The fifo costing method help you to compute the accurate profit in the profit and loss account based on the all the purchase expense and sell price. You can add the landed cost (the cost of transportation) if you do a real time inventory valuation with fifo costing method. Each time you remove the products from warehouse the cost will be computed on the product **Cost** field

Configuration

- Install **Sales Management, Purchase Management & Accounting and Finance** apps
- Create a product *Laptop*
- Set the Internal Category to *All / Saleable*
- Set **Costing Method** to *Average Cost (AVCO)* on *All / Saleable* category
- Define *Default Supplier* as a vendor with the cost price of *Laptop*.
- Purchase 3 unit of Laptop at different rates, the product will be computed on each reception by doing an average based on the purchase price.

Tip: The FIFO is same as the Real price costing, follows the accounting FIFO and not forcing for warehouse FIFO removal strategy.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a8UXCiETC38>

See also:

- *Compute the cost of product (standard price)*
- *Compute the cost of product (average costing)*
- *Compute sell price and margin based on product cost price (AVCO costing method)*

6.5.4 Compute sell price and margin based on product cost price (AVCO costing method)

The most common business case where you want to decide the sell price based on your cost of of the product purchase price.

Business case

The **My Company** is a distributor of *Laptop*, they purchase a laptop form the default supplier and sell to retail customers, there are sometime frequent price change, so **My Company** wants to setup the inventory costing and based on cost they can define the product they add 35% margin and sell to their customers.

Configuration

- Install **Sales Management, Purchase Management & Accounting and Finance** apps
- Create a product *Laptop*
- Set the Internal Category to *All / Saleable*
- Set **Costing Method** to *Average Cost (AVCO)* on *All / Saleable* category
- Define *Default Supplier* as a vendor with the cost price of *Laptop*.
- Activate the **Multiple Sales Prices per Product** and **Margins** under the Sales / Configuration / Settings.
- Change existing price list *Public Pricelist* and add new pricelist item, they increase the Laptop price by 35%.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SQC26XH-ebQ>

6.6 Inventory Valuation (Anglo-Saxons)

6.6.1 Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using standard costing

The manual inventory valuation method suggest that the valuation of an inventory has to be manage manually in financial accounting. The periodic journal entry has to be passed on regular internal so keep updated the valuation in balance sheet and cost of goods sold in profit and loss account.

On every regular internal an accounting entry has to be passed as below:

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To compute the cost of goods sold use the below formula

$$\text{COGS} = \text{Inventory Valuation as per Balance sheet} - \text{Inventory Valuation as per Inventory}$$

Product Cost price

As your inventory costing method is standards, you are allowed to change the cost price of the product, assumed that you increase the cost price.

Tip: Make sure you change the cost price on the product once your valuation is equal for inventory and balance sheet, else you may have a wrong cost of goods sold entry.

When you see a COGS is having a negative value it means that your value of the inventory increased in warehouse this should be reflect in the balance sheet too.

To increase the value in balance sheet you have to pass below journal entry

Description	Debit	Credit
Inventory Valuation	800	
Inventory Valuation Difference		800

Or, when you see a COGS is having a positive value it means that your value of the inventory decreased in warehouse and this should be reflect in the balance sheet too.

To decrease the value in balance sheet you have to pass below journal entry

Description	Debit	Credit
Inventory Valuation		800
Inventory Valuation Difference	800	

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pVsdiEl6OJw>

See also:

- *Compute the cost of product (standard price)*
- *Compute the cost of product (first in first out method)*
- *Compute sell price and margin based on product cost price (AVCO costing method)*
- *Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using fifo costing method*
- *Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using average costing method*

6.6.2 Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using fifo costing method

The manual inventory valuation method suggest that the valuation of an inventory has to be manage manually in financial accounting. The periodic journal entry has to be passed on regular internal so keep updated the valuation in balance sheet and cost of goods sold in profit and loss account.

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Product Cost price

The cost price on the product page always display the cost of last unit sold or consumed or scrapped from the stock. If you change that manually it will not make any changes in the system.

Tip: Hide the product cost field, if all of your products have FIFO as the inventory costing method, even-users will never get confused.

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_TFhth_Uzc4

See also:

- *Compute the cost of product (standard price)*
- *Compute the cost of product (first in first out method)*
- *Compute sell price and margin based on product cost price (AVCO costing method)*
- *Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using standard costing*
- *Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using average costing method*

6.6.3 Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using average costing method

The manual inventory valuation method suggest that the valuation of an inventory has to be manage manually in financial accounting. The periodic journal entry has to be passed on regular internal so keep updated the valuation in balance sheet and cost of goods sold in profit and loss account.

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Product Cost price

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Video

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See also:

- *Compute the cost of product (standard price)*
- *Compute the cost of product (first in first out method)*
- *Compute sell price and margin based on product cost price (AVCO costing method)*
- *Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using standard costing*
- *Compute the inventory valuation and cost of goods sold using fifo costing method*

6.7 Automatic Inventory Valuation (Anglo-Saxons)

6.7.1 Automatic cost of cost goods sold when using standard costing method

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ee-fR9o6tSk>

6.7.2 Compute cost of goods sold for a kit product using real price costing - Odoo 10.0 community

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6-KYnZOTO9A>

6.7.3 Compute cost of goods sold for a kit product using standard costing method

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ee-fR9o6tSk>

7.1 Request for Quotation

7.1.1 Create a Request for Quotation

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ksSvpBKRoI4>

7.1.2 Create a purchase order when sale order confirms

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=76d-yIrcRKs>

7.1.3 Setup two levels of approval for purchase orders

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=C8wdohr6Z10>

7.1.4 Setup drop-shipping

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=B839OZpB95U>

7.2 Supplier Pricelist

7.2.1 Search by supplier product code or name on the request for quotation

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dBKetExCKNE>

7.3 Purchase Exception

7.3.1 Buy from new supplier when your default supplier reject the order (Drop-ship)

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kGKOb4oW6yU>

7.3.2 Cancel the confirmed purchase order

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rGgoldYzLls>

7.4 Vendor Bills

7.4.1 Control vendor bills, pay vendor bills based on reception

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=d05bZbrc8og>

7.5 Purchase Agreement

7.5.1 Manage bulk purchase through tender process

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1TBV0gUSq84>

7.5.2 Purchase partially from two vendors for the same purchase tender

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=482c0gxqGMs>

7.6 Inventory Costing

7.6.1 Compute the cost of product (standard price)

Business case

The **My Company** is a distributor of *Laptop*, they purchase a laptop form the default supplier and sell to retail customers, they do not maintain the stock, they always purchase on demand so **Standard pricing** is perfect costing method for them. Some times they benefit or loss if they have stock and product price change as they directly change the product cost price which impact on their inventory value.

Configuration

- Install **Sales Management, Purchase Management & Accounting and Finance** apps
- Create a product *Laptop*
- Set the Internal Category to *All / Saleable*.
- Default costing method on the category is Standard pricing.
- Define *Default Supplier* as a vendor with the cost price of *Laptop*.
- Purchase 2 unit of Laptop at different rate then the Standard price, inventory value will be computed based on the product Standard price field.

Note: This method is less useful in the real-life.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TEH0wOjrRWM>

See also:

- *Compute the cost of product (average costing)*
- *Compute the cost of product (first in first out method)*
- *Compute sell price and margin based on product cost price (AVCO costing method)*

7.6.2 Compute the cost of product (average costing)

The average costing method help you to decide the product sell price, each time you purchase the product new cost will be updated based on the existing stock and purchased stock value.

Business case

The **My Company** is a distributor of *Laptop*, they purchase a laptop form the default supplier and sell to retail customers, there are sometime frequent price change, so **My Company** wants to setup the inventory costing and based on average cost method.

Configuration

- Install **Sales Management, Purchase Management & Accounting and Finance** apps
- Create a product *Laptop*
- Set the Internal Category to *All / Saleable*
- Set **Costing Method** to *Average Cost (AVCO)* on *All / Saleable* category
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- Purchase 3 unit of Laptop at different rates, the product will be computed on each reception by doing an average based on the purchase price.

Tip: Assumed that you have a 10 unit of laptop cost of 8500 (the inventory value will be same as the cost), you purchase new 10 laptop at the price of 830 each. The new cost price will be computed by an averga of total cost vs units. $840 = (8500 + 8300) / 20$ (10 existing stock + 10 new purchase)

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See also:

- *Compute the cost of product (standard price)*
- *Compute the cost of product (first in first out method)*
- *Compute sell price and margin based on product cost price (AVCO costing method)*

7.6.3 Compute the cost of product (first in first out method)

The fifo costing method help you to compute the accurate profit in the profit and loss account based on the all the purchase expense and sell price. You can add the landed cost (the cost of transportation) if you do a real time inventory valuation with fifo costing method. Each time you remove the products from warehouse the cost will be computed on the product **Cost** field

Configuration

- Install **Sales Management, Purchase Management & Accounting and Finance** apps
- Create a product *Laptop*
- Set the Internal Category to *All / Saleable*
- Set **Costing Method** to *Average Cost (AVCO)* on *All / Saleable* category
- Define *Default Supplier* as a vendor with the cost price of *Laptop*.
- Purchase 3 unit of Laptop at different rates, the product will be computed on each reception by doing an average based on the purchase price.

Tip: The FIFO is same as the Real price costing, follows the accounting FIFO and not forcing for warehouse FIFO removal strategy.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a8UXCiETC38>

See also:

- *Compute the cost of product (standard price)*
- *Compute the cost of product (average costing)*
- *Compute sell price and margin based on product cost price (AVCO costing method)*

7.6.4 Compute sell price and margin based on product cost price (AVCO costing method)

The most common business case where you want to decide the sell price based on your cost of the product purchase price.

Business case

The **My Company** is a distributor of *Laptop*, they purchase a laptop from the default supplier and sell to retail customers, there are sometime frequent price change, so **My Company** wants to setup the inventory costing and based on cost they can define the product they add 35% margin and sell to their customers.

Configuration

- Install **Sales Management, Purchase Management & Accounting and Finance** apps
- Create a product *Laptop*
- Set the Internal Category to *All / Saleable*
- Set **Costing Method** to *Average Cost (AVCO)* on *All / Saleable* category
- Define *Default Supplier* as a vendor with the cost price of *Laptop*.
- Activate the **Multiple Sales Prices per Product** and **Margins** under the Sales / Configuration / Settings.
- Change existing price list *Public Pricelist* and add new pricelist item, they increase the Laptop price by 35%.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t2P70HKk3rE>

7.7 Advance Topics

7.7.1 Sell or refill the chemical products in container

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MPVaObaqCm4>

8.1 Point of Sale

8.1.1 Use customers on point of sale and access the customer ledger

Registering your customers will give you the ability to grant them various privileges such as discounts, loyalty program, specific communication. It will also be required if they want an invoice and registering them will make any future interaction with them faster.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ev2HnMPqXLs>

8.1.2 Create a customer invoice for selected orders on Point of Sale

Some of your customers might request an invoice when buying from your Point of Sale, you can easily manage it directly from the PoS interface.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tnIvcBZZvCs>

8.1.3 Launch a limited period offers on Point of Sale

Entice your customers and increase your revenue by offering time-limited or seasonal discounts. Odoo has a powerful pricelist feature to support a pricing strategy tailored to your business.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NK4ZDqlq-9Y>

8.1.4 Manage cash round-up or down at Point of Sale cash payment

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c6-hjrvdVZM>

8.1.5 Apply discount on specific product price or on order value

If you seldom use discounts, applying manual discounts might be the easiest solution for your Point of Sale.

You can either apply a discount on the whole order or on specific products.

Business case

The shop *My company* wants to apply the discount for the specific product, or on whole order based on the customer.

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MIpedINE_Qg

8.1.6 Retain your walk-in customers, setup customer retention program (loyalty program)

Encourage your customers to continue to shop at your point of sale with a Loyalty Program.

Business case

The shop *My Company* wants to setup the customer retention program, that offers a 0.25 loyalty point to customer for each 1\$ they spent in the shop.

Customer can later use those point, each point equivalent to 1\$ to pay their bills later. There is no limit on number of points they earn and spent.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8DYbAMS3jno>

8.1.7 Sales return through Point of Sale

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ub3hRhasLtM>

8.2 Session Management

8.2.1 How to print z-report from Odoo point of sale?

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hcAAfo5DwYI>

8.2.2 Print z-report at the end of the day for each terminal separately and grouped

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=42qrXd7JrfE>

8.3 Barcode Scanner

8.3.1 Scan weight of the product through barcode in Point of sale

Point of sale may need to scan the product weight to decide the price. There are multiple ways to get the weight into point of sale, some of them are as below

- You are selling predefined packs (based on weight) of the products, and you want to know which pack has been scanned at the terminal to decide the price. i.e. pack of 250gm, pack of 500gm, pack of 1kg etc.
- You sell the items in loose packaging form, where customer create their own custom pack depending on their need, they do weight and generate the barcode accordingly.
- The third way is more easier to use in real-life but most complex to configure in Odoo, is to attached the weight scale machine to the point of sales terminal.

Business case

The small fruit shop sells the predefined packs of the Apples, they create a packs in advance such as Pack of 250gm, Pack of 500gm or Pack of 1kg. They would like to compute the price of the pack depending on the pack scan at the terminal.

Tip: You can scan **Product price** or **Discount** from the barcode, you need to configure the barcode rules under Nomenclature (i.e. Goto Point of sale session configuration and enable **Barcode Scanner** option)

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=L-kRofdfdLc>

8.3.2 Scan product price through barcode in Point of Sale (Dynamic pricing without pricelist)

The great feature is pricelist can be applied to the point of sale in Odoo. However it is not easy to configure the pricelist for the point of sale, also it increase the size in number of data that load at the point of sale startup.

Odoo point of sale is able to read and understand the barcode well so that, it can fetch the product price from the barcode, and they work well without loading lots of data and defining the complex pricelist rules for the point of sale. You can create a barcode with price in below business scenarios.

- The manufacturer print the barcode with the price, as the price often changes.
- You can create your own barcode as you want to run the promotion schemes until the stock.

Business case

The shop **My Company** wants to run the promotion program on some products, for the limited stock available in the shop.

Configuration

You have to create the barcode rules under the point of sale barcode nomenclature. The default rule is already exist with the name *Price Barcodes 2 Decimals* the **Barcode Pattern** is `23...{NNDD}` it describes that the total size of the barcode is 12 digit.

It start with 23, then 5 digit product code at last it have the 5 digit product price can be configured.

Tip: The barcode on the product has to be configure the 12 digit i.e. 231234500000. keep last 5 digit as 0 as it may different according to the price.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xbPLx-KRh2s>

8.3.3 Scanning manufacturer barcode at Point of Sale (Scan same product for multiple barcodes)

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=E6zum4RCCzw>

8.4 Accounting

8.4.1 How to do credit sale through the point of sale

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zHH1uqCVJEc>

8.4.2 How to pay invoice through wallet in Point of Sale?

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_UVBUlsG3nU

8.4.3 Sales return through Point of Sale terminal, receive product and return cash

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=F1N82xHpC6s>

8.4.4 Sales return through Point of Sale terminal (working with customer invoice and credit note)

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6rrfML6vZfw>

9.1 Project & Task

9.1.1 How to create task from sales order and invoice based on timesheet?

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NTgArime5MI>

9.1.2 Create default stages in the project created through Sales order

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IjfQBadSHs4>

9.1.3 How to gather feedback from customers?

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cBRQ73hEHog>

9.1.4 Create a website development project when customer confirm the project

Business Case

Assume that you sell the projects, you would like to create a new project when your customer pay the payment online.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UWLz9WNTIU8>

9.1.5 Check the profitability for project, compare the sales price vs employee expense

Business Case

Lets' check the project cost vs revenue and decide the profitability of the project.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lrZbfFcfXDY>

9.2 Timesheet

9.2.1 How to record time spent on Task and Project?

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ScMYXe2N004>

9.2.2 Record time spent using Awesome Timesheet - Chrome plugin

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OvLfGJdCPGA>

9.3 Helpdesk

9.3.1 Managing service tickets and service contracts

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4TRq5HeLprk>

9.4 Customer Portal

9.4.1 How to allow the customer to view timesheet on their task and projects?

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cBRQ73hEHog>

10.1 Inventory

10.1.1 How to issue material to factory location to start manufacturing order?

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3MuhLtDM7tM>

10.1.2 Manage stock of liquid products in warehouse (unit vs ml)

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4zIxKotfyw4>

10.1.3 Compute stock for the kit product based on the component stock

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m7wjxc3Mbck>

10.2 By-Products

10.2.1 Wooden, Glass or Plastic sheet consumption during the manufacturing process

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o-aQaXeQe6A>

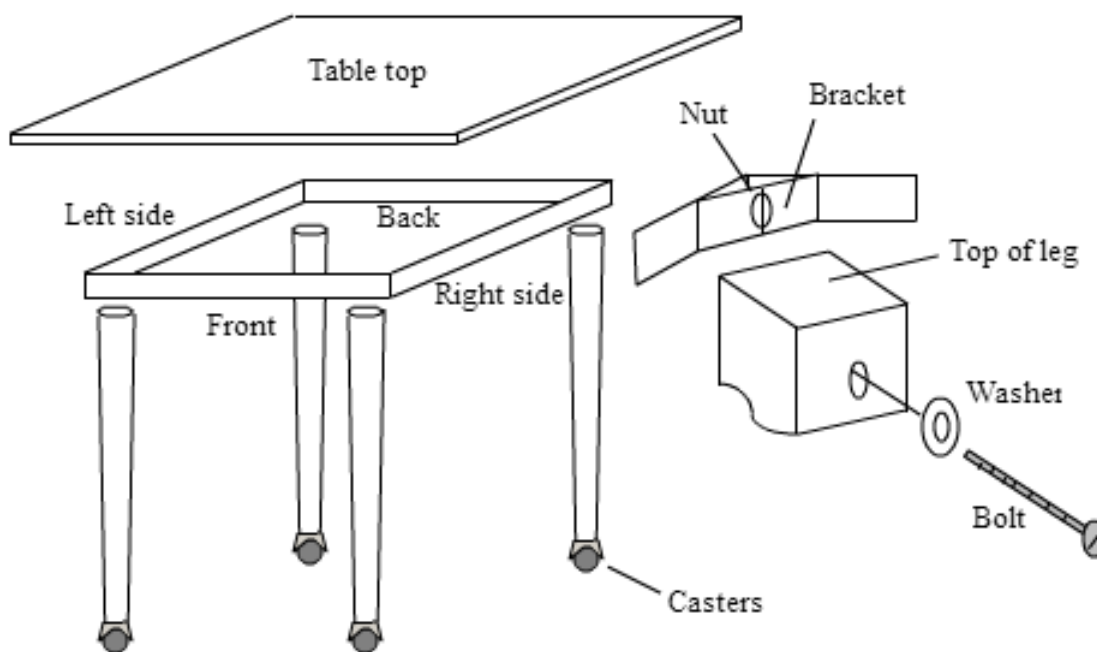
10.3 Subcontracting

10.3.1 Setup subcontracting in manufacturing process

Most manufacturing companies outsource some part of the job contracting work to other manufacturing companies to get the best expertise methodology and resource to produce the world class product (i.e Most reputed companies smart phones are assembled in China is the best example of the subcontracting)

In this document we will show you steps to setup the subcontracting business flow, Issue the raw material to your contractor and get the semi-finished product which will be consumed later to prepare the final product in our factory.

Let's take an example of Table, to produce the table we need 1 table top and table frame, 4 lags and some consumable like bracket and bolt, assumed that table is laminated by third party contractor where we supply wood sheet and lamination sheet to prepare the laminated table top.



Video

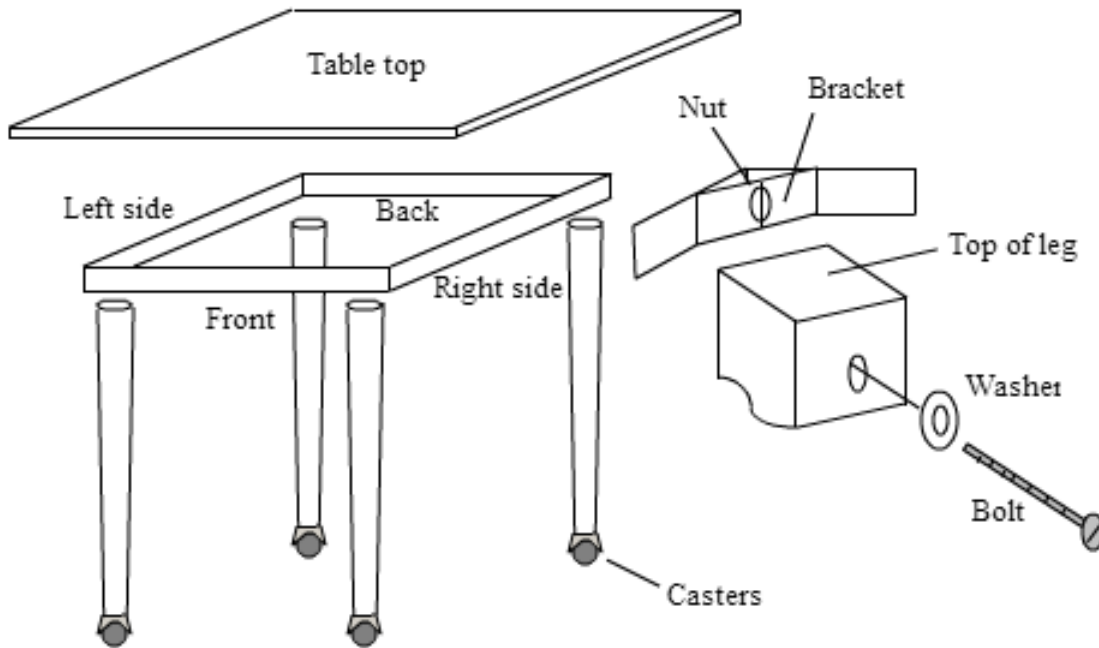
Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1HWLkzYfg3w>

10.3.2 Partial receipt of material and bill from subcontractor

Most manufacturing companies outsource some part of the job contracting work to other manufacturing companies to get the best expertise methodology and resource to produce the world class product (i.e Most reputed companies smart phones are assembled in China is the best example of the subcontracting)

In this document we will show you steps to setup the subcontracting business flow, Issue the raw material to your contractor and get the semi-finished product which will be consumed later to prepare the final product in our factory.

Let's take an example of Table, to produce the table we need 1 table top and table frame, 4 lags and some consumable like bracket and bolt, assumed that table is laminated by third party contractor where we supply wood sheet and lamination sheet to prepare the laminated table top.



Video

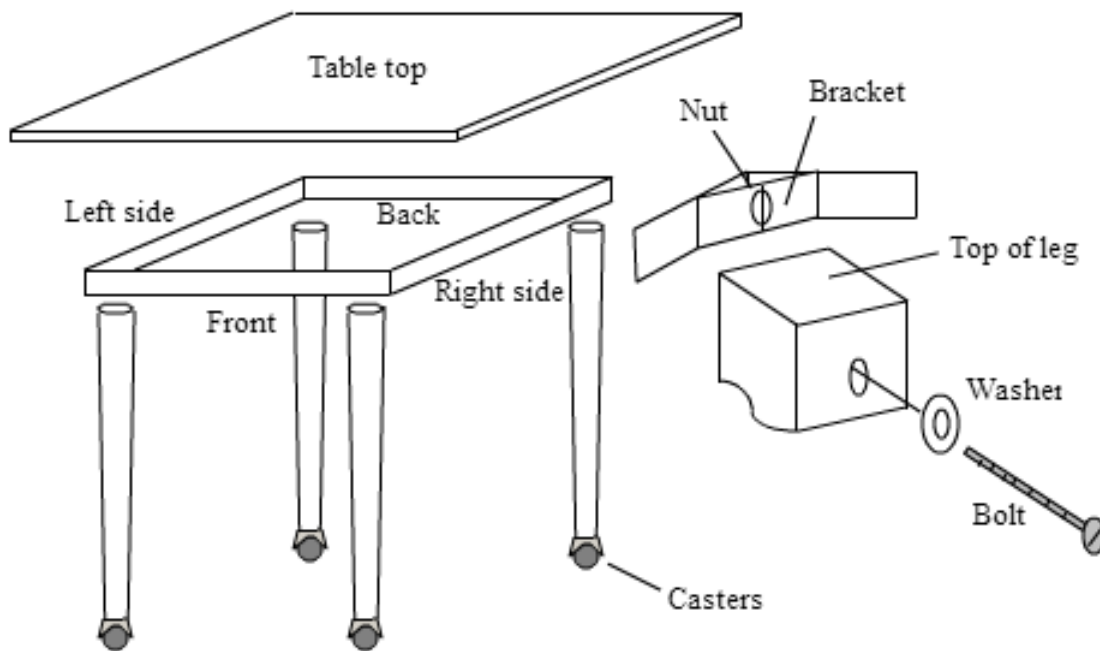
Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8mMYFwCj3Zo>

10.3.3 Flexible MRP flows, procure semi-finish material from subcontract or manufacture or purchase

Most manufacturing companies outsource some part of the job contracting work to other manufacturing companies to get the best expertise methodology and resource to produce the world class product (i.e Most reputed companies smart phones are assembled in China is the best example of the subcontracting)

In this document we will show you steps to setup the subcontracting business flow, Issue the raw material to your contractor and get the semi-finished product which will be consumed later to prepare the final product in our factory.

Let's take an example of Table, to produce the table we need 1 table top and table frame, 4 lags and some consumable like bracket and bolt, assumed that table is laminated by third party contractor where we supply wood sheet and lamination sheet to prepare the laminated table top.



Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=El9BSgSauMU>

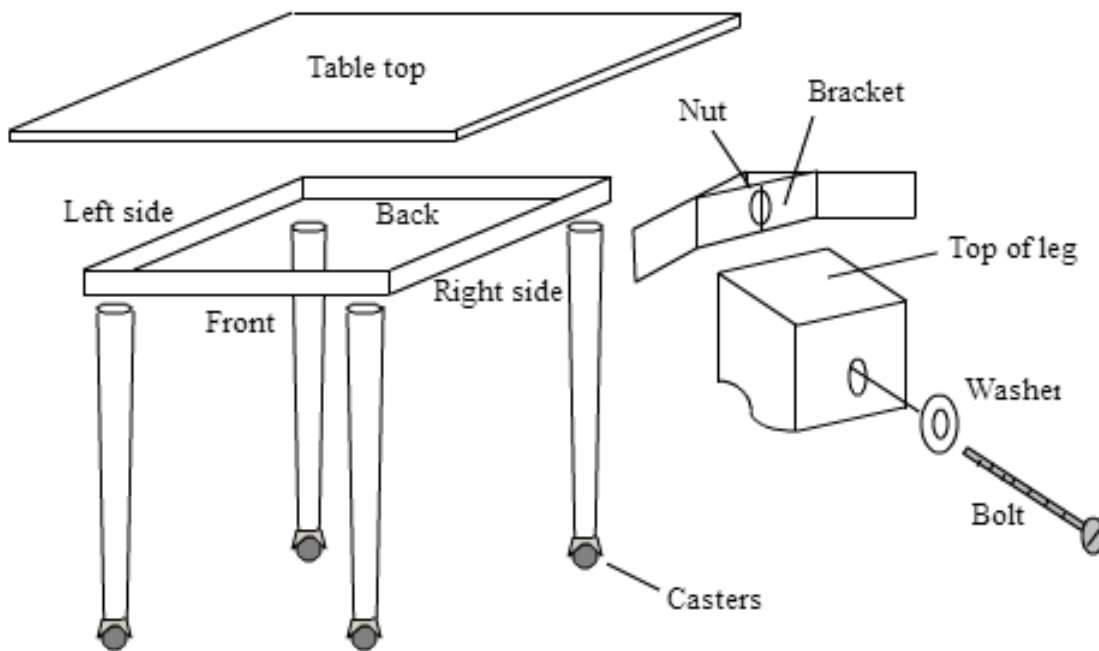
10.3.4 Setup subcontracting in manufacturing process (Dropship Material)

Most manufacturing companies outsource some part of the job contracting work to other manufacturing companies to get the best expertise methodology and resource to produce the world class product (i.e Most reputed companies smart phones are assembled in China is the best example of the subcontracting)

In this document we will show you steps to setup the subcontracting business flow, Issue some raw material to your contractor from your warehouse and some raw material ask your vendor to make the direct delivery to contractor location.

Contractor will produce the semi-finished product which will be consumed later to prepare the final product in our factory.

Let's take an example of Table, to produce the table we need 1 table top and table frame, 4 lags and some consumable like bracket and bolt, assumed that table is laminated by third party contractor where we supply wood sheet and lamination sheet will be supplied by our vendor directly to prepare the laminated table top.



Configuration

Install manufacturing, purchase, inventory applications in order to create the full subcontracting flow.

Create location

By default production is the location where all the manufacturing order processed, all the material issued from stock location to Production location, and once production completed the final product pushed back to the stock location.

We need separate location which is not part of our warehouse, we will call it subcontracting. It will be easy to track the material issued to the subcontractor, also we can define reorder level on that location.

Tip: You can enable the multi location from Inventory / Configuration / Settings, select Storage Locations and apply the setting.

To create the location go to Inventory / Configuration / Location, create an internal location named as Contractor under the WH.

Locations / New

SAVE DISCARD

Current Stock Products Active

Location Name

Contractor

Parent Location

WH

Additional Information

Location Type Internal Location

Owner

Is a Scrap Location?

Is a Return Location?

Localization

Corridor (X) 0

Shelves (Y) 0

Height (Z) 0

Barcode

Logistics

Removal Strategy

Put Away Strategy

Enable routes

Inventory route plays a key role to create the subcontracting flow, using routes we are able make the custom flow for the inventory, like Issue material to contractor and receive finished material form contractor.

To create the custom route go to Inventory / Configuration / Settings and select Multi-Step Routes, Storage Locations will be selected automatically.

Warehouse

☒ **Storage Locations**
Track product location in your warehouse
→ Locations

☐ **Multi-Warehouses**
Manage several warehouses

☒ **Multi-Step Routes**
Use your own routes and putaway strategies
→ Set Warehouse Routes
→ Set Putaway Strategies on Locations

Let's create a two different routes, which can be selectable on the product routes

- Material - select this route on the product which can be issued to the contractor
- Subcontracting - select this route when you want contractor to be product and send it to our warehouse (stock location)

Material Route (Buy and Deliver)

Material route, select Product and Product Category under the Applicable On options.

Route Name

Material (Buy -> Deliver)

Applicable On

Select the places where this route can be selected

Product Categories

☐

Warehouses

☐

Products

☒

Push Rules

Source Location	Destination Location	Operation Name
Add an item		

Procurement Rules

Name	Action	Operation Type
✚ Issue Material	Move From Another Location	My Company: Delivery Orders
Add an item		

Create a Procurement that applied on the Contractor location and ask our Stock location to fulfill the requirement by stock transfer.

Open: Procurement Rules

×

Name

Issue Material

Action

Move From Another Location

Applied On

Procurement Location WH/Contractor

Creates

Source Location WH/Stock

Move Supply Method Take From Stock

Operation Type My Company: Delivery Orders

Partner Address

Delay 2 days

SAVE & CLOSE

SAVE & NEW

DISCARD

Tip: Material Route (Buy and Deliver) route first check the material at WH/Stock location and buy when enough stock is not available.

Material Route (Dropship)

Material route, select Product and Product Category under the Applicable On options.

Material (Dropship)

Applicable On

Select the places where this route can be selected

Product Categories ☐ Warehouses ☐
 Products ☒

Push Rules

Source Location	Destination Location	Operation Name

Procurement Rules

Name	Action	Operation Type
Purchase	Buy	My Company: Direct Delivery

Create a Procurement that perform the Buy operation when stock or product is not available at WH/Contractor location.

Open: Procurement Rules

×

Active

Name

Purchase

Action

Buy

Applied On

Procurement Location

WH/Contractor

Creates

Operation Type

My Company: Direct Delivery

SAVE

DISCARD

Tip: Material Route (Dropship) route first check the material at WH/Stock location and buy when enough stock is not available.

Subcontracting Route

Same way create second route “Subcontracting” that create a manufacturing order at contractor location when we need that semi-finished material in our stock.

Route Name

Subcontracting

Applicable On

Select the places where this route can be selected

Product Categories



Warehouses



Products



Push Rules

Source Location

Destination Location

Operation Name

Add an item

Procurement Rules

Name

Action

Operation Type

+ Subcontracting

Manufacture

My Company: Subcontracting



Add an item

Create a procurement rules that applied on WH/Stock location and ask WH/Contractor location to fulfil by creating a manufacturing order. This configuration will create the manufacturing order at Contractor location and looking for the material at WH/Contractor location and once Tabletop produced it will be pushed to WH/Stock location.

Open: Procurement Rules



Active

Name

Subcontracting

Action

Manufacture



Applied On

Procurement Location

WH/Stock



Creates

Source Location

WH/Contractor



Operation Type

My Company: Subcontracting




SAVE


DISCARD

To separate the contractor’s manufacturing orders from the normal manufacturing orders you should create a new operation type which will be appeared on the warehouse dashboard.

Open: Operation Type ✕


 **Active**


Operation Types Name Subcontracting

Reference Sequence Subcontracting 

Type of Operation Manufacturing Operation ▼

Locations







Default Source Location WH/Contractor 

Default Destination Location WH/Stock 

SAVE
DISCARD


Products

Let's create the Tabletop product and select the correct route on this product, select Subcontracting as this product is manufactured but at contractor location, we just need to supply them wooden and lamination sheet.

\$ Cost Analysis
 0 On Hand
 0 Forecasted
 Product Moves
 2 Reordering Ru...
 1 Bill of Materials
 1 Used In
More ▼

Product Name

Tabletop



☒ Can be Sold
☒ Can be Purchased

General Information
Sales
Purchase
Inventory
Invoicing
Notes

Operations

Routes

☐ Material (Buy -> Deliver)
☐ Material (Dropship)
☒ Subcontracting
☐ Buy
☐ Manufacture
☐ Make To Order


Manufacturing Lead Time 5.00 days

Customer Lead Time 0.00 days

Logistics

Weight 0.00 kg

Volume 0.00 m³

Responsible Administrator 

When you create a Wooden sheet select the Material (Buy -> Deliver) and Buy routes.

20 On Hand 20 Forecasted Product Moves 2 Reordering Rul... 0 Bill of Materials 1 Used In 0 Manufacturing More ▾

Product Name
Wooden sheet

☒ Can be Sold
☒ Can be Purchased

General Information Sales Purchase **Inventory** Invoicing Notes

Operations

Routes

- ☒ Material (Buy -> Deliver)
- ☐ Material (Dropship)
- ☐ Subcontracting
- ☒ Buy
- ☐ Manufacture
- ☐ Make To Order

Manufacturing Lead Time 0.00 days
Customer Lead Time 0.00 days

Logistics

Weight 0.00 kg
Volume 0.00 m³
Responsible Administrator

When you create a Lamination sheet select the Material (Dropship) route.

0 On Hand 0 Forecasted Product Moves 2 Reordering Rul... 0 Bill of Materials 1 Used In 0 Manufacturing More ▾

Product Name
Laminate sheet

☐ Can be Sold
☒ Can be Purchased

General Information Purchase **Inventory** Invoicing Notes

Operations

Routes

- ☐ Material (Buy -> Deliver)
- ☒ Material (Dropship)
- ☐ Subcontracting
- ☐ Buy
- ☐ Manufacture
- ☐ Make To Order

Manufacturing Lead Time 0.00 days
Customer Lead Time 0.00 days

Logistics

Weight 0.00 kg
Volume 0.00 m³
Responsible Administrator

Depending on the product routes will be applied, delivery and purchase order will be create for the Wooden sheet while Lamination sheet will create the purchase order and direct delivery form vendor location.

Note: Define the vendor under the purchase tab and define the re-order level for location WH/Stock and WH/Contractor depending on the needs.

Define the other raw material such as lags, table frame, bracket and bolt as stockable and define respective vendors and re-order level for each products. The bolt can be defined as consumable with the minimum stock level.

Bill of Material

Define two different bill or material one for Tabletop and second for the Table (final product).

Active

Product Tabletop

Reference

Quantity 1.00

BoM Type
☒ Manufacture this product
☐ Kit

Components

Miscellaneous

Product	Product Quantity
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;">+</div> <div>Wooden sheet</div> <div style="margin-left: 10px;"></div> </div>	1.000
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="margin-right: 10px;">+</div> <div>Laminate sheet</div> <div style="margin-left: 10px;"></div> </div>	1.000
Add an item	

Once you define the bill of material for Table it will be looking as below, print the BOM Structure form Print menu on the Table's bill of material.

BOM Structure

BOM Name	Quantity	BOM Ref
Table	1.00	
Tabletop	1.0	
Wooden sheet	1.0	
Laminate sheet	1.0	
Table frame	1.0	
Table lag	4.0	
Bracket	4.0	
Bolt	8.0	

Cost Structure

Make sure that you have configured the correct cost on each product to compute the cost of the finished and semi-finished raw material.

Table

1.0 Unit(s)

Cost Structure

Reference	Raw Materials	Quantity	Unit Cost	Total Cost
	Tabletop	1.000	\$ 80.00	\$ 80.00
	Table frame	1.000	\$ 25.00	\$ 25.00
	Table lag	4.000	\$ 12.00	\$ 48.00
	Bracket	4.000	\$ 4.00	\$ 16.00
	Bolt	8.000	\$ 0.50	\$ 4.00
Total Cost of Components				\$ 173.00

Let's add a new consumable product on the Table top bill of material to include the cost of contractor, I have considered that to produce each table top contractor will charge us \$5 as a service and delivery charges.

I have added that cost to the my Table top bill of material, and cost computed based on the components and service is not \$80.

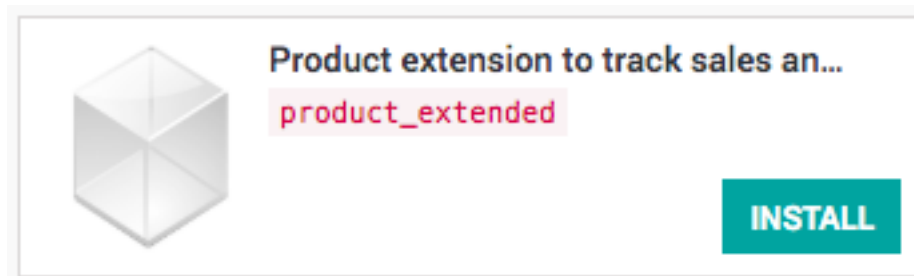
Tabletop

1.0 Unit(s)

Cost Structure

Reference	Raw Materials	Quantity	Unit Cost	Total Cost
	Wooden sheet	1.000	\$ 45.00	\$ 45.00
	Laminate sheet	1.000	\$ 30.00	\$ 30.00
	Contractor cost	1.000	\$ 5.00	\$ 5.00
Total Cost of Components				\$ 80.00

Tip: You can also install the Product extension to track sales and purchases app to compute the cost of the product based on the cost of material consumed.



Reorder Rules

Make sure that you defined the reorder rules for each product respectively to the locations. The reorder rules have to be defined for both WH/Stock and WH/Contractor location.

Reordering Rules						
<input type="checkbox"/> Name		Warehouse	Location	Product	Minimum Quantity	Maximum Quantity
▼ WH/Contractor (3)					0.000	0.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00005	My Company	WH/Contractor	Laminate sheet	0.000	0.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00007	My Company	WH/Contractor	Wooden sheet	0.000	0.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00009	My Company	WH/Contractor	Tabletop	0.000	0.000
▼ WH/Stock (6)					20.000	135.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00001	My Company	WH/Stock	Bracket	20.000	50.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00002	My Company	WH/Stock	Table frame	0.000	5.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00003	My Company	WH/Stock	Table lag	0.000	40.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00004	My Company	WH/Stock	Laminate sheet	0.000	20.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00006	My Company	WH/Stock	Wooden sheet	0.000	20.000
<input type="checkbox"/>	OP/00008	My Company	WH/Stock	Tabletop	0.000	0.000

Run the Scheduler from Inventory application, you should get the first request for quotation under the Purchase application as below.

Request for Quotation
PO00001

Vendor
China Export

Vendor Reference

Order Date
07/04/2018 00:01:23

Source Document
OP/00006, OP/00001, OP/00004, OP/00003, OP/00002

Products
Deliveries & Invoices

Product	Description	Scheduled Date	Quantity	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
✚ Wooden sheet	Wooden sheet	07/05/2018 00:01:23	20.000	45.00		\$ 900.00
✚ Bracket	Bracket	07/05/2018 00:01:23	50.000	4.00		\$ 200.00
✚ Laminate sheet	Laminate sheet	07/05/2018 00:01:23	20.000	30.00		\$ 600.00
✚ Table lag	Table lag	07/05/2018 00:01:23	40.000	12.00		\$ 480.00
✚ Table frame	Table frame	07/05/2018 00:01:23	10.000	25.00		\$ 250.00

Add an item

Define your terms and conditions ...

Untaxed Amount:
\$ 2,430.00

Taxes:
\$ 0.00

Total:
\$ 2,430.00

Confirm the purchase and receive the raw material to have the seamless test for the subcontracting business flow.

Manufacturing order

Everything is setup and now we are ready to test our first manufacturing order that triggers subcontracting flow. Create the manufacturing order for 1 Table, save and check on Check Availability button.

MO/00001

Product
Table

Quantity To Produce
1.000

Bill of Material
Table

Update

Deadline Start
07/03/2018 00:10:05

Responsible
Administrator

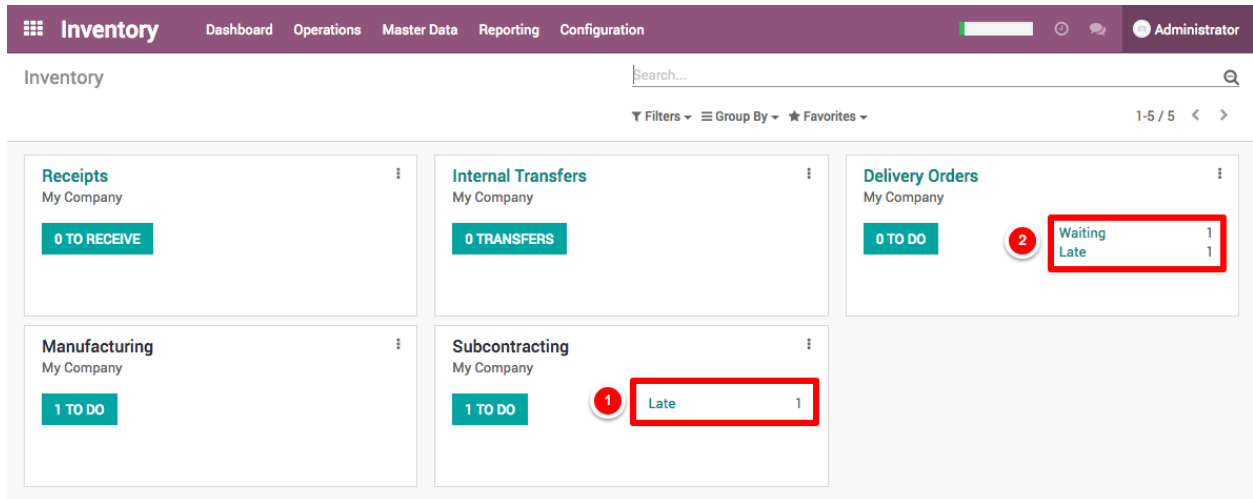
Source

Consumed Materials
Finished Products
Miscellaneous

Product	To Consume	Reserved	Consumed
Tabletop	1.000	0.000	0.000
Table frame	1.000	1.000	0.000
Table lag	4.000	4.000	0.000
Bracket	4.000	4.000	0.000
Bolt	8.000	8.000	0.000

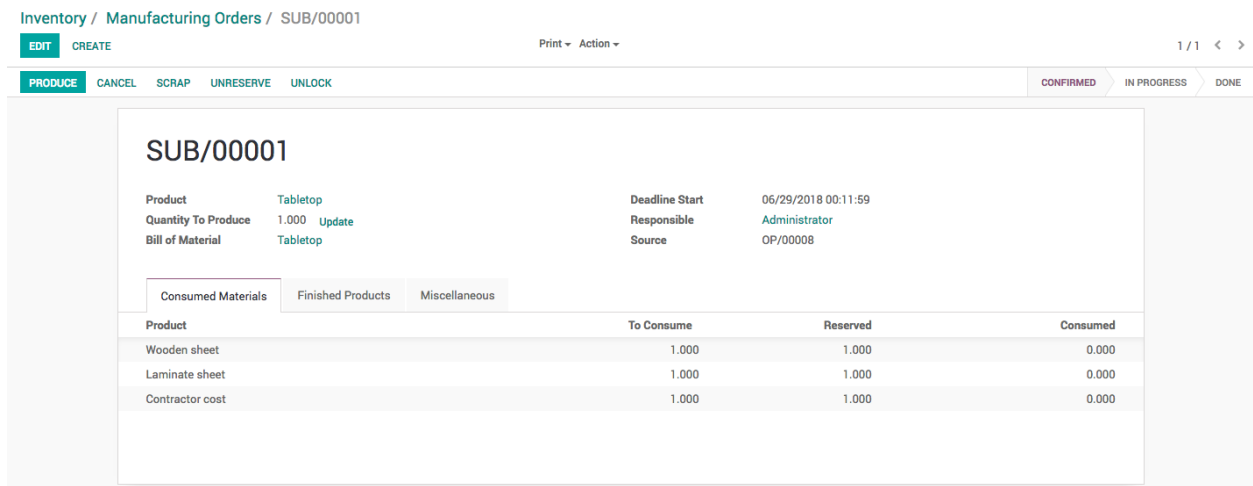
All the material except Tabletop will be marked as available.

Go to Inventory application and run the scheduler 2 times, you will notice after each scheduler run you will see the updates on the dashboard. First time it will create the manufacturing order at Subcontracting options and then delivery order on the Delivery operation.



The screenshot shows the Odoo Inventory dashboard. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'Inventory' selected, and tabs for Dashboard, Operations, Master Data, Reporting, and Configuration. The user is logged in as 'Administrator'. Below the navigation bar, there's a search bar and filters. The main area displays five summary cards: Receipts (0 TO RECEIVE), Internal Transfers (0 TRANSFERS), Delivery Orders (0 TO DO), Manufacturing (1 TO DO), and Subcontracting (1 TO DO). The Delivery Orders card shows a status of 'Waiting' with a count of 1, and the Subcontracting card shows a status of 'Late' with a count of 1. Both status counts are highlighted with red boxes.

Open the delivery order and process it, as soon as you process the manufacturing order at Contractor location will be ready to process.



The screenshot shows the Odoo Manufacturing Order form for 'SUB/00001'. The form includes fields for Product (Tabletop), Quantity To Produce (1.000), Bill of Material (Tabletop), Deadline Start (06/29/2018 00:11:59), Responsible (Administrator), and Source (OP/00008). Below these fields, there's a table with columns: Consumed Materials, Finished Products, Miscellaneous, To Consume, Reserved, and Consumed. The table lists three items: Wooden sheet, Laminate sheet, and Contractor cost, each with a quantity of 1.000 in the 'To Consume' column and 0.000 in the 'Consumed' column.

Process and manufacturing the set it mark as done. When contractor's manufacturing order processed and mark as done, the Tabletop will be marked as received in our warehouse and we are ready to process the order for the Table in our factory.

Manufacturing Orders / MO/00001

EDIT CREATE Print Action

1 / 1 < >

PRODUCE CANCEL SCRAP UNRESERVE UNLOCK CONFIRMED IN PROGRESS DONE

MO/00001

Product Table
Quantity To Produce 1.000 Update
Bill of Material Table

Deadline Start 07/03/2018 00:10:05
Responsible Administrator
Source

Consumed Materials Finished Products Miscellaneous

Product	To Consume	Reserved	Consumed
Tabletop	1.000	1.000	0.000
Table frame	1.000	1.000	0.000
Table lag	4.000	4.000	0.000
Bracket	4.000	4.000	0.000
Bolt	8.000	8.000	0.000

Finally produce the table and set this manufacturing order as done by clicking on the Mark as Done button. Check the inventory level it has be looking as below.

<input type="checkbox"/> Product	Location	Reserved	On Hand
		0.00	130.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Wooden sheet	WH/Stock	0.00	19.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Bracket	WH/Stock	0.00	46.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Laminate sheet	WH/Stock	0.00	19.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Table lag	WH/Stock	0.00	36.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Table frame	WH/Stock	0.00	9.00
<input type="checkbox"/> Table	WH/Stock	0.00	1.00

Contractor Bill

Receive the vendor bill and create it manually.

Video

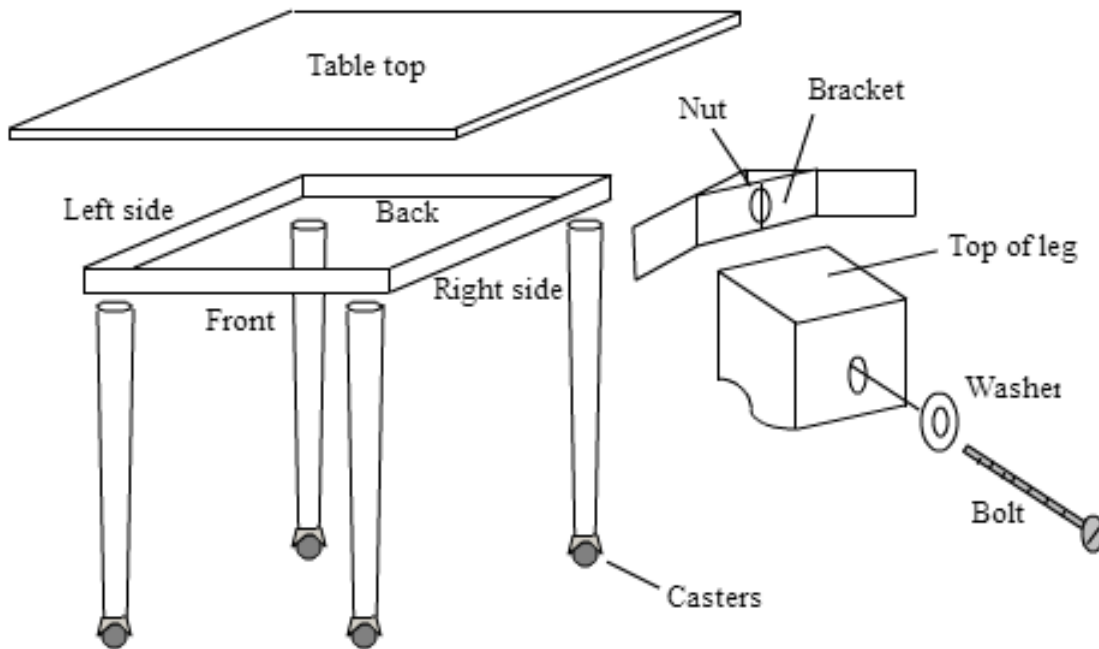
Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=esoHqzckMxI>

10.3.5 Subcontracting process for contractors

Like the we *setup subcontracting in manufacturing process* for companies who outsource the contracting work, the contractor need the setup at other side, he get the requirement form factory to perform the some part of the final product. The outsourcing company send the raw material to build the product and pay for the job work done.

In this document we will show you steps to setup the subcontracting business flow for the contractors, get the raw material to and produce the semi-finished product delivery the product get paid for the job work done.

Let's take an example of Table, to produce the table we need 1 table top and table frame, 4 lags and some consumable like bracket and bolt, assumed that tabletop is laminated by third party contractor by us, we get the wood sheet and lamination sheet to prepare the laminated table top.



Configuration

Install **Sales Management**, **Manufacturing** applications, the **Inventory Management** and **Invoicing** applications will be installed automatically.

Setup Inventory

In order to setup the contractors workflow the multiple warehouse and some custom routes is required, lets enable them from the **Inventory** application. Go to **Inventory / Configuration / Settings** and activate the *Multi-Warehouses* and *Multi-Step Routes* the *Storage Locations* will be selected automatically.

Warehouse

- ☒ **Storage Locations**
Track product location in your warehouse
[→ Locations](#)
- ☒ **Multi-Step Routes**
Use your own routes and putaway strategies
[→ Set Warehouse Routes](#)
[→ Set Putaway Strategies on Locations](#)

- ☒ **Multi-Warehouses**
Manage several warehouses
[→ Warehouses](#)

Create Warehouse

In order to separate the internal and outsource manufacturing orders we need to setup the other warehouse, the default warehouse we will use as an internal and new warehouse we will setup as a **Factory** where we will process all the outsourcing orders.

The screenshot shows the 'Warehouse Configuration' form in Odoo. At the top right, there are buttons for 'Routes' and 'Active'. The 'Warehouse Name' field is set to 'Factory'. Below it, the 'Short Name' is 'FT' and the 'Address' is 'My Company'. The 'Warehouse Configuration' tab is selected, showing options for 'Incoming Shipments', 'Outgoing Shippings', 'Manufacture in this Warehouse', 'Default Resupply Warehouse', and 'Resupply Warehouses'. The 'Manufacture in this Warehouse' checkbox is checked.

You should get the 8 inventory operations on the Inventory dashboard, 4 operations for each warehouse. i.e. *Receipts*, *Internal Transfer*, *Delivery Orders* and *Manufacturing*.

Tip: Make sure that you keep selected for *Manufacture in this Warehouse* field on the warehouse.

Create Material Route

The contractor flow is same as the standard manufacturing process, where we create a manufacturing order and buy the material on demand through purchase process. In this process we have to ask customer who provide us the manufacturing job, the material we will get we do not have to pay for it as it does not come through purchase process.

We will create a new route *Material* which should be selected on the product, which is going to be supplied by the customer along with the contracting order.

Go to *Inventory / Configuration / Routes*, create a new route called *Material*

Active

Route Name

Material

Applicable On

Select the places where this route can be selected

Product Categories

☐

Warehouses

☐

Products

☒

Create a *Procurement Rules* that moves the material from *Vendor Location* to *Factory Stock* location, select *Factory: Receipts* on **Operation Type** as an incoming shipment should be created under that operation.

Open: Procurement Rules

Active

Name

Procure material

Action

Move From Another Location

Applied On

Procurement Location

FT/Stock

Creates

Source Location

Partner Locations/Vendors

Move Supply Method

Take From Stock

Operation Type

Factory: Receipts

Partner Address

Delay

0

days

SAVE & CLOSE

SAVE & NEW

DISCARD

Products

Let's create the *Tabletop* product, it is *Stockable Product* product, select the *Manufacturing* and *Make to Order* routes. The manufacturing order for the tabletop will be created when we have a job order.

0 On Hand	0 Forecasted	Product Moves	0 Reordering Rul...	0 Bill of Materials	0 Manufacturing	Active
-----------	--------------	---------------	---------------------	---------------------	-----------------	--------

Product Name

Tabletop

☒ Can be Sold
☒ Can be Purchased

General Information
Sales
Inventory
Notes

Operations

Routes

☐ Material
☒ Manufacture
☒ Make To Order

Manufacturing Lead Time 5.00 days

Customer Lead Time 7.00 days

Logistics

Weight 0.00 kg

Volume 0.00 m³

Responsible Administrator

The **Sales Price** on the *Tabletop* product is actually the cost of the production and not the cost Tabletop. When we sell the *Tabletop* we actually sell the job work to produce the *Tabletop*.

Note: Set the **Manufacturing Lead Time** to 5 and **Customer Lead Time** to 7. This will used to compute the schedule dates for the manufacturing order, delivery order.

Create a Wooden and Lamination sheet and select the *Material* and *Make to Order* routes on those products.

0 On Hand	0 Forecasted	Product Moves	0 Reordering Rul...	0 Bill of Materials	0 Manufacturing	Active
-----------	--------------	---------------	---------------------	---------------------	-----------------	--------

Product Name

Wooden sheet

☐ Can be Sold
☒ Can be Purchased

General Information
Inventory
Notes

Operations

Routes

☒ Material
☐ Manufacture
☒ Make To Order

Manufacturing Lead Time 0.00 days

Customer Lead Time 0.00 days

Logistics

Weight 0.00 kg

Volume 0.00 m³

Responsible Administrator

Bill of Material

Define the bill or material for *Tabletop*, that consume *Wooden sheet* and *Laminated sheet* as a raw material.

Active

Product Tabletop

Quantity 1.00

Reference Tabletop 8X4 FT*

BoM Type ☒ Manufacture this product ☐ Kit

Components

Miscellaneous

Product	Product Quantity
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> + Wooden sheet 🗑 </div>	1.000
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> + Laminated sheet 🗑 </div>	1.000
Add an item	

During the manufacturing, contractor cares about the cost of the service and resources such as electricity and manpower and machine. Set the cost of the material to 0 and add those cost as a consumable product on the bill of material. At the end of the manufacturing process you will get the exact cost of the job work.

Reorder Rules

We don't need any reorder rules as all the material will be procured on demand from the customer.

Sale Order

Let's assume that we receive the work order to prepare the 10 *Tabletop* form *China Export*.

S0001

Customer China Export

Expiration Date _____

Payment Terms _____

Order Lines

Other Information

Product	Description	Ordered Qty	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
<u>Tabletop</u>	Tabletop	10.000	1.00		\$ 10.00
Add an item					

Setup default terms and conditions in your sales settings ...

Untaxed Amount: \$ 10.00

Taxes: \$ 0.00

Total: \$ 10.00

Tip: You will find two Delivery attached to the Sales order, one is the actual delivery order while second it the incoming shipment which ask for the material to supply form the customer to build the Tabletop.

The *Unit price* is the price for the job work to produce for each table. Make sure that you change the **Warehouse** to *Factory* as we process all the outsourcing work in that warehouse.

S0001

Customer

China Export

Expiration Date

Payment Terms

Order Lines

Other Information

Shipping Information

Warehouse

Factory

Shipping Policy

My Company

Factory

Invoicing

Order Date

07/10/2018 23:12:11

Fiscal Position

Sales Information

Salesperson

Administrator

Sales Channel

Sales

Customer Reference

Confirm the order, it creates the *Delivery Order* and *Manufacturing* order and *Receipts* in the Factory warehouse.

Inventory

Search...

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Receipts

My Company

0 TO RECEIVE

Internal Transfers

My Company

0 TRANSFERS

Delivery Orders

My Company

0 TO DO

Manufacturing

My Company

0 TO DO

Receipts

Factory

1 TO RECEIVE

3

Internal Transfers

Factory

0 TRANSFERS

Delivery Orders

Factory

0 TO DO

1

Waiting

1

Manufacturing

Factory

1 TO DO

2

Waiting

1

Manufacturing Order

The sales order creates the delivery order, that triggers manufacturing order and that triggers reception order. The complete flow is triggered through Make to order route so you have *S0001* in **Source Document** on delivery, manufacturing and incoming shipment.

FT/IN/00001

Partner China Export
 Scheduled Date 07/12/2018 23:17:40

Source Location Partner Locations/Vendors
 Source Document SO001

Operations Additional Info

Product	Initial Demand	Done
Wooden sheet	10.000	0.000
Laminated sheet	10.000	0.000
Add an item		

When you have a multiple orders from different customers, manufacturing orders will be ready to produce only for the customer who supply the material.

MO/00001

Product Tabletop
 Deadline Start 07/12/2018 23:17:40

Quantity To Produce 10.000 [Update](#)
 Responsible Administrator

Bill of Material Tabletop 8X4 FT*: Tabletop
 Source SO001

Consumed Materials Finished Products Miscellaneous

Product	To Consume	Reserved	Consumed
Wooden sheet	10.000	10.000	0.000
Laminated sheet	10.000	10.000	0.000

Let's process the incoming shipment at reception and process the manufacturing order. The delivery order will be ready when manufacturing order completed.

Job work Invoice

You are ready to prepare the send the invoice for the job work once the delivery done. Create an invoice and send it to customer, this is the an invoice for the job work and not for the selling of the Tabletop.

Invoice Number:
INV/2018/0002

Customer	China Export	Invoice Date	07/10/2018
Payment Terms		Due Date	07/10/2018
		Salesperson	Administrator
		Sales Channel	Sales

Invoice Lines

Other Info

Product	Description	Quantity	Unit Price	Taxes	Subtotal
Tabletop	Tabletop	10.000	20.00		\$ 200.00
Add an item					

Untaxed Amount:	\$ 200.00
Tax:	\$ 0.00
Total:	\$ 200.00

Tip: You can set the Invoicing Policy on the Tabletop product that takes care for the invoicing process.

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JPHB5_DiZfI

11.1 Employee

11.1.1 Show organizational chart on employee form

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NpXoieYwb7I>

11.1.2 Managing Employee Leaves

Planning and forecasting tasks and projects required the updated information for the resource availability. Leave management application helps to provide the updated information for employee unavailability. Leave management application in Odoo can be used independent or integrated with Project Forecasting application for the better planning of any long term project.

There are many business cases where tracking of employee leaves are necessary, let's see how Odoo Leaves application will answer all those business cases.

Business case

The types of leave and number of leave available for each leave types are as below in our business case.

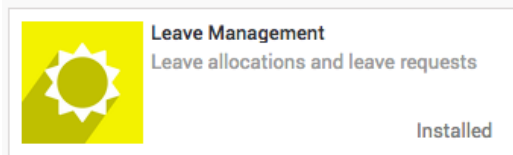
- The leave cycle starts from January 2018
- Working schedule for all the employees are morning 8 am to 5 pm with 1 hour of lunch break
- Full time employees have 12 Legal leaves for the year 2018
- Part time employees have 12 half leaves for the year 2018
- All employees are eligible to get the 6 Sick Leaves during the year 2018, however employees can have more sick leaves if needed with medical certificates

- Employee can have the Compensatory Days off in some cases where employee have worked on off days

Let's configure all the above business cases in Odoo and get the updated leave information for all the employees.

Configuration













Install the Leaves application form Apps menu on your instance, only an Administrator user can perform installation operation.



Make sure that you have a updated leave policy ready, let's take a business case and configure the number of leave available to each employees for each leave types.

Working schedule

As per business case the working schedule for all the employees are morning 8 am to 5 pm with 1 hour of lunch break. To configure the working schedule please goto *Settings* → *Technical* → *Resources* → *Working Time*, create a one if the default working schedule does not meet your requirement.

<div> <div>  Leaves </div> <div>  Work Resources </div> </div>		<h2>Standard 40 Hours/Week</h2>			
<div> <div>Working Hours</div> <div>Global Leaves</div> </div>					
Name	Day of Week	Work from	Work to	Starting Date	End Date
Monday Morning	Monday	08:00	12:00		
Monday Evening	Monday	13:00	17:00		
Tuesday Morning	Tuesday	08:00	12:00		
Tuesday Evening	Tuesday	13:00	17:00		
Wednesday Morning	Wednesday	08:00	12:00		
Wednesday Evening	Wednesday	13:00	17:00		
Thursday Morning	Thursday	08:00	12:00		
Thursday Evening	Thursday	13:00	17:00		
Friday Morning	Friday	08:00	12:00		
Friday Evening	Friday	13:00	17:00		
Add an item					

I have created the Standard 40 Hours/Week schedule, almost all the employees are working under this schedule. Leave the **Starting Date** and **End Date** empty if you would like to use this schedule throughout the year or until the changes required in working time.

Default Working Schedule

This can be set as a default working schedule for every new employee created in the system, goto *Configurations* → *Settings* under the **Employees** application.

Settings

SAVE

DISCARD

Employees

General Settings

Work Organization

Company Working Hours

Set default calendar used to compute time allocation for leaves, timesheets, ...

Standard 40 Hours/Week

Standard 40 Hours/Week

Standard 35 Hours/Week

Standard 38 Hours/Week

Create and Edit...

☐

Show Organizational Chart

Show organizational chart on employee form.

Warning: Changing the **Company Working Hours** will not change the working schedule for the existing employees, the new employees created after the change will have this working schedule as a default.

When you have a new employee joining in the company, the default company working hours will be applied to that employee, however it can be change if required for the specific employees at the time of creation or later.

Active

Name

New Employee

e.g. Part Time

Work Information

Private Information

HR Settings

Contact Information

Work Address

My Company

Work Location

Work Email

Work Mobile

Work Phone

Other Information ...

Position

Department

Job Position

Manager

Coach

Working Hours

Standard 40 Hours/Week

Standard 40 Hours/Week

Standard 35 Hours/Week

Standard 38 Hours/Week

Create and Edit...

Employees number of leaves also required to compute the salary statement for every month so that unpaid leaves can be deducted from the salary.

Tip: The working schedule can be change for specific employees directly on the employee configuration.

Employee Tags

Create an associate employee with tags are an important feature that allows us to automate allocation of leave quickly, the leave can be allocated either by Employee or by Tags, immagin when you have thousand of employees and you have to assign different types of leaves. When you work by Employee it increase a lots of work for the HR office or manager.

Create and assign the tags to the employee carefully, as based on the tags leaves will be allocated. In our business case we will create a **Fulltime** and **Parttime** two different tags to differentiate the employees at the time of leave allocation.

11.1. Employee

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The simplest way to create the tags is directly from the employee form, just type the tag name and choose option to create that tag with Odoo's quick create feature.

Click on Create “Fulltime” link to create and assign created tag to new employee being created.

Note: You can assign multiple tags to the employee that helps you to group the employees and search them quickly when needed.

You can verify the list of employees for the correct assignation of tags from the employee directory. Goto Employees and enter **Fulltime** and search for the Tags.

Make sure that you have verified the list of assigned employee on each tags, fix it before you proceed for the leave allocation.

Leave Types

Default leave types are already given in the Odoo as a standard data, however you can create more if needed according to your business case.

The leave types can be access from *Configuration* menu under the Leaves application.

You can create a new type of change the existing according to the business rules you need. You can change the below fields to adapt your business rules on leave type.

Apply Double Validation: Check this field when you want that the approval of the leave will be done by Department Manager and HR Manager.

Allow to Override Limit: The number of leave are always predefined, however you can allow to request for more leave than the defined/allocated, i.e. sick leaves can be requested more than assigned.

Meeting Type: Once a leave is validated, Odoo will create a meeting of this type on the correspondent calendar.

Color in Report: This color will be used to display the specific types of leave in with color in PDF report.

		Active	
Description Leave Type: Sick Leaves Apply Double Validation: <input type="checkbox"/> Allow to Override Limit: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Options Meeting Type: Employee Leaves Color in Report: Red	

As a business case **Sick Leaves** may extend. So, check **Allow to Override Limit** field on the view.

Leave Allocation

Leaves can allocated by HR Manager or Officer or Department Manager at anytime to employees. The yearly leave allocation will be done by HR Officer or Manager in the beginning of every year while Department Manager can allocate the Compensatory leaves. Let's create the yearly leave allocation.

To assign the leave goto *My Leaves* → *Allocation Request* under the **Leaves** application and click on **CREATE** button.

APPROVE REFUSE		TO SUBMIT TO APPROVE APPROVED	
Description Leave Type: Duration: 0.00 days Add a reason...		Mode: By Employee Employee: Employee Department: Sales	

By default you can assign the leaves to selected employees, employees can also create the allocation request to ask for the compensatory leave, which will be reviewed and approved by Manager or HR Office later.

Leave by Employee Tags

It is advisable to allocate all the yearly leaves to the employees by their tags, it will save lots of time to create many records, each for an individual employee.

Allocation Request / Allocation of Legal Leaves 2018 : 12.00 day(s) To Employee

SAVE

DISCARD

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CONFIRM

TO SUBMIT

TO APPROVE

APPROVED

Allocation of Legal Leaves 2018 : 12.00 day(s) To Employee

Description

12 legal leaves to all employees

Mode

By Employee Tag

Leave Type

Legal Leaves 2018

Employee Tag

Fulltime

Duration

12.00 days

Add a reason...

Select the Leave Type and enter the Duration (duration is always in days). Change the Mode from By Employees to By Employee Tags and select the specific tag in Employee Tag field, it is group of employees to whom we are going to assign the 12 legal leaves.

By default the leave allocation will be in draft, it has to be requested for the approval, click on CONFIRM button to ask for the approval, HR Manager have the rights to approve the allocation request.

As soon as the allocation request approved, Odoo will create an individual leave allocation request for each employee who belongs to selected tag.

Allocation Request

Search...

CREATE

IMPORT

Filters

Group By

Favorites

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<

>

<input type="checkbox"/>	Employee	Allocation Mode	Employee Tag	Leave Type	Description	Allocated Days	Start Date	End Date	Status
<input type="checkbox"/>	Employee	By Employee		Legal Leaves 2018	12 legal leaves to all employees	12.00			Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	Administrator	By Employee		Legal Leaves 2018	12 legal leaves to all employees	12.00			Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>		By Employee Tag	Fulltime	Legal Leaves 2018	12 legal leaves to all employees	12.00			Approved
						36.00			

Compensatory Leaves

Employee can create a leave request manually, enter the appropriate **Description**, **Duration** and select the type *Compensatory Days* in the **Leave Type** field.

Allocation Request / Allocation of Compensatory Days : 1.00 day(s) To Employee

SAVE DISCARD
2 / 2

RESET TO DRAFT
TO SUBMIT TO APPROVE APPROVED

Allocation of Compensatory Days : 1.00 day(s) To Employee

Description Worked on weekend to fix problem 3rd February 2018
Leave Type Compensatory Days
Duration 1.00 days
 Work for a full day at the client location to fix the problem on the server.

As an employee you have already applied, you have to wait for the approval for your department manager or hr manager.

Leave Summary

As soon as the yearly leave allocated, it is advisable for all the employees to check their leave summary for the allocated leaves. Leave summary for an individual employees can be checked from Leaves application, the first screen will be leave summary.

Leaves Summary Current Year My Requests Type Search...

CREATE IMPORT Filters Group By Favorites

<input type="checkbox"/> Employee	Request Type	Description	Number of Days	Start Date	End Date	Leave Type	Status
Legal Leaves 2018 (1)			12.00				
<input type="checkbox"/> Employee	Allocation Request	12 legal leaves to all employees	12.00			Legal Leaves 2018	Approved
Sick Leaves (1)			6.00				
<input type="checkbox"/> Employee	Allocation Request	6 Sick Leaves	6.00			Sick Leaves	Approved
Compensatory Days (1)			1.00				
<input type="checkbox"/> Employee	Allocation Request	Worked on weekend to fix problem 3rd February 2018	1.00			Compensatory Days	To Approve
			19.00				

Employee can see their leaves it can be allocated or requested, whether their status approved or rejected. The actual leaves available to the employees will be displayed on the employees form.


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Leaves Left

Active

Employee

Fulltime



11.2 Employee Expense

11.2.1 Manage advance payment, employee expenses and reconciliation

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t7PS7EOiPLM>

12.1 Website

12.1.1 How to generate leads or opportunities through website contact us page?

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q4FujRKnUHM>

12.2 Products

12.2.1 How to configure product variants that looks perfect on eCommerce page?

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6UkRfAu4xvE>

12.2.2 Ordering products, variant attribute and values on the products page

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0-QgV9H DU6M>

12.3 Delivery Cost

12.3.1 Allow your customer to choose Normal or Express delivery at checkout

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4mqUBAuqO18>

12.3.2 Show delivery methods depending on the customer address

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NlxgevrT9O4>

12.4 Sales and Payment

12.4.1 Sell subscription through eCommerce platform, receive payment through card (auto-debit)

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=P0O6rTA1kec>

12.4.2 Selling subscription plans over an eCommerce platform

Video

Access the video at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=94_8NTgaiHI

12.4.3 Setup Marketplace with Odoo eCommerce

An online marketplace is a website or app that facilitates shopping from many different sources. The operator of the marketplace does not own any inventory, their business is to present other people's inventory to a user and facilitate a transaction. Alibaba and Amazon are the best examples of an online marketplace, they sell everything to everybody. Let's see how you can set up your marketplace with Odoo apps using an out-of-the-box approach.

Business case

Magickart wants to set up its marketplace where all the manufacturers can register their products to sell. The marketplace is targeting both types of customers, businesses, and consumers.

Let's set up the marketplace where consumers can have a seamless buying experience and the complex backend operations become more transparent and clear with the Odoo apps using the out-of-the-box approach.

Product Name	Supplied by Vendor
Infrared Thermometer Gun	Supplier A
New Design Electric Hammer Nail	Supplier B

There are thousands of products listed on the marketplace but for an example, we are going to take two examples, when a customer buys both products they should receive a single invoice and two different deliveries from the respective supplies.

Business Flow Mapping

Let's first understand how the marketplace business works in reality.

Vendors who are interested to sell their products in the market place they register with the market place with their account where they can have access to add or update the product and its details, they can also get the sale orders which are received on the market place along with the delivery address.

The marketplace does the listing of the products on the e-commerce platform, accept the order from customer, process the online payment, and send the delivery address to the vendor.

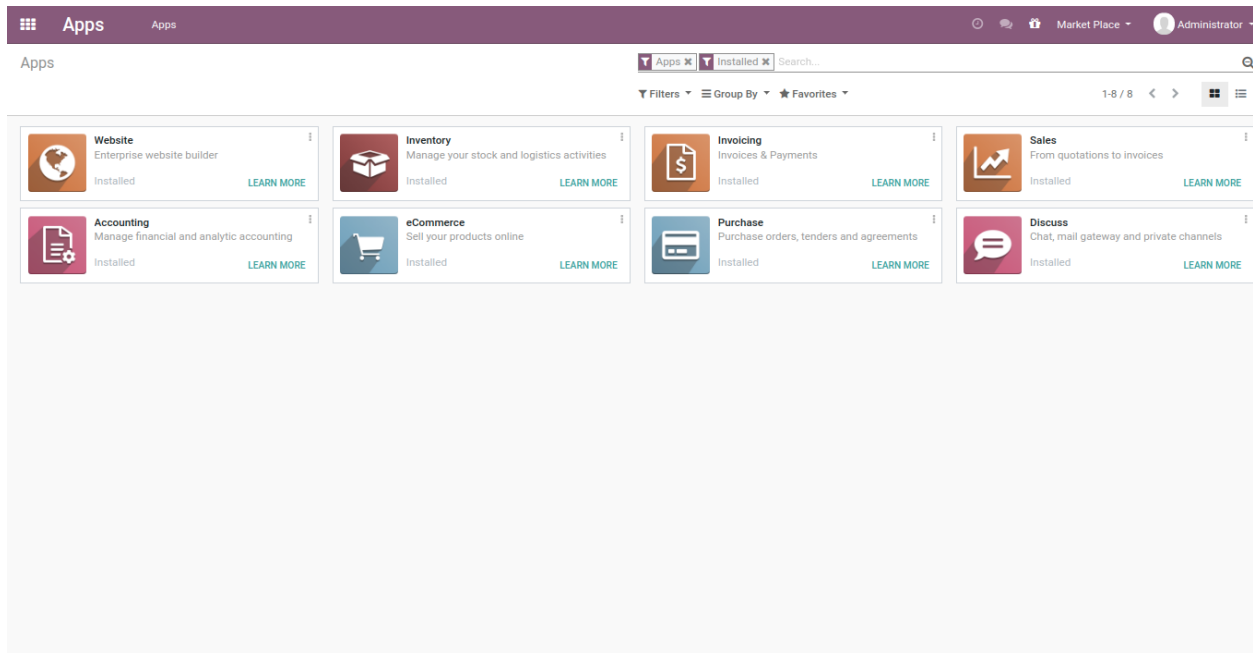
The vendor sends an invoice to the market place and delivery to the end customer, the marketplace later release the payment to the vendor based on the specific intervals based on the payment to each vendor.

So, the marketplace is mainly earning from the commission they received from the product price. Let's take an example vendor add the product at \$100, that is listed on the marketplace at \$125 means they ask a 25% margin on the products.



Apps Installed

The marketplace is buying and selling a business, so we need sales, purchase, and inventory applications as it is web-based so we need an eCommerce application too.



Configuration

The configuration to set up the marketplace in Odoo is tricky, the first configuration is to create the companies required.

Company Name	
Magickart Limited	Change the name of the default company
Supplier A	Create a new new company
Supplier B	Create a new new company

In order to set up the accounting application and load the chart of accounts for each company, please go through the below video and load the chart of accounts for each company.

Video

Setup chart of accounts for multiple companies

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I8ImxGA501k>

Step1 Setup inter-company transactions

Install the inter-company company transaction connector application, search for inter-company, you will get **Inter-Company Module for Sale/Purchase Orders and Invoices**.

Let's set up the inter-company transaction when a purchase order is confirmed in the marketplace company "Magickart" a sales order should be created in the respective vendor company. Please go through the below video to set up and test the inter-company sales and purchase order synchronization.

Video

Inter-company sales and purchase order synchronization

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8J2OfV5i6FM>

Note: If you have any security errors while accessing sales orders please

remove the company from all contacts and try.

Tip: Use Administrator user instead of system user on the inter-company

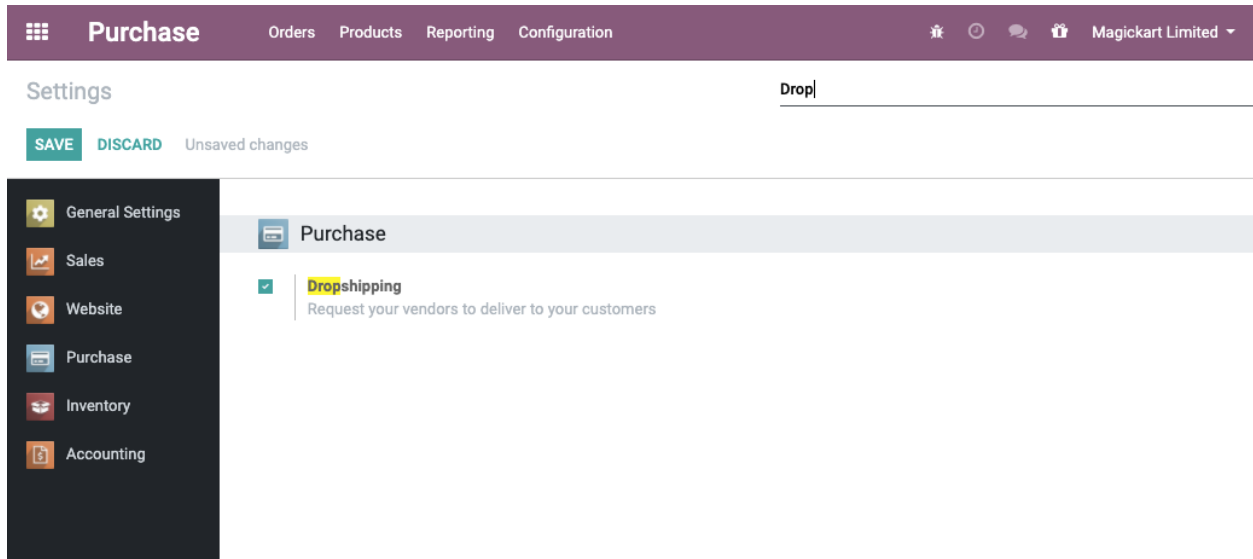
settings.

The screenshot shows the Odoo 13.0 Settings interface. The top navigation bar is purple with the 'Settings' menu and sub-menus: General Settings, Users & Companies, Translations, and Technical. The user is logged in as 'Administrator (marketplace04)'. The breadcrumb trail is 'Companies / Supplier A'. Below the breadcrumb are 'SAVE' and 'DISCARD' buttons. The main content area is titled 'Supplier A' and has a 'General Information' tab selected. The 'Inter-Company Transactions' tab is also visible. Under 'Inter-Company Transactions', the 'Rule' section has three radio buttons: 'Do not synchronize', 'Synchronize invoices/bills', and 'Synchronize sales/purchase orders' (which is selected). To the right of these radio buttons is a blue box with the text: 'Generate a draft purchase/sales order using warehouse Supplier A when a company confirms a sales/purchase order for Supplier A.' Below the 'Rule' section are four fields: 'Apply on' (Sales and Purchase Order), 'Warehouse' (Supplier A), 'Assign to' (System), and 'Automatic Validation' (Administrator). The 'Automatic Validation' field has a dropdown menu with options: 'Administrator', 'Mantavya Gajjar', and 'Create and Edit...'. The 'Warehouse' and 'Assign to' fields have external link icons. The 'Automatic Validation' field has a dropdown arrow.

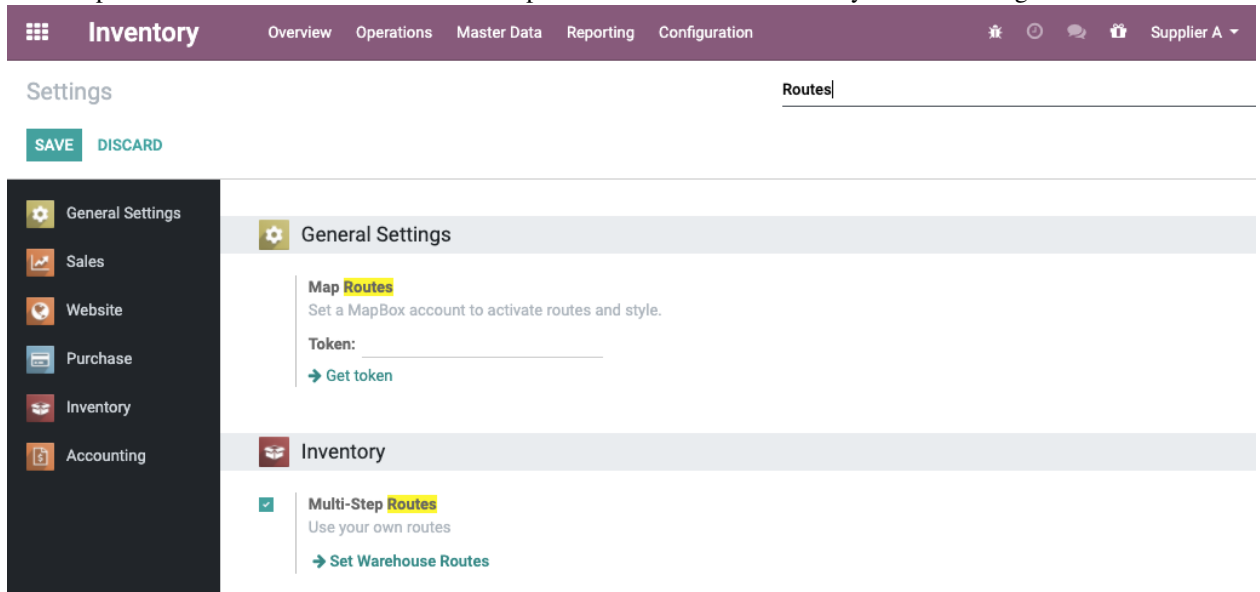
Step2 Setup Dropship route

In this step, we will set up the dropship and some inventory rules.

First, let's activate the Drop shipping from the Purchase → Configuration → Settings look at the below screen.



The next step is to activate the Multi-Step Routes from Inventory → Configuration →



Settings.

Once the feature is activated, goto Inventory → Configuration → Routes, and search for the Dropship route, the company field is empty on that rule, selects the company **Magickart Limited** company on the Dropship route.

Inventory

OverviewOperationsMaster DataReportingConfiguration

Magickart LimitedAdministrator (marketplace01)

Routes / Dropship

SAVEDISCARD

1 / 5

Route

Dropship

Sequence3

CompanyMagickart Limited

Applicable On

Select the places where this route can be selected

Product Categories

Products

Warehouses

Sales Order Lines

Rules

Action	Source Location	Destination Location
Buy	Partner Locations/Vendors	Partner Locations/Customers

Add a line

Step3 Create and configure the product

Create a product, enter the name, and other details such as a Sales Price.

Go to Website

0.000 Units On Hand

0.000 Units Forecasted

Traceability

10.00 Units Sold

0 Reordering R...

Routes

More

Product Name

Infrared Guns GM320 Kitchen Infrared Th

Can be Sold

Can be Purchased

General Information

Sales

eCommerce

Purchase

Inventory

Accounting

Product Type

Storable Product

Sales Price

\$4.47

3 Extra Prices

Product Category

All

Customer Taxes

Tax 15.00%

Internal Reference

TaxCloud Category

Barcode

Cost

\$ 0.00

Update Cost

Company

Unit of Measure

Units

Purchase Unit of Measure

Units

The important details are supplier details, as soon as we (Marketplace) got the order from the customer to whom we should ask to re-supply it. Enter the supplier details, the supplier will be one of the vendors who is supplying the product to the end customer on behalf of Marketplace.

Product Name: Infrared Guns GM320 Kitchen Infrared Thermometer Gun

☒ Can be Sold
☒ Can be Purchased

General Information | Sales | eCommerce | **Purchase** | Inventory | Accounting

Vendor	Company	Quantity	Unit of Measure	Price
Supplier A	Magickart Limited	1.00	Units	2.30

[Add a line](#)

One more important step is to configure the procurement routes.

Inventory | Overview | Operations | Master Data | Reporting | Configuration

Products / Infrared Guns GM320 Kitchen Infrared Thermometer Gun

[SAVE](#) [DISCARD](#)

UPDATE QUANTITY | REPLENISH

Product Name: Infrared Guns GM320 Kitchen Infrared Thermometer Gun

☒ Can be Sold
☒ Can be Purchased

General Information | Sales | eCommerce | Purchase | **Inventory** | Accounting

Operations

Routes

☒ Dropship
☐ Replenish on Order (MTO)
☒ Buy

Customer Lead Time: 0.00 days

Logistics

Weight: 0.00 kg
Volume: 0.00 m³
Responsible: Administrator

Description for Delivery Orders

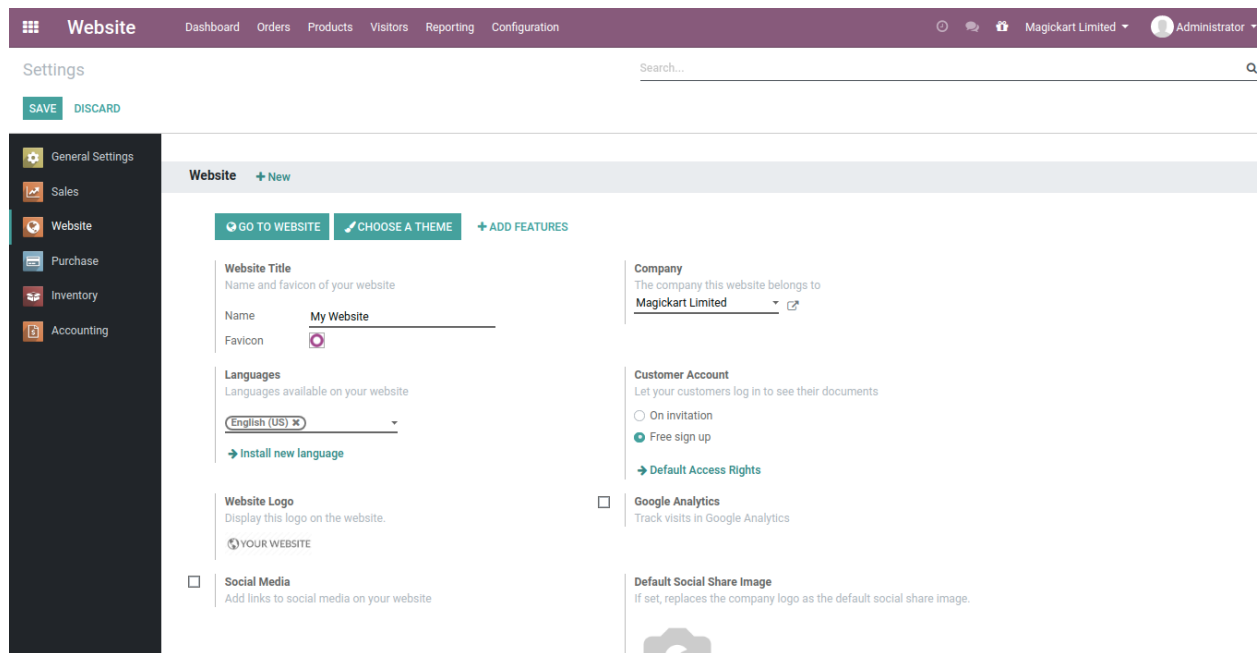
This note is added to delivery orders.

If your step 2 is configured correctly you can see the Dropship route only when you are in a Magickart company.

Tip:: You can create multiple products supplied by the different suppliers, follow the steps 1 and 3.

Step4 Setup website for marketplace

Setup the website for the marketplace company so that customers can signup and place an order to the marketplace company “Magicmart”.



Test Marketplace

Signup on the website (eCommerce), place an order to the marketplace and let's check the backend part. Please go through the below video to see how customers have great experience to checkout the product and check the status of the order, invoice and delivery.

Video

Access the video at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D4EBmOjIS70>

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